




Stepping Motor and Driver Package *αSTEP*

AZ Series/

Motorized actuator equipped the AZ Series

DC power input

-  Built-in controller type
- Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface
- Pulse input type

OPERATING MANUAL Driver



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Thank you for purchasing an Oriental Motor product.
This Manual describes product handling procedures and safety precautions.

- Please read it thoroughly to ensure safe operation.
- Always keep the manual where it is readily available.


1 Introduction

■ Before use

Only qualified personnel should work with the product.

Use the product correctly after thoroughly reading the "2 Safety precautions" on p.5. In addition, be sure to observe the contents described in warning, caution, and note in this manual.

The product described in this manual has been designed and manufactured to be incorporated in general industrial equipment. Do not use for any other purpose. Oriental Motor Co., Ltd. is not responsible for any damage caused through failure to observe this warning.

 This manual, unless otherwise noted, explains using figures of the built-in controller type driver.

■ Operating Manuals for the AZ Series

Operating manuals for the **AZ Series** DC power input type are listed below.

After reading these manuals, keep them in a convenient place so that you can reference them at any time.

The "OPERATING MANUAL Function Edition" does not come with the product. For details, contact your nearest Oriental Motor sales office or download from Oriental Motor website download page.

Type of operating manual	Description of operating manual
OPERATING MANUAL Driver (this document)	This manual explains the functions as well as the installation/connection method and others for the driver.
OPERATING MANUAL Function Edition	This manual explains driver functions, data setting methods, operating methods and others which are not described in the operating manual.

■ General specifications

Degree of protection		IP10
Operation environment	Ambient temperature	0 to +50 °C (+32 to +122 °F) (non-freezing)
	Humidity	85% or less (non-condensing)
	Altitude	Up to 1000 m (3300 ft.) above sea level
	Surrounding atmosphere	No corrosive gas, dust, water or oil
Storage environment, Shipping environment	Ambient temperature	-25 to +70 °C (-13 to +158 °F) (non-freezing)
	Humidity	85% or less (non-condensing)
	Altitude	Up to 3000 m (10000 ft.) above sea level
	Surrounding atmosphere	No corrosive gas, dust, water or oil
Insulation resistance		100 MΩ or more when 500 VDC megger is applied between the following places: · PE terminal - Power supply terminals

■ RS-485 communication specification

Electrical characteristics	Compliant with EIA-485, straight cable Use a shielded twist pair cable (TIA/EIA-568B CAT5e or higher is recommended) and keep the total wiring distance up to 50 m (164 ft.).
Communication mode	Half-duplex communication Asynchronous mode (data: 8 bits, stop bit: 1 bit/2 bits, parity: none/even number/odd number)
Transmission rate	Selectable from 9,600 bps, 19,200 bps, 38,400 bps, 57,600 bps, 115,200 bps, and 230,400 bps
Protocol	Modbus RTU mode
Number of connectable units	Up to 31 units can be connected to one master controller.

■ About terms and units

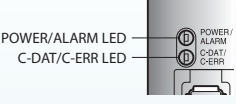
Terms and units to be used vary depending on a motor or motorized actuator. This manual explains by using the terms of the motor. When the motorized actuator is used, read this manual by replacing the terms.

	Motor	Motorized actuator
Term	Torque	Thrust force
	Moment of inertia	Mass
	Rotation	Movement
	CW direction	Forward direction
	CCW direction	Reverse direction
	Rotation speed	Speed
	Resolution	Minimum travel amount
Unit	N·m	N
	kHz/s	m/s ²

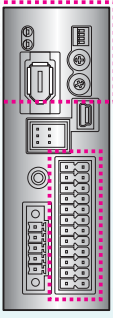
Types and overview of driver

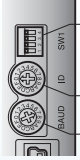
There are 3 types of drivers in the AZ Series as shown below. I/O signals, setting items, and LEDs vary depending on the driver type.

Built-in controller type



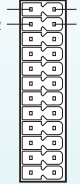
POWER/ALARM LED
C-DAT/C-ERR LED





Function setting switch
• Protocol
• Address number (extended)
Address number
Transmission rate

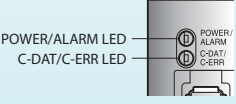
- Operates via industrial network
- Monitors the motor information via a programmable controller or touchscreen
- Operates via RS-485 communication
- Operates via I/O control



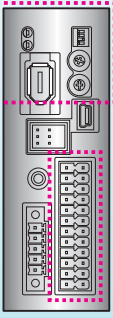
Pin Nos. 1, 2, 13, and 14 are for control input

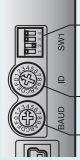
Pin No.1	DINO [START]
Pin No.2	DIN2 [M1]
Pin No.13	DIN1 [M0]
Pin No.14	DIN3 [M2]

Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface



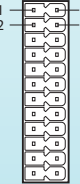
POWER/ALARM LED
C-DAT/C-ERR LED





Function setting switch
• Protocol
• Address number (extended)
Address number
Transmission rate

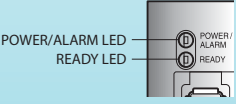
- Operates via industrial network
- Monitors the motor information via a programmable controller or touchscreen
- Operates via RS-485 communication
- Operates via I/O control
- Operates by pulse input



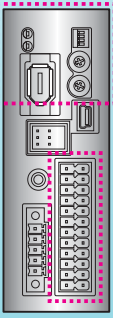
Pin Nos. 1, 2, 13, and 14 are for pulse input

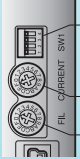
Pin No.1	CW+ [PLS+]
Pin No.2	CCW+ [DIR+]
Pin No.13	CW- [PLS-]
Pin No.14	CCW- [DIR-]

Pulse input type



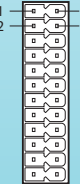
POWER/ALARM LED
READY LED





Function setting switch
• Pulse input mode
• Resolution
Base current rate
Command filter

- Operates by pulse input



Pin Nos. 1, 2, 13, and 14 are for pulse input




Pin No.1	CW+ [PLS+]
Pin No.2	CCW+ [DIR+]
Pin No.13	CW- [PLS-]
Pin No.14	CCW- [DIR-]

4



2 Safety precautions




The precautions described below are intended to prevent danger or injury to the user and other personnel through safe, correct use of the product. Use the product only after carefully reading and fully understanding these instructions.




Description of signs

 Warning	Handling the product without observing the instructions that accompany a "Warning" symbol may result in serious injury or death.
 Caution	Handling the product without observing the instructions that accompany a "Caution" symbol may result in injury or property damage.
 Note	The items under this heading contain important handling instructions that the user should observe to ensure the safe use of the product.

Description of graphic symbols

	Indicates "prohibited" actions that must not be performed.
	Indicates "compulsory" actions that must be performed.

 Warning	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not use the product in explosive or corrosive environments, in the presence of flammable gases, locations subjected to splashing water, or near combustibles. This may cause fire, electric shock or injury. Do not transport, install the product, perform connections or inspections when the power is on. This may cause electric shock. Do not touch the driver while the power is on. This may cause fire or electric shock. Do not forcibly bend, pull or pinch the cable. This may cause fire or electric shock. Do not turn the FREE input to ON while the motor is operating. This may cause injury or damage to equipment. Do not disassemble or modify the product. This may cause injury or damage to equipment.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assign qualified personnel the task of installing, wiring, operating/controlling, inspecting and troubleshooting the product. Failure to do so may result in fire, electric shock, injury or damage to equipment. If this product is used in a vertical application, be sure to provide a measure for the position retention of moving parts. Failure to do so may result in injury or damage to equipment. When the driver generates an alarm (any of the driver's protective functions is triggered), first remove the cause and then clear the protective function. Continuing the operation without removing the cause of the problem may cause malfunction of the motor and driver, leading to injury or damage to equipment. Install the product in an enclosure. Failure to do so may result in electric shock or injury. Keep the driver's input-power voltage within the specified range. Failure to do so may result in fire or electric shock. Since this product is Class I equipment, install it so that people cannot have contact with it, or ground it if people may have contact with it. Failure to do so may result in electric shock. Connect the cables securely according to the wiring diagram. Failure to do so may result in fire or electric shock. Turn off the driver power in the event of a power failure. Failure to do so may result in injury or damage to equipment.

 Caution	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not use the product beyond its specifications. This may cause electric shock, injury or damage to equipment. • Keep your fingers and objects out of the openings in the product. Failure to do so may result in fire, electric shock or injury. • Do not touch the product during operation or immediately after stopping. This may cause a skin burn(s). • Keep the area around the product free of combustible materials. Failure to do so may result in fire or a skin burn(s). • Leave nothing around the product that would obstruct ventilation. Failure to do so may result in damage to equipment. • Do not forcibly bend or pull the cable that was connected to the driver. Doing so may cause damage. • Do not touch the terminals while conducting the insulation resistance test or dielectric strength test. This may cause electric shock.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use a motor and driver only in the specified combination. Failure to do so may result in fire. • Take measures against static electricity when operating the switches of the driver. Failure to do so may result in the driver malfunction or damage to equipment. • For the driver power, use a DC power supply with reinforced insulation on its primary and secondary sides. Failure to do so may result in electric shock. • Before supplying power to the driver, turn all input signals to the driver to OFF. Failure to do so may result in injury or damage to equipment. • Provide an emergency stop device or emergency stop circuit external to the equipment so that the entire equipment will operate safely in the event of a system failure or malfunction. Failure to do so may result in injury. • Before moving the motor directly with the hands, confirm that the FREE input turns ON. Failure to do so may result in injury. • When an abnormal condition has occurred, immediately stop operation and turn off the driver power. Failure to do so may result in fire, electric shock or injury. • To dispose of the product, disassemble it into parts and components as much as possible and dispose of individual parts/components as industrial waste.

3 Precautions for use

This section covers limitations and requirements the user should consider when using the product.

- **Always use the accessory cable to connect the motor and driver.**
- **When conducting the insulation resistance measurement, be sure to separate the connection between the motor and the driver.**

Conducting the insulation resistance measurement with the motor and driver connected may result in damage to the equipment.

- **Saving data to the non-volatile memory**

Do not turn off the power supply while writing the data to the non-volatile memory, and also do not turn off for 5 seconds after the completion of writing the data. Doing so may abort writing the data and cause an EEPROM error alarm to generate. The non-volatile memory can be rewritten approximately 100,000 times.

- **Note on connecting a power supply whose positive terminal is grounded**

The USB communication connector, CN4, CN6 (*) and CN7 (*) connector are not insulated. When grounding the positive terminal of the power supply, do not connect any equipment (PC, etc.) whose negative terminal is grounded. Doing so may cause the driver and this equipment to short, damaging both. When connecting, do not ground equipment.

* Excluding the pulse input type.

4 Regulations and standards

4-1 EU Directive

■ CE Marking

This product is affixed the CE Marking under the EMC Directive.

● Low Voltage Directive

The input power supply voltage of this product is 24 VDC/48 VDC. Therefore this product is not subject to the Low Voltage Directive, but install and connect it as follows.

- This product is designed and manufactured to be incorporated in equipment. Install the product in an enclosure.
- For the driver power supply, use a DC power supply with reinforced insulation on its primary and secondary sides.

● EMC Directive

This product is conducted EMC measurements in accordance with "Example of motor and driver installation and wiring" on p.24. The conformance of your mechanical equipment to the EMC Directive will vary depending on such factors as the control system equipment used with this product, configuration of electrical parts, wiring and layout. It therefore must be verified through conducting EMC measures in a state that all parts including this product have been installed in the equipment.

Applicable Standards

EMI	EN 55011 Group1 Class A EN 61000-6-4
EMS	EN 61000-6-2

Combinations with the motor and driver that can conform to the EMC Directive

Characters that the series name and product type can be discriminated are described in the motor model name. Check the motor model name with the nameplate.

Driver		Motor	
Type	Driver model	Type	Motor model
Built-in controller type	AZD-KD	Standard type Geared type	AZM14□K-□□□□□ AZM15□K-□□□□□ AZM24□K-□□□□□ AZM26□K-□□□□□ AZM46□K-□□□□□ AZM48□K-□□□□□ AZM66□K-□□□□□ AZM69□K-□□□□□
Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface	AZD-KX		
Pulse input type	AZD-K		

4-2 Republic of Korea, Radio Waves Act

Seller and user shall be noticed that this equipment is suitable for electromagnetic equipments for office work (Class A) and it can be used outside home.

이 기기는 업무용 (A급) 전자파적합기기로서 판매자 또는 사용자는 이 점을 주의하시기 바라며, 가정외의 지역에서 사용하는 것을 목적으로 합니다.

4-3 RoHS Directive

The products do not contain the substances exceeding the restriction values of RoHS Directive (2011/65/EU).

5 Preparation

This chapter explains the items you should check, as well as the name and function of each part.

5-1 Checking the product

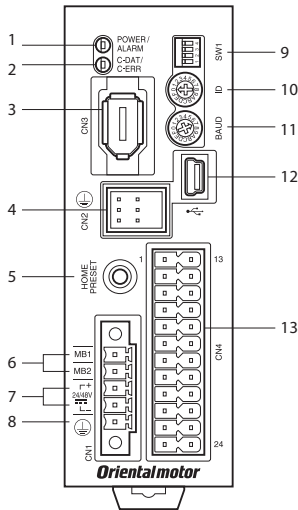
Verify that the items listed below are included. Report any missing or damaged items to the branch or sales office from which you purchased the product.

- Driver 1 unit
- CN1 connector (5 pins) 1 pc.
- CN4 connector (24 pins) 1 pc.
- OPERATING MANUAL Driver 1 copy (this document)

5-2 Names and functions of parts

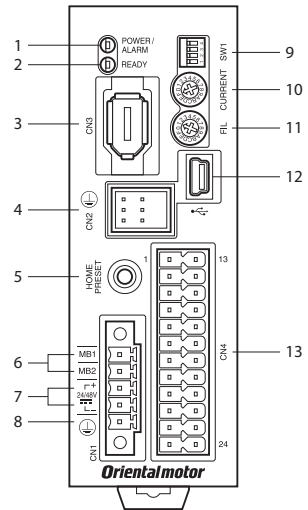
- Built-in controller type
Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface

Front side

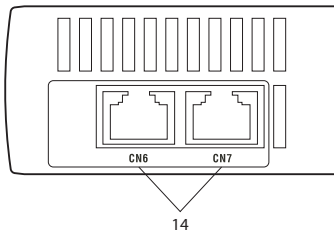


- Pulse input type

Front side






Upper side



■ Connector, terminal

Names, indication, and functions for connectors and terminals are common to all drivers.

