## Orientalmotor

## Motorized Actuator

## Compact Motorized Cylinder

- DR Series
- DRS2 Series
- DRLII Series


## Function Setting Edition

[^0]1 Introduction ..... 3
1-1 Before use .....  .3
1-2 How to use this manual ..... 3
1-3 Related operating manuals ..... 3
1-4 Setting procedure .....  .4
■ DR Series (equipped with the AZ Series), DRS2 Series ..... 4

- DR Series (equipped with the PKP Series), DRLII Series .....  4
1-5 Traveling direction of the moving part.. .....  5
1-6 How to describe the model name in this manual ..... 5
2 When using the DR Series ..... 6
2-1 When the equipped motor is the
AZ Series ..... 6
■ How to read the table ..... 6
- Mechanism limit ..... 7
■ DR20 1 (lead 1 mm) .....  8
■ DR28 $\square 1$ (lead 1 mm) ..... 9
■ DR28 $\square 2.5$ (lead 2.5 mm ) .....  10
2-2 When the equipped motor is the PKP Series ..... 12
- Setting of minimum travel amount .....  .12
3 When using the DRS2 Series ..... 13
3-1 When the equipped motor is the AZ Series ..... 13
- How to read the table .....  13
- Mechanism limit ..... 14
- DRSM42ロロ- $\square$ 2 (lead 2 mm ) .....  15
- DRSM60 $\square \square-\square \square 4$ (lead 4 mm) .....  16
■ DRSM42 $\square \square-\square \square 8$ (lead 8 mm). .....  17
4 When using the DRLII Series ..... 19
4-1 Set the minimum travel amount ..... 19
■ Pulse input type .....  19
■ RS-485 communication type .....  22
■ Built-in controller type .....  24
5 Operation (Actuators equipped with the AZ Series only) ..... 25
5-1 Push-motion return-to-home operation ..... 25
■ Actuator movement .....  25
- Operating speed .....  26
- Push force .....  26
5-2 Push-motion operation ..... 26
■ Maximum push force .....  26
■ Operating speed .....  26
- Relationship between the push force and current ..... 27


## 1 Introduction

## 1-1 Before use

Only qualified personnel of electrical and mechanical engineering should work with the product.
Use the product correctly after thoroughly reading the section "Safety precautions" on the OPERATING MANUAL
Actuator Edition. In addition, be sure to observe the contents described in caution and note in this manual.
The motorized actuators described in this manual have been designed and manufactured to be incorporated in general industrial equipment. Do not use for any other purpose. Oriental Motor Co., Ltd. is not responsible for any damage caused through failure to observe this warning.

## Notation on this manual

| Note | Handling the product without observing the instructions that accompany a "CAUTION" <br> symbol may result in injury or property damage. |
| :--- | :--- |
| The items under this heading contain important handling instructions that the user |  |
| should observe to ensure the safe use of the product. |  |

## 1-2 How to use this manual

This manual explains about parameters required for operation of motorized actuators.
Use it in the following cases.

- To check the factory setting for parameters.
- To check the upper limit values for parameters.
- To change the traveling direction of the moving part.
- To perform push-motion return-to-home operation.
- To perform push-motion operation.


## 1-3 Related operating manuals

For operating manuals, download from Oriental Motor Website Download Page or contact your nearest Oriental Motor sales office.

- DR Series (equipped with AZ Series), DRS2 Series
- OPERATING MANUAL Actuator Edition
- Motorized Actuator Compact Motorized Cylinder OPERATING MANUAL Function Setting Edition (this document)
- $\mathbf{A Z}$ Series/Motorized Actuator equipped with $\mathbf{A Z}$ Series OPERATING MANUAL Function Edition

Refer to the operating manual of the driver for contents not described in these manuals.

- DR Series (equipped with PKP Series), DRLII Series

```
- OPERATING MANUAL Actuator Edition
- Motorized Actuator Compact Motorized Cylinder OPERATING MANUAL Function Setting Edition (this document)
```

Refer to the operating manual of the driver for contents not described in these manuals.

## 1-4 Setting procedure

## DR Series (equipped with the AZ Series), DRS2 Series

These actuators can be used with the parameters at the time of shipment.

| 1 | Install and connect a motorized actuator and a driver. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 | Connect and start the support software MEXEO2. |
| 3 | Copy the ABZO information (fixed value) to the driver. <br> Parameters such as the traveling direction and minimum travel amount have <br> been set in the ABZO sensor at the time of shipment. <br> Using the MEXEO2, match the fixed value of the ABZO sensor and the setting <br> value of the driver parameter. |
| 4 | Set the software limit when no sensor is used. |
| 5 | Write the set data to the driver. |
| 6 | Check the movement of the motorized actuator. |
| 7 | Save the set data. |

## DR Series (equipped with the PKP Series), DRLII Series

| $\mathbf{1}$ | Install and connect a motorized actuator and a driver. |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Set the minimum travel amount. <br> Pulse input type: The minimum travel amount can be set using the switches <br> on the driver. <br> RS-485 communication type, built-in controller type: The minimum travel <br> amount can be set with the parameters. |
| 3 | Check the movement of the motorized actuator. |

## 1-5 Traveling direction of the moving part

The traveling direction of the moving part varies depending on the setting of the travel amount or the input method of the pulse signal. Check in the table.
The table describes examples when an actuator is used with the factory setting.