The RS-485 communication connectors (CN6 and CN7) are not provided in the pulse input type drivers.

	Name	Display	Description
3	Encoder connector	CN3	Connects the encoder.
4	Motor connector	CN2, 	Connects the motor. (A grounding wire of the motor is also included.)
6	Electromagnetic brake terminals (CN1)	MB1, MB2	Connects the lead wires from the electromagnetic brake. MB1: Electromagnetic brake– (Black) MB2: Electromagnetic brake+ (White)
7	Power supply input terminals (CN1)	+, –	Connects the power supply. +: +24 VDC/48 VDC power supply input –: Power supply ground
8	Protective Earth Terminal (CN1)		Used for grounding via a grounding cable of AWG18 to 16 (0.75 to 1.25 mm ²).
12	USB communication connector		Connects the PC in which the MEXE02 has been installed. (USB2.0 mini-B port)
13	Input/output signals connector	CN4	Connects the input/output signals.
14	RS-485 communication connector	CN6, CN7	Connects the RS-485 communication cable.

■ LED, switch

Names, indication, and functions for LEDs and switches vary depending on the driver type. Check in the table below.

● Built-in controller type, Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface

	Name	Display	Description
1	POWER/ALARM LED (Green/Red)	POWER/ALARM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This LED is lit in green while the power is input. If an alarm (protective function) generates, the LED will blink in red. If an information generates, the LED will blink in red and green simultaneously. (Red and green colors may overlap and it may be visible to orange.)
2	C-DAT/C-ERR LED (Green/Red)	C-DAT/C-ERR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This LED will blink or illuminate in green when the driver is communicating with the master station properly via RS-485 communication. This LED will illuminate in red when a RS-485 communication error occurs with the master station.
5	HOME PRESET switch	HOME PRESET	This switch is used to set the starting position (home position) when performing positioning operation.
9	Function setting switch	SW1	<p>Use this switch when controlling the system via RS-485 communication.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No.1: Using this switch and the address number setting switch (ID), set the address number of RS-485 communication. Factory setting: OFF No.2: Set the protocol of RS-485 communication. Factory setting Built-in controller type: OFF Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface: ON No.3, No.4: Sets the termination resistor (120 Ω) of RS-485 communication. Factory setting: No.3 and No.4: Both OFF
10	Address number setting switch	ID	<p>Use this switch when controlling the system via RS-485 communication.</p> <p>Use this switch and SW1-No.1 of the function setting switch, to set the address number of RS-485 communication.</p> <p>Factory setting Built-in controller type: 0 Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface: 1</p>
11	Transmission rate setting switch	BAUD	<p>Use this switch when controlling the system via RS-485 communication.</p> <p>Set the transmission rate of RS-485 communication.</p> <p>Factory setting Built-in controller type: 7 Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface: 4</p>

● Pulse input type

Name		Display	Description
1	POWER/ALARM LED (Green/Red)	POWER/ALARM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This LED is lit in green while the power is input. • If an alarm (protective function) generates, the LED will blink in red. • If an information generates, the LED will blink in red and green simultaneously. (Red and green colors may overlap and it may be visible to orange.)
2	READY LED (Green)	READY	This LED is lit while the READY output is ON. It is not lit when the READY output is OFF.
5	HOME PRESET switch	HOME PRESET	This switch is used to set the starting position (home position) when performing positioning operation.
9	Function setting switch	SW1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No.1: This switch is used to set the resolution per revolution of the motor output shaft. Factory setting: OFF (1000 p/r) • No.2: This switch is used to toggle between the 1-pulse input mode and 2-pulse input mode. The factory setting of the pulse-input mode depends on the destination country. • No.3, No.4: Not used.
10	Current setting switch	CURRENT	This switch is used to set the base current rate for the operating current and standstill current. Factory setting: F
11	Command filter setting switch	FIL	This switch adjusts the motor response. Factory setting: 1

6 Installation

This chapter explains the installation location and installation method of the driver.

6-1 Location for installation

The driver has been designed and manufactured to be incorporated in equipment. Install it in a well-ventilated location that provides easy access for inspection.

The location must also satisfy the following conditions:

- Inside an enclosure that is installed indoors (provide vent holes)
- Operating ambient temperature 0 to +50 °C (+32 to +122 °F) (non-freezing)
- Operating ambient humidity 85% or less (non-condensing)
- Area that is free of explosive atmosphere or toxic gas (such as sulfuric gas) or liquid
- Area not exposed to direct sun
- Area free of excessive amount of dust, iron particles or the like
- Area not subject to splashing water (rain, water droplets), oil (oil droplets) or other liquids
- Area free of excessive salt
- Area not subject to continuous vibration or excessive shocks
- Area free of excessive electromagnetic noise (from welders, power machinery, etc.)
- Area free of radioactive materials, magnetic fields or vacuum
- 1000 m (3300 ft.) or lower above sea level

6-2 Installation method

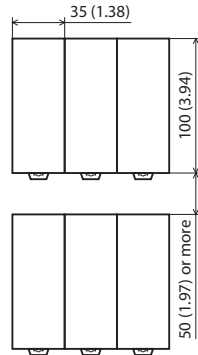
Mount the driver to a 35 mm (1.38 in.) width DIN rail.

When installing two or more drivers in parallel, it is possible to install them closely in the horizontal direction. Provide a minimum clearance of 50 mm (1.97 in.) in the vertical direction.

When installing three or more drivers closely, the heat generation of the inside drivers become high. Install the less frequently used drivers toward the inside. In this case, use the drivers in conditions where an ambient temperature is 0 to +40 °C (+32 to +104 °F) and the standstill current is 50% or less.

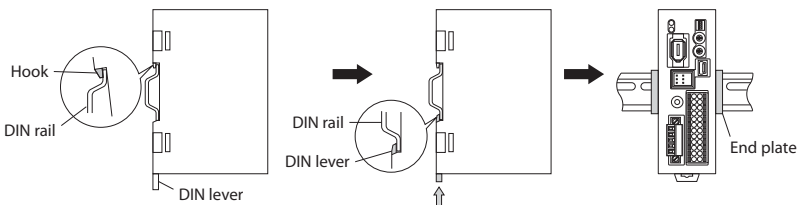


- Install the driver in an enclosure whose pollution degree is 2 or better environment, or whose degree of protection is IP54 minimum.
- Do not install any equipment that generates a large amount of heat or noise near the driver.
- Do not install the driver underneath the controller or other equipment vulnerable to heat.
- If the ambient temperature of the driver exceeds 50 °C (122 °F), improve the ventilation condition such as providing forced cooling by using fans or creating spaces between the drivers.
- Be sure to install the driver vertically (vertical position).



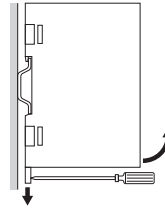
Unit: [mm (in.)]

1. Pull down the DIN lever of the driver and lock it. Hang the hook at the rear to the DIN rail.
2. Hold the driver to the DIN rail, and push up the DIN lever to secure.
3. Secure both sides of the driver using end plates.



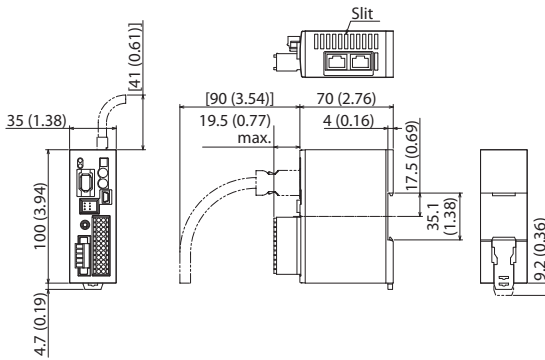
Removing from DIN rail

Pull the DIN lever down until it locks using a flat tip screwdriver, and lift the bottom of the driver to remove it from the rail.
Use force of about 10 to 20 N (2.2 to 4.5 lb.) to pull the DIN lever to lock it.
Excessive force may damage the DIN lever.



Dimension [unit: mm (in.)]

The dimension is common to all drivers.
Mass: 0.15 kg (0.33 lb)

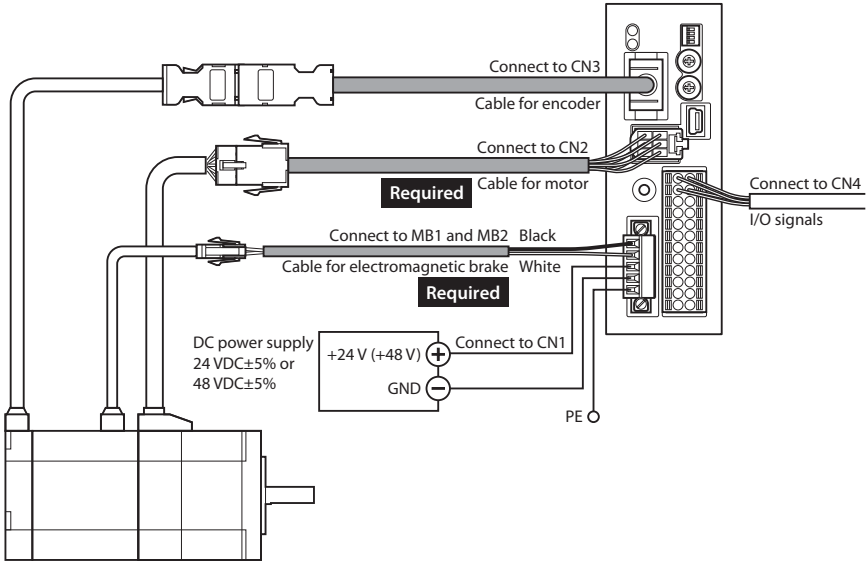


7 Connection

This chapter explains how to connect the motor, power supply and I/O signals to the driver, as well as grounding method.

7-1 Connection method

The following figure shows models for the electromagnetic brake type.



* Cables represented in gray color are accessories. Use the cable for encoder when the length of the encoder cable of motor is not enough.

Note

- Have the connector plugged in securely. Insecure connections may cause malfunction or damage to the motor or driver.
- Do not wire the power supply cable of the driver in the same cable duct with other power lines or motor cables. Doing so may cause malfunction due to noise.
- The lead wires of the "cable for electromagnetic brake" have polarities, so connect them in the correct polarities. If the lead wires are connected with their polarities reversed, the electromagnetic brake will not operate properly.
- Keep 20 m (65.6 ft.) or less for the wiring distance between the motor and driver. To extend more than 20 m (65.6 ft.) may result in the driver heat generation or increase of the electrical noise emitted from the product.

memo

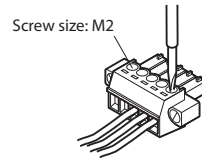
- When plugging/unplugging the connector, turn off the power and wait for the POWER/ALARM LED to turn off before doing so.
- When unplugging the motor cable, do so while pressing the latches on the connector.
- When installing the motor on a moving part, use an accessory flexible cable having excellent flex resistance.

7-2 Connecting the power supply and grounding

Power supply connection terminals and a protective earth terminal are provided in the CN1 connector. The applicable wire size varies between lead wires for a power supply and protective earth. Be sure to use proper lead wires.

■ Wiring the CN1 connector

- Applicable lead wire: For power supply AWG24 to 16 (0.2 to 1.25 mm²)
For grounding AWG18 to 16 (0.75 to 1.25 mm²)
 - Length of the insulation cover which can be peeled: 7 mm (0.28 in.)
1. Strip the insulation cover of the lead wire.
 2. Insert each lead wire into the CN1 connector and tighten the screw.
Tightening torque: 0.22 to 0.25 N·m (31 to 35 oz·in)



■ Power supply current capacity

The current capacity for the power supply varies depending on the motor combined.

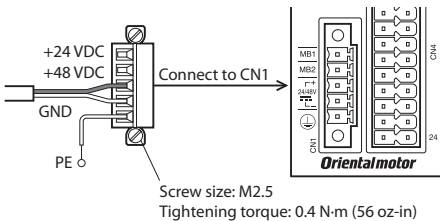
Model	Input power supply voltage	Power supply current capacity
AZ14	24 VDC±5%	0.5 A or more
AZ15		0.6 A or more
AZ24		1.6 A or more
AZ26		1.6 A or more

Model	Input power supply voltage	Power supply current capacity
AZ46	24 VDC±5% 48 VDC±5%	1.8 A or more
AZ48		2.2 A or more
AZ66		3.8 A or more
AZ69		3.7 A or more

■ How to ground

Do not share the grounding wire with a welder or any other power equipment.

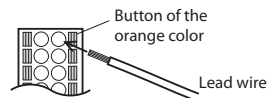
When grounding the Protective Earth Terminal, use a round terminal and secure the grounding point near the driver.



7-3 Connecting the I/O signals

■ Wiring the CN4 connector

- Applicable lead wire: AWG24 to 16 (0.2 to 1.25 mm²)
 - Length of the insulation cover which can be peeled: 10 mm (0.39 in.)
1. Strip the insulation cover of the lead wire.
 2. Insert the lead wire while pushing the button of the orange color with a slotted screwdriver.
 3. After having inserted, release the button to secure the lead wire.



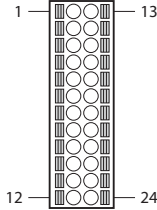
Be certain the I/O signal cable is as short as possible. The maximum input frequency will decrease as the cable length increases.

■ Pin assignment list

● Built-in controller type

Pin No.	Signal name	Description *
1	IN0	Control input 0 (START)
2	IN2	Control input 2 (M1)
3	IN4	Control input 4 (ZHOME)
4	IN6	Control input 6 (STOP)
5	IN-COM [0-7]	IN0 to IN7 input common
6	IN8	Control input 8 (FW-JOG)
7	OUT0	Control output 0 (HOME-END)
8	OUT2	Control output 2 (PLS-RDY)
9	OUT4	Control output 4 (MOVE)
10	OUT-COM	Output common
11	ASG+	A-phase pulse output+
12	BSG+	B-phase pulse output+

*(): Initial value



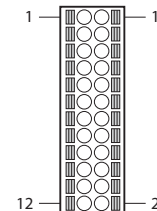
Pin No.	Signal name	Description *
13	IN1	Control input 1 (M0)
14	IN3	Control input 3 (M2)
15	IN5	Control input 5 (FREE)
16	IN7	Control input 7 (ALM-RST)
17	IN-COM [8-9]	IN8, IN9 input common
18	IN9	Control input 9 (RV-JOG)
19	OUT1	Control output 1 (IN-POS)
20	OUT3	Control output 3 (READY)
21	OUT5	Control output 5 (ALM-B)
22	GND	Ground
23	ASG-	A-phase pulse output-
24	BSG-	B-phase pulse output-

*(): Initial value

● Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface, pulse input type

Pin No.	Signal name	Description *
1	CW+ [PLS+]	CW pulse input+ [Pulse input+]
2	CCW+ [DIR+]	CCW pulse input+ [Direction input +]
3	IN4	Control input 4 (ZHOME)
4	IN6	Control input 6 (STOP)
5	IN-COM [4-7]	IN4 to IN7 input common
6	IN8	Control input 8 (FW-JOG)
7	OUT0	Control output 0 (HOME-END)
8	OUT2	Control output 2 (PLS-RDY)
9	OUT4	Control output 4 (MOVE)
10	OUT-COM	Output common
11	ASG+	A-phase pulse output+
12	BSG+	B-phase pulse output+

*(): Initial value



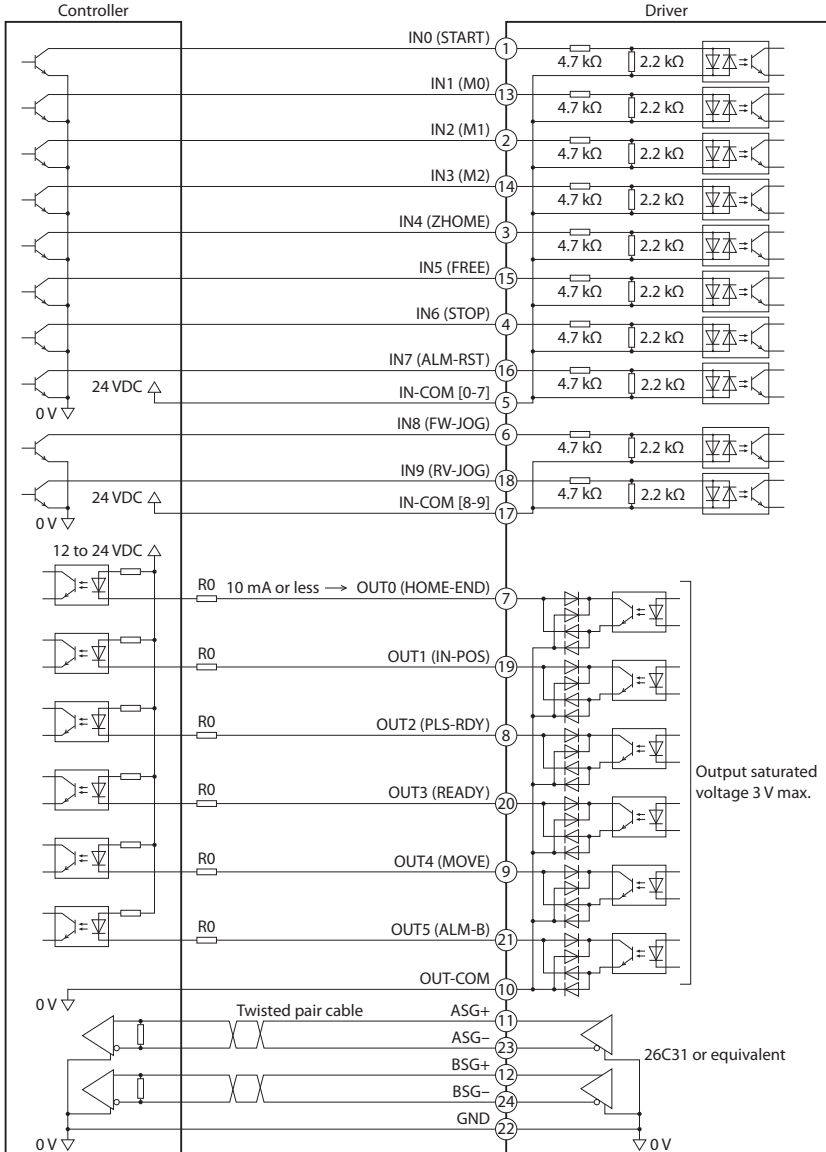
Pin No.	Signal name	Description *
13	CW- [PLS-]	CW pulse input- [Pulse input-]
14	CCW- [DIR-]	CCW pulse input- [Direction input-]
15	IN5	Control input 5 (FREE)
16	IN7	Control input 7 (ALM-RST)
17	IN-COM [8-9]	IN8, IN9 input common
18	IN9	Control input 9 (RV-JOG)
19	OUT1	Control output 1 (IN-POS)
20	OUT3	Control output 3 (READY)
21	OUT5	Control output 5 (ALM-B)
22	GND	Ground
23	ASG-	A-phase pulse output-
24	BSG-	B-phase pulse output-

*(): Initial value

7-4 Connection diagram

■ Connecting to a current sink output circuit

The figure below shows a connection example of the built-in controller type driver. In the case of the pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface and the pulse input type, the pin No.1, No.2, No.13, and No.14 are only available to the pulse input. Refer to p.18 for connection example.



*(): Initial value

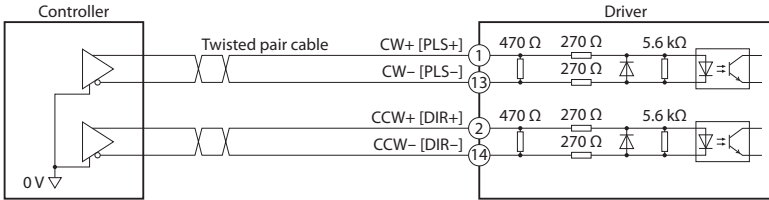


- Use input signals at 24 VDC.
- Use output signals at 12 to 24 VDC, 10 mA or less. If the current exceeds 10 mA, connect an external resistor R0 so that the current becomes 10 mA or less.
- The saturated voltage of the output signal is 3 VDC maximum.

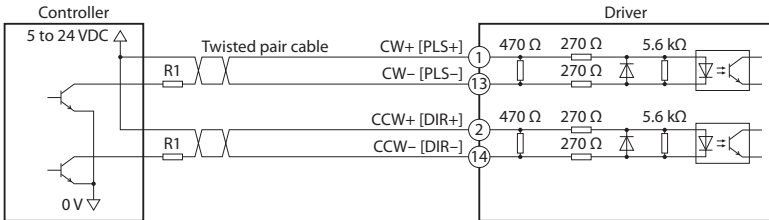
● **Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface, pulse input type**

The pin No.1, No.2, No.13, and No.14 are only available to the pulse input. Other functions cannot be assigned.

When pulse input is of line driver type



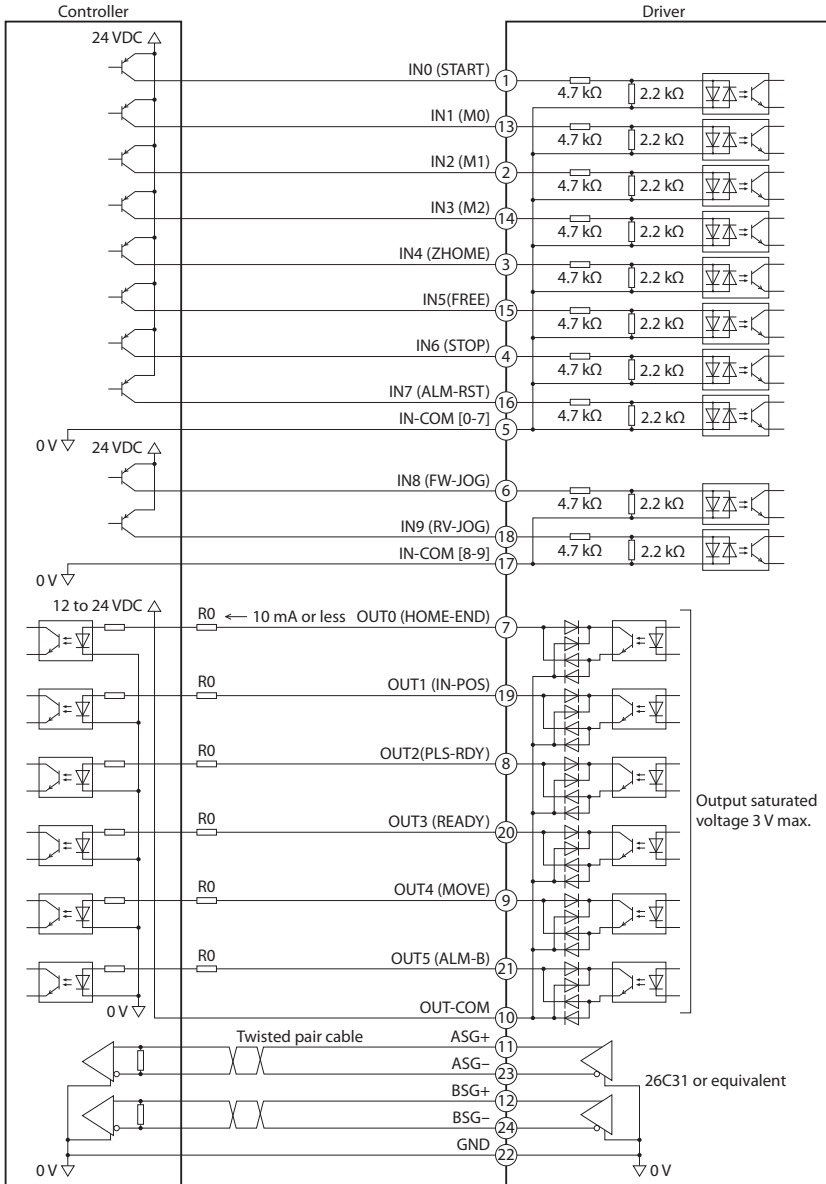
When pulse input is of open-collector type



- Use the CW [PLS] input and CCW [DIR] input at 5 VDC to 24 VDC. When using signals at 24 VDC, connect an external resistor R1 (1.2 kΩ to 2.2 kΩ, 0.5 W or more). When using signals at 5 VDC, apply the voltage directly.

■ Connecting to a current source output circuit

The figure below shows a connection example of the built-in controller type driver. In the case of the pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface and the pulse input type, the pin No.1, No.2, No.13, and No.14 are only available to the pulse input. Refer to p.20 for connection example.



* (): Initial value

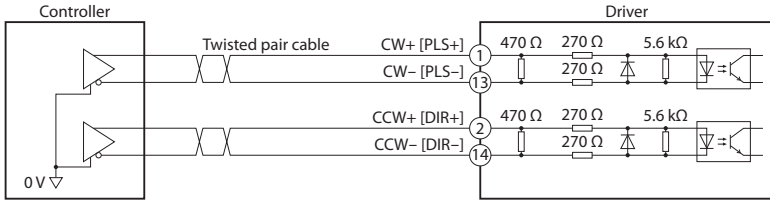


- Use input signals at 24 VDC.
- Use output signals at 12 to 24 VDC, 10 mA or less. If the current exceeds 10 mA, connect an external resistor R0 so that the current becomes 10 mA or less.
- The saturated voltage of the output signal is 3 VDC maximum.

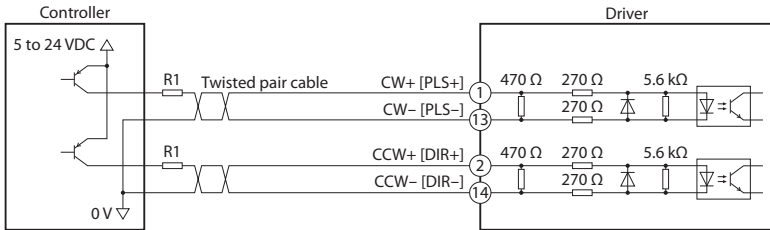
● **Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface, pulse input type**

The pin No.1, No.2, No.13, and No.14 are only available to the pulse input. Other functions cannot be assigned.

When pulse input is of line driver type



When pulse input is of open-collector type

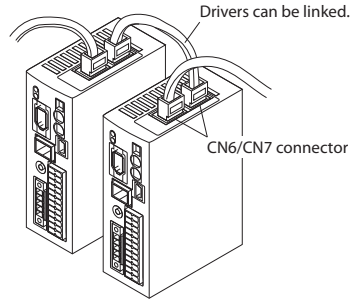


Use the CW [PLS] input and CCW [DIR] input at 5 VDC to 24 VDC. When using signals at 24 VDC, connect an external resistor R1 (1.2 kΩ to 2.2 kΩ, 0.5 W or more). When using signals at 5 VDC, apply the voltage directly.

7-5 Connecting the RS-485 communication cable

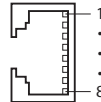
Connect this cable if you want to control your product via RS-485 communication. Connect the RS-485 communication cable to CN6 or CN7 on the driver. You can use the vacant connectors to connect a different driver.

A driver link cable is available as an accessory. A commercially-available LAN cable (shielded straight cable) can also be used to link drivers.

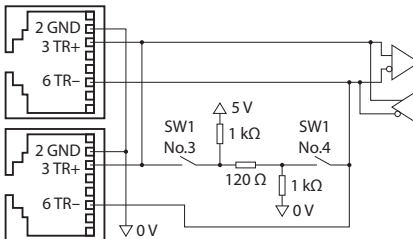


Pin assignment list

Pin No.	Signal name	Description
1	N.C.	Not used
2	GND	GND
3	TR+	RS-485 communication signal (+)
4	N.C.	Not used
5	N.C.	
6	TR-	RS-485 communication signal (-)
7	N.C.	Not used
8	N.C.	



Internal input circuit



7-6 Connecting the USB cable

Using a USB cable of the following specification, connect a PC in which the **MEXE02** has been installed to the USB communication connector.