## 1-6 How to describe the model name in this manual

The setting values of parameters for the motorized actuator vary depending on the frame size or ball screw lead. Alphanumeric characters other than the frame size or ball screw lead of the motorized actuator are omitted from the model names described in this manual.

- Examples for description of DR Series

| To describe so that the frame size can be understand | DR28 |
| :---: | :--- |
| To describe so that the frame size and the ball screw |  |
| lead can be understand | DR28 $\square \mathbf{1}($ lead 1 mm$)$ |
|  | DR28 $\square \mathbf{2 . 5}($ lead 2.5 mm$)$ |

- Examples for description of DRS2 Series

| To describe so that the frame size can be understand | DRSM42, DRSM60 |
| :--- | :--- |
| To describe so that the frame size and the ball screw | DRSM42 $\square \square-\square \square \mathbf{2}$ (lead 2 mm ) |
| lead can be understand | DRSM60 $\square \square-\square \square 4$ (lead 4 mm ) |
|  | DRSM42 $\square \square-\square \square \mathbf{8}($ lead 8 mm$)$ |

- Examples for description of DRLII Series

```
To describe so that the frame size can be understand
DRLM20, DRLM42
```


## 2 When using the DR Series

## 2-1 When the equipped motor is the AZ Series

## The motorized actuator equipped with the AZ Series can be used with the parameters at the time of shipment.

Note
Do not perform push-motion operation with the DR20 $\square \mathbf{1}$ and DR28 $\square \mathbf{1}$ (ball screw lead 1 mm ) equipped with the $\mathbf{A Z}$ Series. The TLC output may be turned ON before push-motion operation is complete. (Push-motion return-to-home operation can be performed.)
memo - Set the operating speed by checking the specification of the maximum speed.

- The maximum speed may decrease depending on the ambient temperature or the motor cable length.
- Rod type:

Be sure to set the home position before starting operation since it is not set at the time of shipment. [For actuators other than the rod type, the home position (factory home position) is set at the time of shipment.]

- When using in combination with the pulse input type driver: Use the function setting switch No. 1 (resolution setting) with the factory setting as it is. If it is changed, the ABZO information does not apply and the actuator will operate at a certain resolution.


## How to read the table

Parameters that have set a value dedicated for the motorized actuator are described on p. 8 and later. Setting the specified values enables operation that satisfies the specifications of the motorized actuator.
The minimum travel amount is set to " 0.001 mm " at the time of shipment. It makes easier to calculate the travel amount and others since the actuator moves 0.001 mm per one step.

| Item | Factory setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of travel amount: mm | Unit of travel amount: step |
| (JOG) Operating speed | $2[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $2[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| (JOG) Acceleration/deceleration | $0.5\left[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$ | $500[\mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{s}]$ |
| (JOG) Starting speed | 0.5 [mm/s] | $500[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |
|  |  |  |
| These values are set in the motorized Set the values in this column actuator at the time of shipment. when setting in unit of step. |  |  |

## Mechanism limit

The home position is set at the time of shipment for actuators other than the rod type of the DR Series. This is called "factory home position."
The mechanism limit (mechanical end) is stored in the ABZO sensor (fixed value) for products that the factory home position is set. If the moving part reaches the mechanism limit during operation, an alarm of mechanical overtravel is generated. The position of the mechanism limit does not change even if the home position is set by the customer side.
To disable the mechanism limit, change the "Mechanism limit parameter setting" parameter to "1: Disable."
However, if the mechanism limit is disabled, the moving part may strike the mechanical end or the ball screw shaft may not move with being jammed in the nut part, causing damage to the product. Operate with enough care.


* The figure shows the table type.
©CAUTION
When disabling the mechanism limit, be careful not to damage the product or equipment by thoroughly examining the operation data such as the travel amount (position) and the operating speed.
memo If the moving part reaches the mechanism limit on the negative direction and a state of generating the alarm of mechanical overtravel is continued, an alarm of overload may also be generated.


## DR20 $\square 1$ (lead 1 mm)

## - Product specifications

| Item |  | Factory setting |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Lead |  | $1[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| Minimum travel amount *1 |  | $0.001[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| Mechanism limit <br> positive direction *2 | Table type | $26[\mathrm{~mm}](26,000$ [step]) |
|  | Rod type | None |
| Mechanism limit <br> negative direction *2 | Table type | $-1[\mathrm{~mm}](-1,000$ [step]) |
|  | Rod type | None |

*1 The minimum travel amount is determined by the "Electronic gear" parameter and the ball screw lead.
*2 Distance from the factory home position.