Specification	USB2.0 (Full Speed)
Cable	Length: 3 m (9.8 ft.) or less Type: A to mini B



- Connect the driver and PC directly using the USB cable.
- In large electrically noisy environments, use the USB cable with a ferrite core or install a ferrite core to the USB cable.

7-7 Noise measures

The electrical noise is of two types: One is a noise to invade into the driver from the outside and cause the driver malfunction, and the other is a noise to emit from the driver and cause peripheral equipments malfunction. For the noise that is invaded from the outside, take measures to prevent the driver malfunction. It is needed to take adequate measures because signal lines are very likely to be affected by the noise. For the noise that is emitted from the driver, take measures to suppress it.

■ Measures against electrical noise

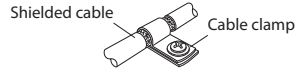
There are the following three methods mainly to take measures against the electrical noise.

● Noise suppression

- When relays or electromagnetic switches are used together with the system, use noise filters and CR circuits to suppress surges generated by them.
- Use an accessory cable when extending a wiring distance between the motor and driver. This is effective in suppressing the electrical noise emitted from the motor.
- Cover the driver by a metal plate such as aluminum. This is effective in shielding the electrical noise emitted from the driver.

● Prevention of noise propagation

- Connect a noise filter on the input side of the DC power supply.
- Place the power lines, such as the motor and power supply cables, keeping a distance of 200 mm (7.87 in.) or more from the signal lines, and also do not bundle them or wire them in parallel. If the power cables and signal cables have to cross, cross them at a right angle.
- Use shielded cables of AWG24 to 16 (0.2 to 1.25 mm²) for power lines and signal lines.
- Keep cables as short as possible without coiling and bundling extra lengths.
- When grounding PE terminals of multiple drivers to a grounding point, it becomes more effective to block the electrical noise since impedance on the grounding point is decreased. However, ground them so that a potential difference does not occur among the grounding points. An accessory driver cable including with a ground wire is available.
- To ground a shielded cable, use a metal cable clamp that will maintain contact with the entire circumference of the cable. Ground the cable clamp near the product.



● Suppression of effect by noise propagation

- Loop the noise propagated cable around a ferrite core. Doing so will prevent the propagated noise invades into the driver or emits from the driver. The frequency band in which an effect by the ferrite core can be seen is generally 1 MHz or more. Check the frequency characteristics of the ferrite core used. To increase the effect of noise attenuation by the ferrite core, loop the cable a lot.
- Change the transmission method of the pulse signal to the line driver type in order to prevent noise effects. When the pulse signal of the controller is the open collector type, use an accessory pulse signal converter for noise immunity.

■ Noise suppression parts

● Noise filter

- Connect the following noise filter (or equivalent) on the input side of the DC power supply. When a power supply transformer is used, be sure to connect a noise filter on the AC input side of the power supply transformer. Doing so will prevent the propagated noise through the power line. Install the noise filter as close to the input terminals of DC power supply as possible.

Manufacture	Model
SOSHIN ELECTRIC CO.,LTD	HF2010A-UPF
Schaffner EMC	FN2070-10-06

- Use the AWG18 (0.75 mm²) or thicker wire for the input and output cables of the noise filter, and secure firmly using a cable clamp etc. so that the cable does not come off the enclosure.
- Place the input cable as far apart as possible from the output cable, and do not wire the cables in parallel. If the input and output cable are placed at a close distance or if they are wired in parallel, the noise in the enclosure affects the power cable through stray capacitance, and the noise suppressing effect will reduce.
- Connect the ground terminal of the noise filter to the grounding point, using as thick and short a wire as possible.
- When connecting a noise filter in an enclosure, wire the input cable of the noise filter as short as possible. Wiring in long distance may reduce the noise suppressing effect.

■ Noise suppression parts (accessories)

Refer to p.48 for accessories.

● Driver cable

This cable is a shielded cable for good noise immunity to connect the driver and controller. The ground wires useful for grounding are provided at both ends of the cable. The EMC measures are conducted using the Oriental Motor driver cable.

● Pulse signal converter for noise immunity

This is a noise filter for pulse signal lines. It eliminates the noise of the pulse signal and changes the pulse signal to the line driver type.

● Surge suppressor

This product is effective to suppress the surge which occurs in a relay contact part. Connect it when using a relay or electromagnetic switch. CR circuit for surge suppression and CR circuit module are provided.

7-8 Installing and wiring in compliance with EMC Directive

Effective measures must be taken against the EMI that the motor and driver may give to adjacent control-system equipment, as well as the EMS of the motor and driver itself, in order to prevent a serious functional impediment in the machinery. The use of the following installation and wiring methods will enable the motor and driver to be compliant with the EMC directive. Refer to p.8 for the applicable standards.

Oriental Motor conducts EMC measurements on its motors and drivers in accordance with "Example of motor and driver installation and wiring" on p.24.

The user is responsible for ensuring the machine's compliance with the EMC Directive, based on the installation and wiring explained below.

● Connecting the noise filter

In large electrically noisy environments, connect a noise filter. Refer to "Noise filter" on p.22 for details.

● Connecting the power supply

Use a DC power supply compliant with the EMC Directive.

Use a shielded cable for the wiring, and keep it as short as possible.

Refer to "Prevention of noise propagation" on p.22 for grounding the shielded cable.

● Connecting the motor cable

Use an accessory extension cable when extending the wiring distance between the motor and driver.

● Connecting the signal cable

Refer to "Prevention of noise propagation" on p.22.

● How to ground

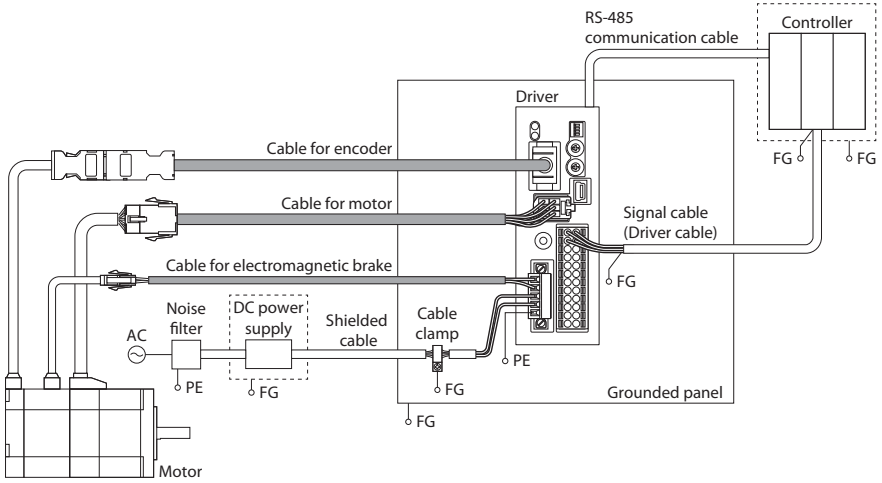
- The cable used to ground the motor, driver and noise filter must be as thick and short as possible so that no potential difference is generated.
- Choose a large, thick and uniformly conductive surface for the grounding point.
- Be sure to ground the Protective Earth Terminal of the motor and driver. Refer to p.16 for grounding method.

● Example of motor and driver installation and wiring



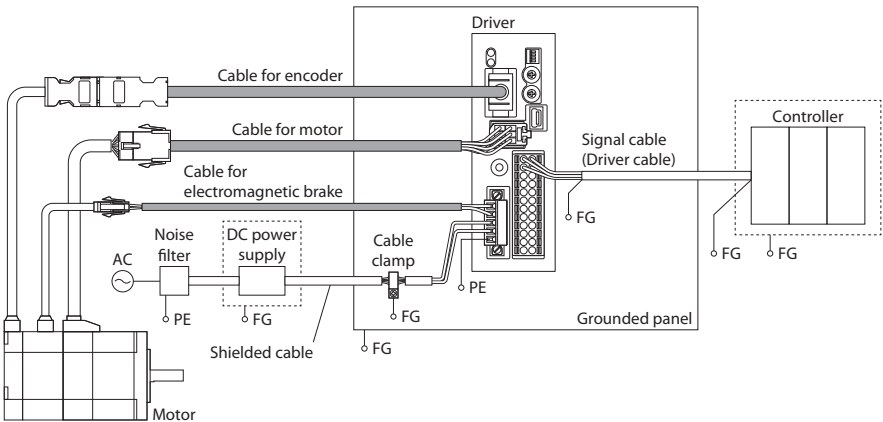
The driver uses parts that are sensitive to electrostatic charge. Take measures against static electricity since static electricity may cause the driver to malfunction or suffer damage.

Built-in controller type, pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface



--- is a shielded box. Cables represented in gray color are accessories.

Pulse input type



--- is a shielded box. Cables represented in gray color are accessories.

8 Explanation of I/O signals

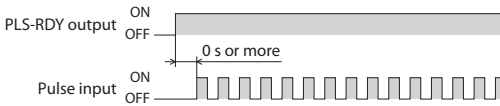
8-1 Input signals

The following input signals of the driver are photocoupler inputs. The signal state represents the "ON: Carrying current" or "OFF: Not carrying current" state of the internal photocoupler rather than the voltage level of the signal.

■ CW [PLS] input, CCW [DIR] input

These signals are used when the motor is operated by inputting pulses.

These inputs serve as the CW and CCW inputs in the 2-pulse input mode, or PLS and DIR inputs in the 1-pulse input mode. Set the pulse input mode of the driver according to the pulse output mode of the controller (pulse generator) used with the driver. When inputting the pulse, check the PLS-RDY output is turned ON.



When the motor is at standstill, be sure to keep the photocoupler in OFF state.

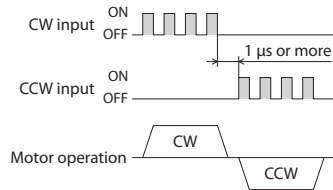
● Maximum input pulse frequency

- When the controller is of line driver type: 1 MHz (duty cycle is 50%)
- When the controller is of open-collector type: 250 kHz (duty cycle is 50%)

● 2-pulse input mode

When the CW input is turned from OFF to ON, the motor will rotate by one step in CW direction.

When the CCW input is turned from OFF to ON, the motor will rotate by one step in CCW direction.

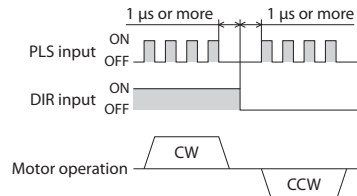


Do not input the CW signal and CCW signal simultaneously. If the other signal is input while one of the signals is ON, the motor cannot operate normally.

● 1-pulse input mode

When the PLS input is turned from OFF to ON while the DIR input is ON, the motor will rotate by one step in CW direction.

When the PLS input is turned from OFF to ON while the DIR input is OFF, the motor will rotate by one step in CCW direction.



■ START input

This signal is used to start positioning operation. It is not used when the motor is operated by inputting pulses. Select the operation data number and turn the START input ON to start positioning operation.

■ M0, M1, M2 input

Select a desired operation data number based on a combination of ON/OFF status of the M0 to M2 inputs.

Operation data No.	M2	M1	M0
0	OFF	OFF	OFF
1	OFF	OFF	ON
2	OFF	ON	OFF
3	OFF	ON	ON
4	ON	OFF	OFF
5	ON	OFF	ON
6	ON	ON	OFF
7	ON	ON	ON

■ ZHOME input

When the ZHOME input is turned ON, the motor will move to the home position set by the HOME PRESET switch or MEXE02. Since it does not require sensors, return-to-home is possible at high-speed.

■ FREE input

When the FREE input is turned ON, the motor current will be cut off. When an electromagnetic brake motor is used, the electromagnetic brake will be released. The motor output shaft can be rotated manually since the motor holding torque is lost.



Do not turn the FREE input ON when driving a vertical load. Since the motor loses its holding torque, the load may drop.

■ STOP input

When the STOP input is turned ON, the motor will stop. When resuming the operation, input the operation start signal or pulse to the driver after turning the STOP input OFF.



When the motor was stopped by the STOP input, be sure to turn the pulse input OFF. If the STOP input is turned OFF while inputting pulses, the motor may suddenly start rotating.



If the STOP input is turned ON while the motor is operated by inputting pulses, the driver is not allowed to receive the pulse input.

■ ALM-RST input

If the ALM-RST input is turned from OFF to ON while an alarm is generated, the alarm will be reset. (The alarm will be reset at the ON edge of the ALM-RST input.) Before resetting an alarm, be sure to remove the cause of the alarm to ensure safety. Note that some alarms cannot be reset with the ALM-RST input.



When the motor is operated by inputting pulses, turn the pulse input OFF before resetting the alarm.

■ FW-JOG input, RV-JOG input

These signals are used to start JOG operation.

The motor continuously operates in the forward direction when turning the FW-JOG input ON, and the motor continuously operates in the reverse direction when turning the RV-JOG input ON. If the signal having inputted is turned OFF, the motor will stop.

8-2 Output signals

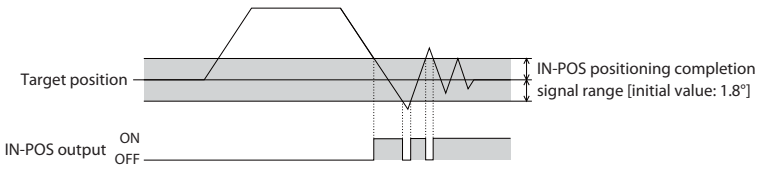
The driver outputs signals in the photocoupler/open-collector output mode or line driver output mode. The signal state represents the "ON: Carrying current" or "OFF: Not carrying current" state of the internal photocoupler rather than the voltage level of the signal.

■ HOME-END output

When the home position is set or when high-speed return-to-home operation is complete, the HOME-END output turns ON.

■ IN-POS output

After completion of positioning operation, when the motor was converged in a position of the "IN-POS positioning completion signal range" parameter against the command position, the IN-POS output is turned ON.



■ PLS-RDY output

This signal is used when the motor is operated by inputting pulses.

When the driver is ready to execute operation by inputting pulses, the PLS-RDY output turns ON. Input the pulse to the driver after the PLS-RDY output was turned ON.

■ READY output

When the driver is ready to execute operation, the READY output turns ON. Input the operation start signal to the driver after the READY output was turned ON.

■ MOVE output

The MOVE output turns ON while the motor is operating.

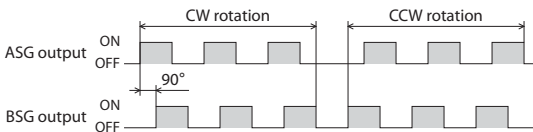
■ ALM-B output

When an alarm generates, the ALM-B output will turn OFF, and the motor will stop. At the same time, the POWER/ALARM LED on the driver will blink in red. The ALM-B output is normally closed.

■ ASG output, BSG output

The ASG output is used to output pulses according to motor operation. The motor position can be monitored by counting the ASG output pulses. The number of output pulses per motor revolution varies depending on the resolution effective when turning the power on.

The BSG output has a 90° phase difference with respect to the ASG output. The motor rotation direction can be determined by detecting the BSG output level at the rise of the ASG output.

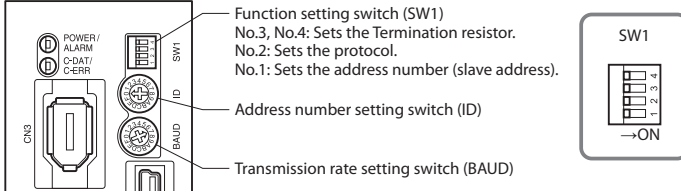


- The ASG output and BSG output are subject to a maximum delay of 0.1 ms with respect to motor operation. Use these outputs to check the position at which the motor is stopped.
- Connect a termination resistor of 100 Ω or more between the driver and the input of the line receiver.

9 Setting

This chapter explains how to set the motor and driver functions.

9-1 Setting of the built-in controller type and pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface



memo Be sure to turn off the driver power before setting the function setting switch (SW1). The new setting of the SW1 will become effective after the power is cycled.

About resolution

The initial value of resolution of the driver is 1000 P/R. The initial value of resolution may vary depending on the product connected. Check with the operating manual of the motor or motorized actuator used.

■ Address number (slave address)

Set the address number (slave address) using the address number setting switch (ID) and SW1-No.1 of the function setting switch. Make sure each address number (slave address) you set for each driver is unique.

Factory setting Built-in controller type; ID: 0, SW1-No.1: OFF
 Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface; ID: 1, SW1-No.1: OFF

ID	SW1-No.1	Address number (slave address)	ID	SW1-No.1	Address number (slave address)
0	OFF	0 *	0	ON	16
1		1	1		17
2		2	2		18
3		3	3		19
4		4	4		20
5		5	5		21
6		6	6		22
7		7	7		23
8		8	8		24
9		9	9		25
A		10	A		26
B		11	B		27
C		12	C		28
D		13	D		29
E		14	E		30
F		15	F		31

* In the case of Modbus protocol, the address number (slave address) 0 is reserved for broadcasting, so do not use this address.

■ Protocol

Set the protocol of RS-485 communication using the SW1-No.2 of the function setting switch.

Factory setting **Built-in controller type; OFF**
Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface; ON

SW1-No.2	Protocol
ON	Modbus RTU mode
OFF	Connecting with network converter

■ Transmission rate

Set the transmission rate using transmission rate setting switch (BAUD).

The transmission rate to be set should be the same as the transmission rate of the master controller.

Factory setting **Built-in controller type; 7**
Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface; 4

BAUD	Transmission rate (bps)
0	9600
1	19200
2	38400
3	57600
4	115,200
5	230,400
6	Not used.
7	Network converter
8 to F	Not used.



Do not set BAUD to positions 6 and 8 to F.

■ Termination resistor

Set a termination resistor to the driver located farthest away (positioned at the end) from the master controller or network converter.

Turn the termination resistor setting switch (SW1-No.3 and No.4) ON to set the termination resistor for RS-485 communication (120 Ω).

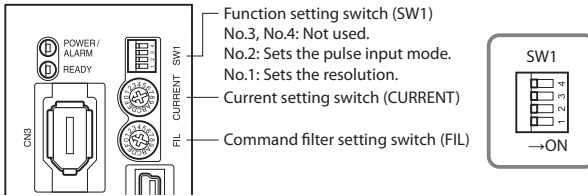
Factory setting **OFF for both No.3 and No.4 (termination resistor disabled)**

SW1-No.3, No.4	Termination resistor (120 Ω)
Both are OFF	Disabled
Both are ON	Enabled



If only one of the two of No.3 and No.4 is turned ON, a communication error may occur.

9-2 Setting of the pulse input type



Be sure to turn off the driver power before setting the function setting switch (SW1). The new setting of the SW1 will become effective after the power is cycled.

Resolution

Set a resolution per revolution of the motor output shaft using the SW1-No.1 of the function setting switch.

OFF: 1000 p/r (factory setting)

ON: 10000 p/r

Pulse input mode

Set a pulse input mode of the driver according to the pulse output mode of the controller (pulse generator) used with the driver. Set a desired mode using the SW1-No.2 of the function setting switch. The factory setting of the pulse input mode depends on the destination country.

OFF: 2-pulse input mode

ON: 1-pulse input mode

Base current rate

Set the base current rate (%) for the operating current and standstill current using the current setting switch (CURRENT). If the load is small and there is an ample allowance for torque, motor temperature rise can be suppressed by setting a lower base current rate.

The actual operating current and standstill current are as follows.

- Operating current: Maximum output current × Base current rate
- Standstill current: Maximum output current × Base current rate × 0.5

The dial settings and corresponding base current rates are listed below.

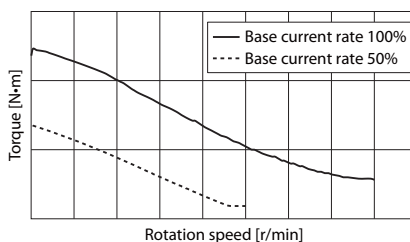
Dial setting	Base current rate (%)	Dial setting	Base current rate (%)
0	6.3	8	56.3
1	12.5	9	62.5
2	18.8	A	68.8
3	25.0	B	75.0
4	31.3	C	81.3
5	37.5	D	87.5
6	43.8	E	93.8
7	50.0	F	100 (factory setting)



Excessively low operating current or standstill current may cause a problem in starting the motor or holding the load in position. Set a suitable current for your application.



The motor torque is proportional to the current. If the CURRENT switch is set to "7" (50%) while the operating torque is set to 100% (maximum output current), only 50% of the torque is output.



■ Command filter

The motor response to input pulses can be adjusted using the command filter setting switch (FIL).

When setting a higher value for the command filter, lower vibration at low speed operation or smoother operation at starting/stopping of the motor can be achieved. However, if this setting is too high, synchronization performance is decreased. Set a suitable value based on the load or application.

The dial settings and corresponding command filter time constant are listed below.

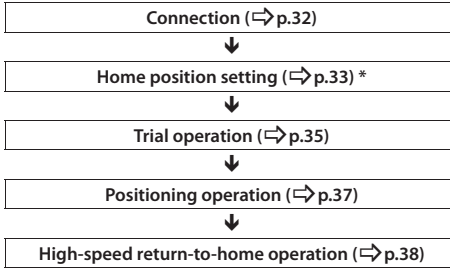
Dial setting	Command filter time constant (ms)	Dial setting	Command filter time constant (ms)
0	0	8	30
1	1 (factory setting)	9	50
2	2	A	70
3	3	B	100
4	5	C	120
5	7	D	150
6	10	E	170
7	20	F	200

10 Guidance

If you are new to the **AZ** Series, read this section to understand the operating methods along with the operation flow.

■ How to read the guidance

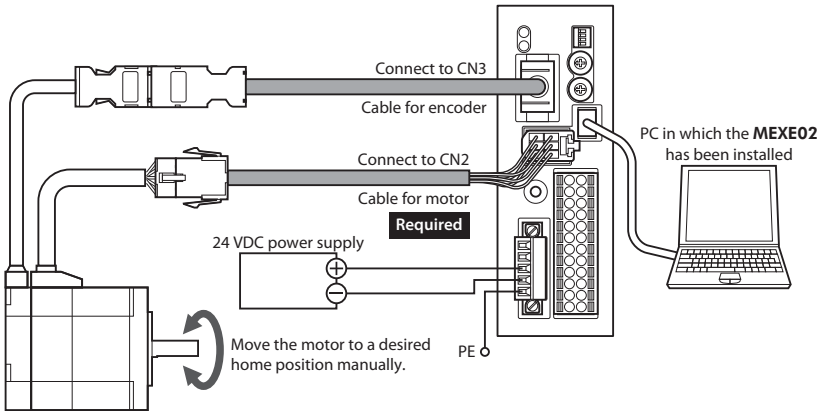
This chapter explains the operation procedure as follows.



* Perform the home position setting only once initially. Once the home position is set, it is no need to set afterward.

10-1 Connection

Wire the driver by reference to the figure. Be sure to connect a 24 VDC power supply. The following explanation is an example for when the built-in controller type driver of 24 VDC is used.



* Cables represented in gray color are accessories. Use the cable for encoder when the length of the encoder cable of motor is not enough.

10-2 Home position setting

The home position has not set at the time of shipment. Before starting operation, be sure to set the home position. Perform the home position setting only once initially. Once the home position is set, the driver keeps the home information even if the power supply is shut down.

There are the following two methods for how to set the home position. Set the home position using either of the methods.

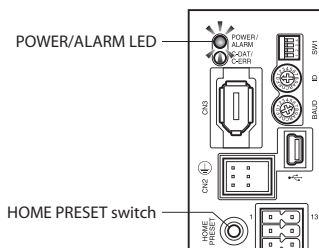
- Set the home position using the HOME PRESET switch.
- Set the home position using the **MEXE02**.



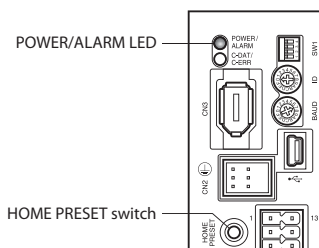
- The home position is written to the non-volatile memory. The non-volatile memory can be rewritten approximately 100,000 times.
- The home position for motorized actuators has been set at the time of shipment. Set the home position only when you want to change it.

■ Set the home position using the HOME PRESET switch

1. Move the motor to a desired home position manually.
2. Turn on the 24 VDC power supply.
3. Check the power was turned ON, keep pressing the HOME PRESET switch for one second.
Red color and green color on the POWER/ALARM LED blinks simultaneously. (Red and green colors may overlap and it may be visible to orange.)



4. Remove the hand from the HOME PRESET switch after the POWER/ALARM LED started blinking, and press the switch again within three seconds.
After both red color and green color on the POWER/ALARM LED are lit, only green color continues to be lit.



5. The home position is set.



For the procedure 4, be sure to perform within three seconds after the POWER/ALARM LED started blinking. If three seconds were passed, the POWER/ALARM LED will return to the state being lit in green. In this case, perform from the procedure 3 again.

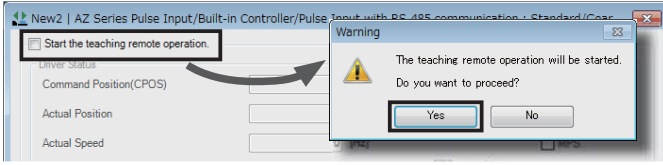
■ Set the home position using the MEXE02

1. Turn on the 24 VDC power supply.
2. Start a PC, and continuously start the **MEXE02**.
3. Click the [Teaching, remote operation] icon in the toolbar or click the [Teaching, remote operation] short-cut button.
The teaching, remote operation window appears.

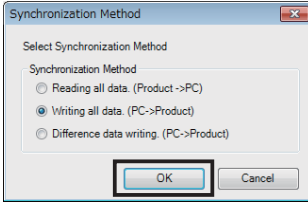


or

- Click "Start the teaching remote operation."
The pop-up window (Warning) appears, and click [Yes].

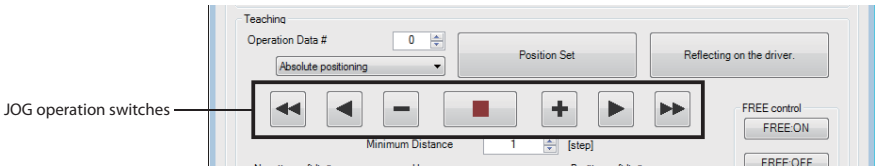


- Since the window which uses to synchronize the **MEXE02** data and the driver data appears, select the synchronization method and click [OK].



Teaching, remote operation is enabled, and red color and green color on the POWER/ALARM LED blink simultaneously. (Red and green colors may overlap and it may be visible to orange.)

- Adjust the motor position using the JOG operation switches.

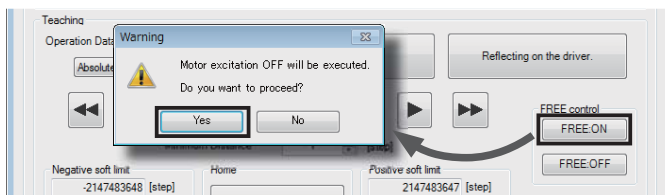


Description of JOG operation switches

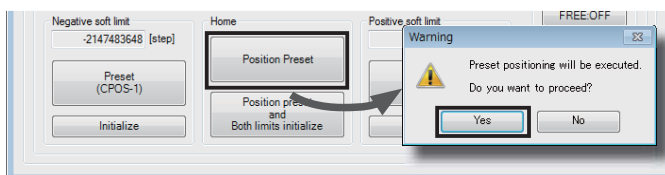
Switch	Description
	Performs continuous operation in the negative direction at the operating speed set in the "(JOG Operating speed (high))" parameter.
	Performs continuous operation in the negative direction at the operating speed set in the "(JOG Operating speed)" parameter.
	Performs positioning operation in the negative direction for the travel amount set in the "minimum travel amount" of the JOG operation switches.
	Stops the operation immediately.
	Performs positioning operation in the positive direction for the travel amount set in the "minimum travel amount" of the JOG operation switches.
	Performs continuous operation in the positive direction at the operating speed set in the "(JOG Operating speed)" parameter.
	Performs continuous operation in the positive direction at the operating speed set in the "(JOG Operating speed (high))" parameter.