- Upper limit value of setting

Note If a value exceeding the upper limit value is set to start operation, an alarm of operation data error is generated. The upper limit value can also be checked using the unit information monitor (mechanism protection parameter) of the MEXEO2.

| Item | Factory setting |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of travel amount: mm | Unit of travel amount: step |
| Maximum starting speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum operating speed | $20[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $20[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum pushing return-to-home speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum push current | $90[\%]^{*}$ | $90[\%]^{*}$ |

* It is the upper limit value when push-motion return-to-home operation is performed.
- Motor \& mechanism parameters

| Item | Factory setting |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of travel amount: mm | Unit of travel amount: step |
| Mechanism settings | Prioritize ABZO setting | Prioritize ABZO setting |
| Electronic gear A | 1 | 1 |
| Electronic gear B | 1 | 1 |
| Motor rotation direction | Positive side=Clockwise | Positive side=Clockwise |
| Mechanism lead pitch | 1 | 1 |
| Mechanism lead decimal digit setting | $\times 1[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | $\times 1[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| JOG/HOME/ZHOME operation setting | Prioritize ABZO setting | Prioritize ABZO setting |
| (JOG) Operating speed | $2[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $2[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| (JOG) Acceleration/deceleration | $0.2\left[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$ | $200[\mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{s}]$ |
| (JOG) Starting speed | $0.2[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $200[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |
| (JOG) Operating speed (high) | $10[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $10[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| (ZHOME) Operating speed | $10[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $10[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| (ZHOME) Acceleration/deceleration | $0.2\left[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$ | $200[\mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{s}]$ |
| (ZHOME) Starting speed | $0.2[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $200[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |
| (HOME) Home-seeking mode | Push | Push |
| (HOME) Starting direction | Negative direction | Negative direction |
| (HOME) Acceleration/deceleration | $0.2\left[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$ | $200[\mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{s}]$ |
| (HOME) Starting speed | $0.2[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $200[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |
| (HOME) Operating speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| (HOME) Last speed | $0.2[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $200[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |
| (HOME) Backward steps in 2 sensor home-seeking | $0.5[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | $500[\mathrm{step}]$ |


| Item | Factory setting |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of travel amount: mm | Unit of travel amount: step |
| (HOME) Operating amount in uni-directional <br> home-seeking | $0.5[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | 500 [step] |
| (HOME) Operating current for push-home-seeking | $90[\%]^{*}$ | $90[\%]^{*}$ |
| (HOME) Backward steps in push-home-seeking | $1[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | $1,000[\mathrm{step}]$ |

* When performing push-motion return-to-home operation, use the actuator with the operating current of the factory setting as much as possible. If the operating current smaller than the factory setting is set, the TLC output may be turned ON before push motion is complete, causing push-motion return-to-home operation to end at an unexpected position.


## DR28 $\quad 1$ (lead 1 mm)

- Product specifications

| Item |  | Factory setting |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Lead | Wide table type <br> Table type <br> Rod type with guide | $0.001[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| Minimum travel amount *1 |  |  |
| Mechanism limit <br> positive direction *2 | Rod type |  |
|  | Wide table type <br> Table type <br> Rod type with guide | None |
|  | Rod type | None |

*1 The minimum travel amount is determined by the "Electronic gear" parameter and the ball screw lead.
*2 Distance from the factory home position.

- Upper limit value of setting

Note If a value exceeding the upper limit value is set to start operation, an alarm of operation data error is generated. The upper limit value can also be checked using the unit information monitor (mechanism protection parameter) of the MEXEO2.

| Item | Factory setting |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of travel amount: mm | Unit of travel amount: step |
| Maximum starting speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum operating speed | $40[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $40[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum pushing return-to-home speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum push current | $55[\%]^{*}$ | $55[\%]^{*}$ |