- When adjusting the motor position manually, click [FREE: ON] first, and click [Yes] on the pop-up window (Warning).

The holding power of the motor output shaft is lost, and the output shaft can be turned by hand. After adjustment, click [FREE: OFF], and recover the motor excitation.



- After setting the motor home position, click [Position Preset], and click [Yes] on the pop-up window (Warning). The home position is set and written to the driver.



10-3 Trial operation

This section explains an example to perform trial operation using the **MEXE02**.

Note Before operating the motor, check the condition of the surrounding area to ensure safety.

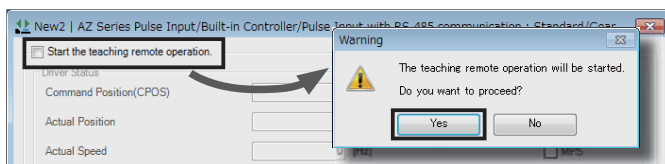
- Click the [Teaching, remote operation] icon in the toolbar or click the [Teaching, remote operation] short-cut button.

The teaching, remote operation window appears.



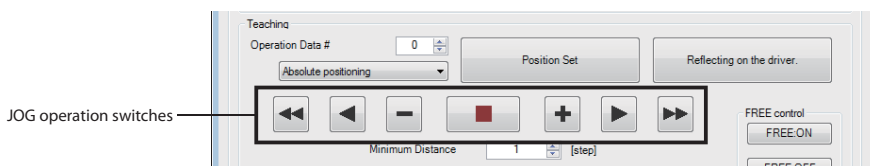
- Click "Start the teaching remote operation."

The pop-up window (Warning) appears, and click [Yes].










Teaching, remote operation is enabled, and red color and green color on the POWER/ALARM LED blink simultaneously. (Red and green colors may overlap and it may be visible to orange.)

- Click the JOG operation switches to perform test operation of the motor.



Description of JOG operation switches

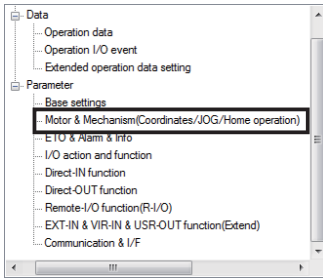
Switch	Description
	Performs continuous operation in the negative direction at the operating speed set in the "(JOG Operating speed (high))" parameter.
	Performs continuous operation in the negative direction at the operating speed set in the "(JOG Operating speed)" parameter.
	Performs positioning operation in the negative direction for the travel amount set in the "minimum travel amount" of the JOG operation switches.
	Stops the operation immediately.
	Performs positioning operation in the positive direction for the travel amount set in the "minimum travel amount" of the JOG operation switches.
	Performs continuous operation in the positive direction at the operating speed set in the "(JOG Operating speed)" parameter.
	Performs continuous operation in the positive direction at the operating speed set in the "(JOG Operating speed (high))" parameter.

If the motor does not operate even when clicking the JOG operation switches, check the following points.

- Are the power supply, motor, and **MEXE02** connected properly?
- Is an alarm present?

● **When changing the operating condition of JOG operation**

1. Click on "Motor & Mechanism(Coordinates/JOG/Home Operation)" under "Parameter," in the left side of the screen. The "Motor & mechanism" parameter window appears.



2. Set the "JOG/HOME/ZHOME operation setting" parameter to "manual setting."
3. The operating condition can be changed using following five parameters.

Operation data	Motor & Mechanism(Coordinates/JOG/Home operation)	
24	(JOG) Travel amount [step]	1
25	(JOG) Operating speed [Hz]	1000
26	(JOG) Acceleration/deceleration rate [kHz/s]	1000.000
27	(JOG) Starting speed [Hz]	500
28	(JOG) Operating speed (high) [Hz]	5000

4. After changing the operating condition, click the [Writing data] icon in the toolbar to download to the driver.



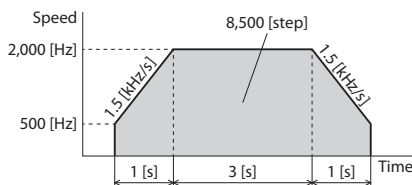
10-4 Positioning operation

This section explains an example to perform positioning operation using the **MEXE02**.
When using the pulse input type, set operation data to the programmable controller to perform operation.

Note Before operating the motor, check the condition of the surrounding area to ensure safety.

STEP 1 Set the operation data using the MEXE02

Using the **MEXE02**, set the operation data of No.0 as follows.



● Operation data setting screen

	Operation type	Position [step]	Speed [Hz]	Acceleration [kHz/s]	Stopping deceleration [kHz/s]
#0	Incremental positioning (based on command position)	8500	2000	1.500	1.500
#1	Incremental positioning (based on command position)	0	1000	1000.000	1000.000

Input in increments of 0.001 kHz/s.

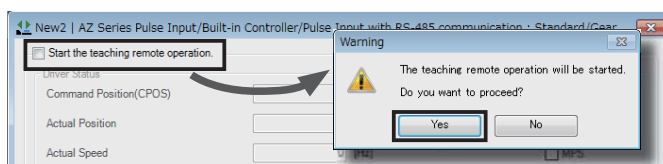
STEP 2 Operate the motor

1. Click the [Teaching, remote operation] icon in the toolbar or click the [Teaching, remote operation] short-cut button.

The teaching, remote operation window appears.

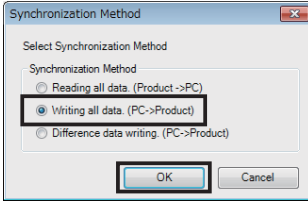


2. Click "Start the teaching remote operation."
The pop-up window (Warning) appears, and click [Yes].

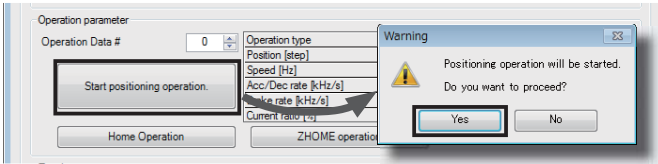


Teaching, remote operation is enabled, and red color and green color on the POWER/ALARM LED blink simultaneously. (Red and green colors may overlap and it may be visible to orange.)

- Write the edited data to the driver. Click "Writing all data. (PC -> Product)," and click [OK].
The contents of the data No.0 will be written to the driver.



- Click [Start positioning operation].
The pop-up window (Warning) appears, and click [Yes].



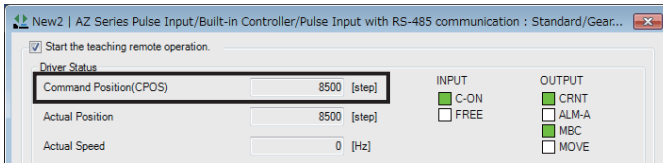
The motor performs positioning operation.

10-5 High-speed return-to-home operation

Using high-speed return-to-home operation (ZHOME) can return the motor position to the home position easily.

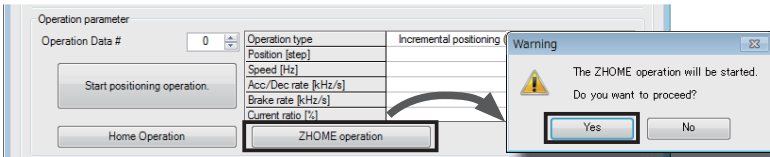
STEP 1 Check the present position

Check the "Command position" in the teaching, remote operation window.

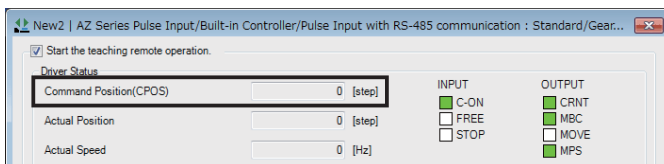


STEP 2 Execute high-speed return-to-home operation

- Click "ZHOME operation."
The pop-up window (Warning) appears, and click [Yes].
The motor will start high-speed return-to-home operation.

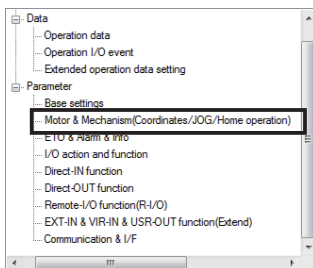


- After the motor returns to the home position, check that the "Command position" is 0.



- **When changing the operating condition of high-speed return-to-home operation**

- Click on "Motor & Mechanism(Coordinates/JOG/Home Operation)" under "Parameter," in the left side of the screen. The "Motor & mechanism" parameter window appears.



- Set the "JOG/HOME/ZHOME operation setting" parameter to "manual setting."
- The operating condition can be changed using following three parameters.

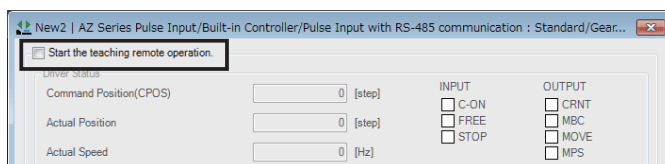
Operation data	Motor & Mechanism(Coordinates/JOG/Home operation)	
29	(ZHOME) Operation speed [Hz]	5000
30	(ZHOME) Acceleration/deceleration rate [kHz/s]	1000.000
31	(ZHOME) Starting speed [Hz]	500

- After changing the operating condition, click the [Writing data] icon in the toolbar to download to the driver.



STEP 3 End the teaching, remote operation

To end the teaching, remote operation, unselect "Start the teaching remote operation."



10-6 Timing chart

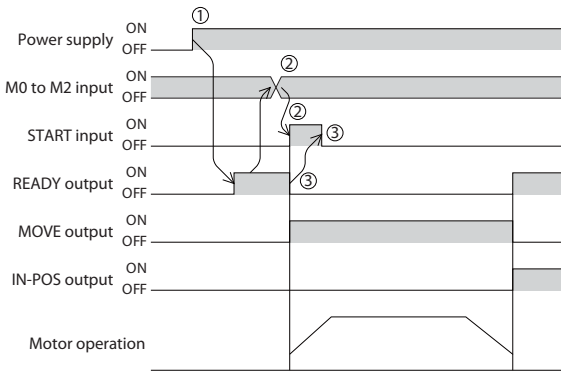
This section shows ON/OFF timings for input signals and output signals.
 For details, check with the **AZ Series OPERATING MANUAL**, Function Edition.

■ Positioning operation

● Built-in controller type

Positioning operation can be performed with selecting the operation data.

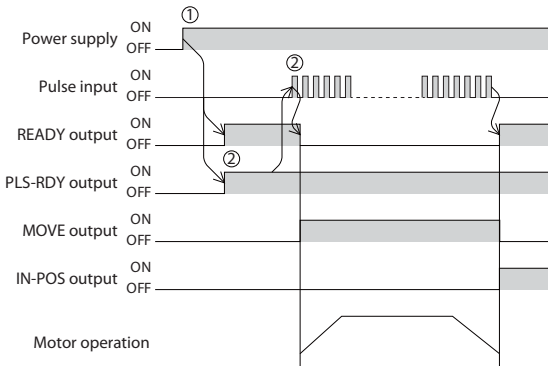
1. Turn on the power supply.
 The READY output turns ON.
2. Check the READY output is turned ON and turn the START input ON by selecting the operation data number with the M0 to M2 outputs.
 The motor will start positioning operation.
3. Check the READY output has been turned OFF and turn the START input OFF.
 When the operation is complete, the READY output will turn ON.



● Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface, pulse input type

Positioning operation is performed by inputting pulses.

1. Turn on the power supply.
 The READY output and PLS-RDY output turn ON.
2. Check the PLS-RDY output has been turned ON and input pulses.
 The motor will start positioning operation.
 When the pulse is stopped inputting and the operation is complete, the READY output will turn ON.

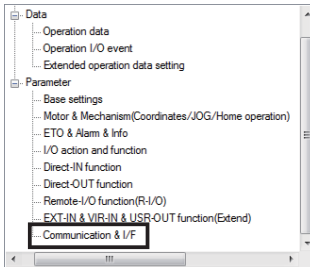


- **When using in the 1-pulse input mode.**

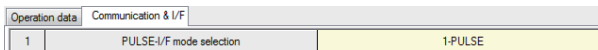
Perform the following settings beforehand when using in the 1-pulse input mode.

Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface;

1. Click on "Communication I/F function" under "Parameter," in the left side of the screen.
The "Communication I/F function" parameter window appears.



2. Set the "PULSE-I/F mode selection" parameter to "1-PULSE."



3. After changing the operating condition, click the [Writing data] icon in the toolbar to download to the driver.



4. Cycle the power supply of the driver.
The changed parameter is applied.

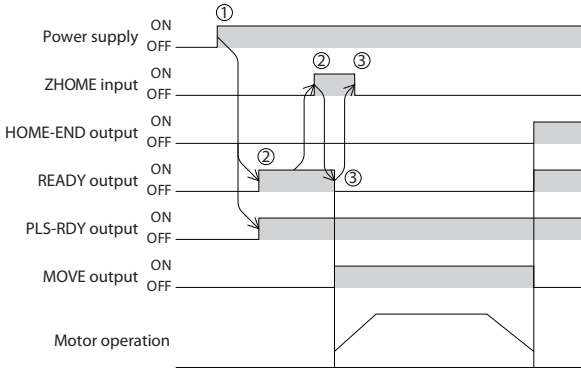
Pulse input type;

1. Set the SW1-No.2 to ON.
2. Cycle the power supply of the driver.
The changed setting is enabled.

■ High-speed return-to-home operation (ZHOME operation)

High-speed return-to-home operation is used to return to the home position that is set by the MEXE02 or HOME PRESET switch.

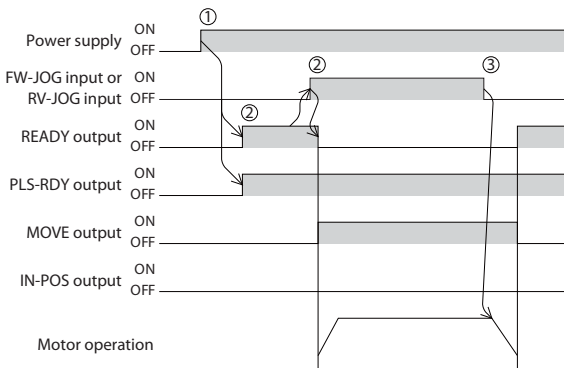
1. Turn on the power supply.
The READY output and PLS-RDY output turn ON.
2. Check the READY output has been turned ON and turn the ZHOME input ON.
The READY output turns OFF, and the motor will start high-speed return-to-home operation.
3. If the READY output has been turned OFF, the ZHOME input may be turned OFF.
When the home position is detected, the operation will be stopped.
The HOME-END output and READY output will turn ON.



■ JOG operation

Constant speed operation can be performed with JOG operation. The motor operates continuously while the FW-JOG input or RV-JOG input is being ON.

1. Turn on the power supply.
The READY output and PLS-RDY output turn ON.
2. Check the READY output has been turned ON and turn the FW-JOG input or RV-JOG input ON.
The motor will start operation.
When the FW-JOG input is turned ON, the motor rotates in the forward direction, and when the RV-JOG input is turned ON, the motor rotates in the reverse direction.
3. Turn the input signal OFF.
The motor will decelerate to a stop. When the motor stops, the READY output will turn ON.



11 Inspection

It is recommended that periodic inspections be conducted for the items listed below after each operation of the motor. If an abnormal condition is noted, discontinue any use and contact your nearest Oriental Motor sales office.

■ During inspection

- Are the openings in the driver blocked?
- Are any of the mounting screws or connection parts of the driver loose?
- Is there attachment of dust, etc., on the driver?
- Are there any strange smells or appearances within the driver?



The driver uses semiconductor elements, so be extremely careful when handling them. Static electricity may damage the driver.

12 Alarm (protective function)

When an alarm generates, the ALM-B output will turn OFF and POWER/ALARM LED will blink in red. Before resetting an alarm, always remove the cause of the alarm and ensure safety. If the motor cannot be operated properly after resetting the alarm, the driver may have been damaged. For details about alarms, refer to the **AZ Series OPERATING MANUAL** Function Edition.

■ Reset alarm

- Cycle the power supply of the driver.
- Click [Alarm Reset] on the **MEXE02**.

■ Example of the alarm monitor screen of the MEXE02

The alarm message can be checked using the "Alarm monitor" of the **MEXE02**.

Resets the alarm.

Start the alarm monitor.

	Motor	Mechanism	Driver
User name			
Product name	AZM6AC	-	AZD-AD
Serial number	RS11149801	-	TV4144501

Alarm Condition 00:Alarm not present

Alarm Reset

Alarm history

	Code	Alarm message	Sub code	Driver Temperature	Motor temperature	Inverter voltage	Direct-I/O Input
No.1	67	Software overtravel	01	39	40	279.9	0000
No.2	10	essive position devia	00	36	39	282.2	0000
No.3	67	Software overtravel	01	32	36	280.5	0000
No.4	67	Software overtravel	01	0	43	0.0	0000
No.5	67	Software overtravel	01	39	41	282.4	0000
No.6	67	Software overtravel	01	39	41	282.5	0000
No.7	30	Overload	00	40	41	279.8	0000
No.8	30	Overload	00	40	40	280.2	0000
No.9	30	Overload	00	40	38	279.5	0000
No.10	30	Overload	00	40	38	278.6	0000

Direct-I/O Input

IN0 IN8

IN1 IN9

IN2 EXT-IN

IN3

IN4 VIR-IN0

IN5 VIR-IN1

IN6 VIR-IN2

IN7 VIR-IN3

R-I/O Output

R-OUT8

R-OUT9

R-OUT10

R-OUT11

R-OUT12

R-OUT13

R-OUT14

R-OUT15

Cause

When the "software overtravel" parameter was "alarm occurred," the software limit was reached.

Measure

• Review the operation data.

• Escape from the limit sensor using continuous operation or return-to-home operation.

Export of records Update Clear the record.

The measures are displayed.

The cause that generated the alarm is displayed.

13 Troubleshooting

During motor operation, the motor or driver may fail to function properly due to an improper setting or wiring. When the motor cannot be operated correctly, refer to the contents provided in this section and take appropriate action. If the problem persists, contact your nearest Oriental Motor sales office.

This chapter describes problems that may occur during operation in addition to the initial settings. Refer to the AZ Series OPERATING MANUAL Function Edition for these contents.

Phenomenon	Possible cause	Remedial action
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The motor is not excited. • The motor output shaft can be moved by hand. 	Connection error in the motor.	Check the connections between the driver and motor.
	The FREE input is turned ON.	Turn the FREE input OFF.
There is holding torque even if motor excitation is turned OFF.	Effect of dynamic brake.	If motor excitation is turned OFF by C-ON input or STOP input, the holding torque will be generated larger than when the power is shut off (dynamic brake). To release the dynamic brake, shut off the power or turn the FREE input ON.
The motor does not operate.	An electromagnetic brake motor is used and the electromagnetic brake is in the holding state.	Check the connections between electromagnetic brake and driver.
	The STOP input is turned ON.	Turn the STOP input OFF.
	The position (distance) is not set in the operation data while positioning operation.	Check the operation data.
	The FWD-JOG input and RVS-JOG input are turned ON simultaneously in the JOG operation.	After turning both the FWD-JOG input and RVS-JOG input OFF, turn either one of them ON.
The motor does not rotate although the READY LED is lit. (only for pulse-input type)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signals are not connected properly. • Multiple signals have been input simultaneously. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wire signals correctly. • Check if the signal line is disconnected. • Check if the wrong signal is input.
The motor rotates in the direction opposite to the specified direction.	The "motor rotation direction" parameter is set wrong.	Check the setting of the "motor rotation direction" parameter.
The gear output shaft rotates in the direction opposite to the motor.	A gear that rotates in the direction opposite to the motor shaft is used.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • With TS geared motor, the gear output shaft rotates in the direction opposite to the motor when the gear ratio is 20 or 30. • With Harmonic geared motors, the gear output shaft always rotates in the direction opposite to the motor.
Motor operation is unstable.	Connection error in the motor or power supply.	Check the connections between the driver, motor and power supply.
	The base current rate setting is too low.	Return the CURRENT switch to its initial setting and check. If the current is too low, the motor torque will also be too low and operation will be unstable.
Motor vibration is too great.	Load is too small.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Built-in controller type, pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface; Lower the current using the "Base current" parameter. Vibration will increase if the motor's output torque is too large for the load. • Pulse input type; Lower the current using the CURRENT switch. Vibration will increase if the motor's output torque is too large for the load.
The electromagnetic brake does not release.	The power is not supplied to the electromagnetic brake.	Check the connection of the electromagnetic brake.



-
- Check the alarm message using the **MEXE02** when the alarm generates.
 - I/O signals can be monitored using the **MEXE02**. Use to check the wiring condition of the I/O signals.
-

14 To use the product in more convenient manners

Using the **MEXE02**, you can set the operation data or change I/O signals that assign to the CN4 connector. Also, you can monitor the operating status or perform test operation.

Refer to the **AZ Series OPERATING MANUAL** Function Edition for details about operation.

Like to set the resolution based on the function

Like to change the I/O assignment

Like to utilize the sequence function

Like to utilize convenient functions for maintenance

Like to check operation by the waveform monitor

Like to change the alarm conditions

Like to perform push-motion operation

Like to operate via industrial network *

* Excluding the pulse input type.

15 Accessories

15-1 Motor cable set

■ Connection cable (for AZM14, AZM15, AZM24, AZM26)

This is a cable needed when a motor and driver are connected.

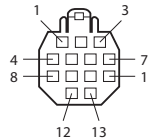
Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC005VZ2F2	0.5 (1.6)
CC010VZ2F2	1 (3.3)
CC015VZ2F2	1.5 (4.9)
CC020VZ2F2	2 (6.6)
CC025VZ2F2	2.5 (8.2)
CC030VZ2F2	3 (9.8)

Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC040VZ2F2	4 (13.1)
CC050VZ2F2	5 (16.4)
CC070VZ2F2	7 (23.0)
CC100VZ2F2	10 (32.8)
CC150VZ2F2	15 (49.2)
CC200VZ2F2	20 (65.6)

● Connector pin assignments

● Motor side

Pin No.	Color	Lead size
1	Blue	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
2	Red	
3	—	—
4	Orange	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
5	Gray	
6	—	—
7	Drain wire	AWG26 (0.14 mm ²)
8	Green	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
9	—	—
10	Black	AWG26 (0.14 mm ²)
11	White	
12	Brown	
13	Purple	



Manufacturer: HIROSE ELECTRIC CO., LTD.
 Housing: DF62C-13S-2.2C
 Terminal: DF62-2428SCFA, DF62-22SCFA

● Driver side (for encoder)

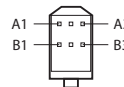
Pin No.	Color	Lead size
1	White	AWG26 (0.14 mm ²)
2	Black	
3	—	—
4	—	—
5	Purple	AWG26 (0.14 mm ²)
6	Brown	



Manufacturer: Molex
 Model: 55100-0670

● Driver side (for motor)

Pin No.	Color	Lead size
A1	—	—
A2	Green	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
A3	Orange	
B1	Gray	
B2	Red	
B3	Blue	



Manufacturer: J.S.T. Mfg Co., Ltd.
 Housing: J11DF-06V-KX
 Terminal: SF1F-01GC-P0.6

■ Connection cable set (for AZM46, AZM48, AZM66, AZM69)

This is a cable set needed when a motor and driver are connected. It is a set of two cables for the motor and encoder. For the cable set of electromagnetic brake motors, a set of three cables for the motor, encoder and electromagnetic brake is provided.

For standard type motor

Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC005VZF2	0.5 (1.6)
CC010VZF2	1 (3.3)
CC015VZF2	1.5 (4.9)
CC020VZF2	2 (6.6)
CC025VZF2	2.5 (8.2)
CC030VZF2	3 (9.8)
CC040VZF2	4 (13.1)
CC050VZF2	5 (16.4)
CC070VZF2	7 (23.0)
CC100VZF2	10 (32.8)
CC150VZF2	15 (49.2)
CC200VZF2	20 (65.6)

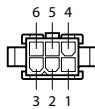
For electromagnetic brake type motor

Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC005VZFB2	0.5 (1.6)
CC010VZFB2	1 (3.3)
CC015VZFB2	1.5 (4.9)
CC020VZFB2	2 (6.6)
CC025VZFB2	2.5 (8.2)
CC030VZFB2	3 (9.8)
CC040VZFB2	4 (13.1)
CC050VZFB2	5 (16.4)
CC070VZFB2	7 (23.0)
CC100VZFB2	10 (32.8)
CC150VZFB2	15 (49.2)
CC200VZFB2	20 (65.6)

● Connector pin assignments for “cable for motor”

● Motor side

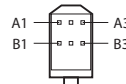
Pin No.	Color	Lead size
1	Orange	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
2	Green	
3	Green/Yellow	AWG18 (0.75 mm ²)
4	Blue	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
5	Red	
6	Black	



Manufacturer: Molex
Housing: 5559-06P-210
Terminal: 5558T

● Driver side

Pin No.	Color	Lead size
A1	Green/Yellow	AWG18 (0.75 mm ²)
A2	Green	
A3	Orange	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
B1	Black	
B2	Red	
B3	Blue	

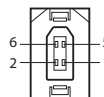


Manufacturer: J.S.T. Mfg Co., Ltd.
Housing: J11DF-06V-KX
Terminal: SF1F-01GC-P0.6, SF1F-21GC-P0.6

● Pin assignment of “cable for encoder” [When the cable length is 0.5 to 5 m (1.6 to 16.4 ft.)]

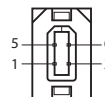
Pin No.	Color	Lead size
1	White	AWG24 (0.2 mm ²)
2	Black	
3 *	—	—
4 *	—	—
5	Purple	AWG24 (0.2 mm ²)
6	Brown	

● Motor side



Manufacturer: Molex
Model: 500655-0609
Terminal: 500145-0129

● Driver side



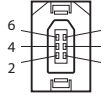
Manufacturer: Molex
Model: 500654-0609
Terminal: 50639-8128

* Do not connect anything to the pin.No.3 and No.4.

● Pin assignment of "cable for encoder" [When the cable length is 7 to 20 m (23.0 to 65.6 ft.)]

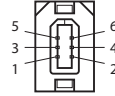
Pin No.	Color	Lead size
1	Green	AWG18 (0.75 mm ²)
2	Black	
3	Red	AWG24 (0.2 mm ²)
4	White	AWG18 (0.75 mm ²)
5	Yellow	AWG24 (0.2 mm ²)
6	Brown	

● Motor side



Manufacturer: Molex
Model: 54280-0609

● Driver side



Manufacturer: Molex
Model: 55100-0670

● Connector pin assignments for "cable for electromagnetic brake"

Pin No.	Color	Lead size
1	White	AWG20 (0.5 mm ²)
2	Black	

● Motor side



Manufacturer: Molex
Housing: 5559-02P-210
Terminal: 5558T

● Driver side



Manufacturer: PHOENIX CONTACT
GmbH & Co. KG
Terminal: AI0.5 8WH

* A pin number of the driver side is described on the wire marker of the terminal.

■ Flexible connection cable (for AZM14, AZM15, AZM24, AZM26)

This is a cable having excellent flex resistance that is needed when a motor and driver are connected.

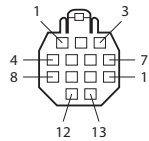
Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC005VZ2R2	0.5 (1.6)
CC010VZ2R2	1 (3.3)
CC015VZ2R2	1.5 (4.9)
CC020VZ2R2	2 (6.6)
CC025VZ2R2	2.5 (8.2)
CC030VZ2R2	3 (9.8)

Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC040VZ2R2	4 (13.1)
CC050VZ2R2	5 (16.4)
CC070VZ2R2	7 (23.0)
CC100VZ2R2	10 (32.8)
CC150VZ2R2	15 (49.2)
CC200VZ2R2	20 (65.6)

● Connector pin assignments

● Motor side

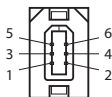
Pin No.	Color	Lead size
1	Blue	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
2	Red	
3	—	
4	Orange	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
5	Gray	
6	—	—
7	Drain wire	AWG26 (0.14 mm ²)
8	Green	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
9	—	—
10	Black	AWG26 (0.14 mm ²)
11	White	
12	Brown	
13	Purple	



Manufacturer: HIROSE ELECTRIC CO., LTD.
 Housing: DF62C-13S-2.2C
 Terminal: DF62-2428SCFA, DF62-22SCFA

● Driver side (for encoder)

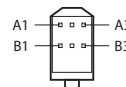
Pin No.	Color	Lead size
1	White	AWG26 (0.14 mm ²)
2	Black	
3	—	—
4	—	—
5	Purple	AWG26 (0.14 mm ²)
6	Brown	



Manufacturer: Molex
 Model: 55100-0670

● Driver side (for motor)

Pin No.	Color	Lead size
A1	—	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
A2	Green	
A3	Orange	
B1	Gray	
B2	Red	
B3	Blue	



Manufacturer: J.S.T. Mfg Co., Ltd.
 Housing: J11DF-06V-KX
 Terminal: SF1F-01GC-P0.6

■ **Flexible connection cable set (for AZM46, AZM48, AZM66, AZM69)**

This is a cable set having excellent flex resistance that is needed when a motor and driver are connected. It is a set of two cables for the motor and encoder.
 For the cable set of electromagnetic brake motors, a set of three cables for the motor, encoder and electromagnetic brake is provided.

For standard type motor

Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC050VZR2	0.5 (1.6)
CC010VZR2	1 (3.3)
CC015VZR2	1.5 (4.9)
CC020VZR2	2 (6.6)
CC025VZR2	2.5 (8.2)
CC030VZR2	3 (9.8)
CC040VZR2	4 (13.1)
CC050VZR2	5 (16.4)
CC070VZR2	7 (23.0)
CC100VZR2	10 (32.8)
CC150VZR2	15 (49.2)
CC200VZR2	20 (65.6)

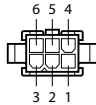
For electromagnetic brake type motor

Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC050VZRB2	0.5 (1.6)
CC010VZRB2	1 (3.3)
CC015VZRB2	1.5 (4.9)
CC020VZRB2	2 (6.6)
CC025VZRB2	2.5 (8.2)
CC030VZRB2	3 (9.8)
CC040VZRB2	4 (13.1)
CC050VZRB2	5 (16.4)
CC070VZRB2	7 (23.0)
CC100VZRB2	10 (32.8)
CC150VZRB2	15 (49.2)
CC200VZRB2	20 (65.6)

● **Connector pin assignments for “cable for motor”**

● Motor side

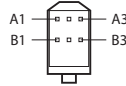
Pin No.	Color	Lead size
1	Orange	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
2	Green	
3	Green/Yellow	AWG18 (0.75 mm ²)
4	Blue	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
5	Red	
6	Black	



Manufacturer: Molex
 Housing: 5559-06P-210
 Terminal: 5558T

● Driver side

Pin No.	Color	Lead size
A1	Green/Yellow	AWG18 (0.75 mm ²)
A2	Green	
A3	Orange	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
B1	Black	
B2	Red	
B3	Blue	

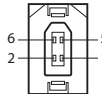


Manufacturer: J.S.T. Mfg Co., Ltd.
 Housing: J11DF-06V-KX
 Terminal: SF1F-01GC-P0.6, SF1F-21GC-P0.6

● **Pin assignment of “cable for encoder” [When the cable length is 0.5 to 5 m (1.6 to 16.4 ft.)]**

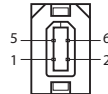
Pin No.	Color	Lead size
1	White	AWG24 (0.2 mm ²)
2	Black	
3*	—	—
4*	—	—
5	Purple	AWG24 (0.2 mm ²)
6	Brown	

● Motor side



Manufacturer: Molex
 Model: 500655-0609
 Terminal: 500145-0129

● Driver side



Manufacturer: Molex
 Model: 500654-0609
 Terminal: 50639-8128

* Do not connect anything to the pin No.3 and No.4.

● Pin assignment of "cable for encoder" [When the cable length is 7 to 20 m (23.0 to 65.6 ft.)]

Pin No.	Color	Lead size
1	Green	AWG19 (0.75 mm ²)
2	Black	
3	Red	AWG25 (0.2 mm ²)
4	White	AWG19 (0.75 mm ²)
5	Yellow	AWG25 (0.2 mm ²)
6	Brown	

● Motor side



Manufacturer: Molex
Model: 54280-0609

● Driver side



Manufacturer: Molex
Model: 55100-0670

● Connector pin assignments for "cable for electromagnetic brake"

Pin No.	Color	Lead size
1	White	AWG21 (0.5 mm ²)
2	Black	

● Motor side



Manufacturer: Molex
Housing: 5559-02P-210
Terminal: 5558T

● Driver side



Manufacturer: PHOENIX CONTACT
GmbH & Co. KG
Terminal: AI0.5 8WH

* A pin number of the driver side is described on the wire marker of the terminal.

■ Extension cable (for AZM14, AZM15, AZM24, AZM26)

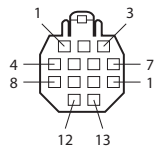
This is a cable needed when a motor and driver are relayed.

Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC010VZ2FT	1 (3.3)
CC020VZ2FT	2 (6.6)
CC030VZ2FT	3 (9.8)
CC050VZ2FT	5 (16.4)
CC070VZ2FT	7 (23.0)
CC100VZ2FT	10 (32.8)
CC150VZ2FT	15 (49.2)

● Connector pin assignments

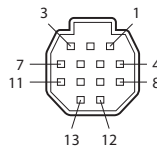
Pin No.	Color	Lead size
1	Blue	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
2	Red	
3	—	
4	Orange	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
5	Gray	
6	—	—
7	Drain wire	AWG26 (0.14 mm ²)
8	Green	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
9	—	—
10	Black	AWG26 (0.14 mm ²)
11	White	
12	Brown	
13	Purple	

● Motor side



Manufacturer: HIROSE ELECTRIC
CO., LTD.
Housing: DF62C-13S-2.2C
Terminal: DF62-2428SCFA,
DF62-22SCFA

● Driver side



Manufacturer: HIROSE ELECTRIC
CO., LTD.
Housing: DF62B-13EP-2.2C
Terminal: DF62-EP2428PCFA,
DF62-EP22PCFA

■ **Extension cable set (for AZM46, AZM48, AZM66, AZM69)**

This is a cable set needed when a motor and driver are relayed. It is a set of two cables for the motor and encoder. For the cable set of electromagnetic brake motors, a set of three cables for the motor, encoder and electromagnetic brake is provided.

For standard type motor

Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC010VZFT	1 (3.3)
CC020VZFT	2 (6.6)
CC030VZFT	3 (9.8)
CC050VZFT	5 (16.4)
CC070VZFT	7 (23.0)
CC100VZFT	10 (32.8)
CC150VZFT	15 (49.2)

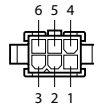
For electromagnetic brake type motor

Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC010VZFBT	1 (3.3)
CC020VZFBT	2 (6.6)
CC030VZFBT	3 (9.8)
CC050VZFBT	5 (16.4)
CC070VZFBT	7 (23.0)
CC100VZFBT	10 (32.8)
CC150VZFBT	15 (49.2)

● **Connector pin assignments for “cable for motor”**

Pin No.	Color	Lead size
1	Orange	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
2	Green	
3	Green/Yellow	AWG18 (0.75 mm ²)
4	Blue	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
5	Red	
6	Black	

● Motor side



Manufacturer: Molex
Housing: 5559-06P-210
Terminal: 5558T

● Driver side

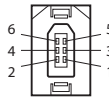


Manufacturer: Molex
Housing: 5557-06R-210
Terminal: 5556T

● **Pin assignment of “cable for encoder”**

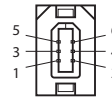
Pin No.	Color	Lead size
1	Green	AWG18 (0.75 mm ²)
2	Black	
3	Red	AWG24 (0.2 mm ²)
4	White	AWG18 (0.75 mm ²)
5	Yellow	AWG24 (0.2 mm ²)
6	Brown	

● Motor side



Manufacturer: Molex
Model: 54280-0609

● Driver side



Manufacturer: Molex
Model: 55100-0670

● **Connector pin assignments for “cable for electromagnetic brake”**

Pin No.	Color	Lead size
1	White	AWG20 (0.5 mm ²)
2	Black	

● Motor side



Manufacturer: Molex
Housing: 5559-02P-210
Terminal: 5558T

● Driver side



Manufacturer: Molex
Housing: 5557-02R-210
Terminal: 5556T

■ Flexible extension cable (for AZM14, AZM15, AZM24, AZM26)

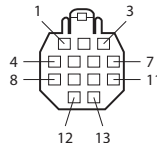
This is a cable having excellent flex resistance that is needed when a motor and driver are relayed.

Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC010VZ2RT	1 (3.3)
CC020VZ2RT	2 (6.6)
CC030VZ2RT	3 (9.8)
CC050VZ2RT	5 (16.4)
CC070VZ2RT	7 (23.0)
CC100VZ2RT	10 (32.8)
CC150VZ2RT	15 (49.2)

● Connector pin assignments

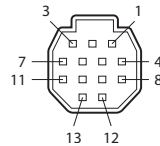
Pin No.	Color	Lead size
1	Blue	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
2	Red	
3	—	
4	Orange	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
5	Gray	
6	—	—
7	Drain wire	AWG26 (0.14 mm ²)
8	Green	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
9	—	—
10	Black	AWG26 (0.14 mm ²)
11	White	
12	Brown	
13	Purple	

● Motor side



Manufacturer: HIROSE ELECTRIC CO., LTD.
Housing: DF62C-13S-2.2C
Terminal: DF62-2428SCFA, DF62-225CFA

● Driver side



Manufacturer: HIROSE ELECTRIC CO., LTD.
Housing: DF62B-13EP-2.2C
Terminal: DF62-EP2428PCFA, DF62-EP22PCFA

■ **Flexible extension cable set (for AZM46, AZM48, AZM66, AZM69)**

This is a cable set having excellent flex resistance that is needed when a motor and driver are relayed. It is a set of two cables for the motor and encoder.
 For the cable set of electromagnetic brake motors, a set of three cables for the motor, encoder and electromagnetic brake is provided.

For standard type motor

Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC010VZRT	1 (3.3)
CC020VZRT	2 (6.6)
CC030VZRT	3 (9.8)
CC050VZRT	5 (16.4)
CC070VZRT	7 (23.0)
CC100VZRT	10 (32.8)
CC150VZRT	15 (49.2)

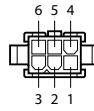
For electromagnetic brake type motor

Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC010VZRB	1 (3.3)
CC020VZRB	2 (6.6)
CC030VZRB	3 (9.8)
CC050VZRB	5 (16.4)
CC070VZRB	7 (23.0)
CC100VZRB	10 (32.8)
CC150VZRB	15 (49.2)

● **Connector pin assignments for “cable for motor”**

Pin No.	Color	Lead size
1	Orange	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
2	Green	
3	Green/Yellow	AWG18 (0.75 mm ²)
4	Blue	AWG22 (0.3 mm ²)
5	Red	
6	Black	

● Motor side



Manufacturer: Molex
 Housing: 5559-06P-210
 Terminal: 5558T

● Driver side

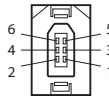


Manufacturer: Molex
 Housing: 5557-06R-210
 Terminal: 5556T

● **Pin assignment of “cable for encoder”**

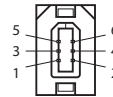
Pin No.	Color	Lead size
1	Green	AWG19 (0.75 mm ²)
2	Black	
3	Red	AWG25 (0.2 mm ²)
4	White	AWG19 (0.75 mm ²)
5	Yellow	AWG25 (0.2 mm ²)
6	Brown	

● Motor side



Manufacturer: Molex
 Model: 54280-0609

● Driver side



Manufacturer: Molex
 Model: 55100-0670

● **Connector pin assignments for “cable for electromagnetic brake”**

Pin No.	Color	Lead size
1	White	AWG21 (0.5 mm ²)
2	Black	

● Motor side



Manufacturer: Molex
 Housing: 5559-02P-210
 Terminal: 5558T

● Driver side



Manufacturer: Molex
 Housing: 5557-02R-210
 Terminal: 5556T

15-2 Driver cable

This cable is a shielded cable for the driver control I/O that has good noise immunity. The ground wires useful for grounding are provided at both ends of the cable. Select the cable suitable for the number of I/O signals connected. If the number of the core wires in the cable is less than the number of the I/O signal, use multiple cables in combination.
Example) To connect 24 I/O signals → Use two cables in which the number of the core wires is 12 pieces.

Driver cable model list

Length [m (ft.)]	Number of lead wire			
	6 pcs.	10 pcs.	12 pcs.	16 pcs.
0.5 (1.6)	CC06D005B-1	CC10D005B-1	CC12D005B-1	CC16D005B-1
1 (3.3)	CC06D010B-1	CC10D010B-1	CC12D010B-1	CC16D010B-1
1.5 (4.9)	CC06D015B-1	CC10D015B-1	CC12D015B-1	CC16D015B-1
2 (6.6)	CC06D020B-1	CC10D020B-1	CC12D020B-1	CC16D020B-1

15-3 RS-485 communication cable

This cable is necessary when connecting two or more drivers of the built-in controller type or the pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface. It can connect between drivers by connecting to the CN6 and CN7 connectors. Also, it can be used when connecting the driver and the network converter.

Model: **CC001-RS4** [0.1 m (0.3 ft.)]

15-4 Wiring support tool

■ Pulse signal converter for noise immunity

It eliminates the noise of the pulse signal and changes the pulse signal to the line driver type.

Model: **VCS06**

■ CR circuit for surge suppression

This product is effective to suppress the surge which occurs in a relay contact part. Use it to protect the contacts of the relay or switch.

Model: **EPCR1201-2**

■ CR circuit module

This product is effective to suppress the surge which occurs in a relay contact part. Use this product to protect the contacts of the relay or switch.

4 pieces of CR circuit for surge suppression are mounted on the compact circuit, and this product can be installed to the DIN rail. This product can make the wiring easily and securely since it also supports terminal block connection.

Model: **VCS02**

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Published in October 2016

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