* It is the upper limit value when push-motion return-to-home operation is performed.
- Motor \& mechanism parameters

| Item | Factory setting |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of travel amount: mm | Unit of travel amount: step |
| Mechanism settings | Prioritize ABZO setting | Prioritize ABZO setting |
| Electronic gear A | 1 | 1 |
| Electronic gear B | 1 | 1 |
| Motor rotation direction | Positive side=Clockwise | Positive side=Clockwise |
| Mechanism lead pitch | 1 | 1 |
| Mechanism lead decimal digit setting | $\times 1[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | $\times 1[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| JOG/HOME/ZHOME operation setting | Prioritize ABZO setting | Prioritize ABZO setting |
| (JOG) Operating speed | $2[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $2[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |


| Item | Factory setting |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of travel amount: mm | Unit of travel amount: step |
| (JOG) Acceleration/deceleration | $0.2\left[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$ | $200[\mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{s}]$ |
| (JOG) Starting speed | $0.2[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $200[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |
| (JOG) Operating speed (high) | $10[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $10[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| (ZHOME) Operating speed | $10[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $10[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| (ZHOME) Acceleration/deceleration | $0.2\left[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$ | $200[\mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{s}]$ |
| (ZHOME) Starting speed | $0.2[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $200[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |
| (HOME) Home-seeking mode | Push | Push |
| (HOME) Starting direction | Negative direction | Negative direction |
| (HOME) Acceleration/deceleration | $0.2\left[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$ | $200[\mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{s}]$ |
| (HOME) Starting speed | $0.2[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $200[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |
| (HOME) Operating speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| (HOME) Last speed | $0.2[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $200[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |
| (HOME) Backward steps in 2 sensor home-seeking | $0.5[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | $500[\mathrm{step}]$ |
| (HOME) Operating amount in uni-directional | $0.5[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | $500[\mathrm{step}]$ |
| home-seeking | $55[\%]^{*}$ | $55[\%] *$ |
| (HOME) Operating current for push-home-seeking | $1[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | $1,000[\mathrm{step}]$ |
| (HOME) Backward steps in push-home-seeking |  |  |

* When performing push-motion return-to-home operation, use the actuator with the operating current of the factory setting as much as possible. If the operating current smaller than the factory setting is set, the TLC output may be turned ON before push motion is complete, causing push-motion return-to-home operation to end at an unexpected position.


## DR28 $\quad 2.5$ (lead 2.5 mm )

- Product specifications

| Item |  | Factory setting |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Lead |  | $2.5[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| Minimum travel amount *1 |  | $0.001[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| Mechanism limit <br> positive direction *2 | Wide table type <br> Table type <br> Rod type with guide | $31[\mathrm{~mm}](31,000$ [step]) |
|  | Rod type | None |
|  | Wide table type <br> Table type <br> Rod type with guide | $-1[\mathrm{~mm}](-1,000[$ step]) |
|  | Rod type | None |

*1 The minimum travel amount is determined by the "Electronic gear" parameter and the ball screw lead.
*2 Distance from the factory home position.

- Upper limit value of setting

Note If a value exceeding the upper limit value is set to start operation, an alarm of operation data error is generated. The upper limit value can also be checked using the unit information monitor (mechanism protection parameter) of the MEXEO2.

| Item | Factory setting |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of travel amount: mm | Unit of travel amount: step |
| Maximum starting speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum operating speed | $100[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $10[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum pushing speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum pushing return-to-home speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |


| Item | Factory setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of travel amount: mm | Unit of travel amount: step |
| Maximum push current | $70[\%]^{*}$ | 70 [\%] * |

* It is the upper limit value when push-motion return-to-home operation is performed. When push-motion operation is performed, check the upper limit value with the graph on p.27.
- Motor \& mechanism parameters

| Item | Factory setting |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of travel amount: mm | Unit of travel amount: step |
| Mechanism settings | Prioritize ABZO setting | Prioritize ABZO setting |
| Electronic gear A | 2 | 2 |
| Electronic gear B | 5 | 5 |
| Motor rotation direction | Positive side=Clockwise | Positive side=Clockwise |
| Mechanism lead pitch | 25 | 25 |
| Mechanism lead decimal digit setting | $\times 0.1[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | $\times 0.1[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| JOG/HOME/ZHOME operation setting | Prioritize ABZO setting | Prioritize ABZO setting |
| (JOG) Operating speed | $2[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $2[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| (JOG) Acceleration/deceleration | $0.5\left[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$ | $500[\mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{s}]$ |
| (JOG) Starting speed | $0.5[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $500[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |
| (JOG) Operating speed (high) | $10[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $10[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| (ZHOME) Operating speed | $10[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $10[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| (ZHOME) Acceleration/deceleration | $0.5\left[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$ | $500[\mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{s}]$ |
| (ZHOME) Starting speed | $0.5[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $500[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |
| (HOME) Home-seeking mode | Push | Push |
| (HOME) Starting direction | Negative direction | Negative direction |
| (HOME) Acceleration/deceleration | $0.5\left[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$ | $500[\mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{s}]$ |
| (HOME) Starting speed | $0.5[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $500[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |
| (HOME) Operating speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| (HOME) Last speed | $0.5[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $500[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |
| (HOME) Backward steps in 2 sensor home-seeking | $0.5[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | $500[\mathrm{step}]$ |
| (HOME) Operating amount in uni-directional | $0.5[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | $500[\mathrm{step}]$ |
| home-seeking | $70[\%] *$ | $70[\%] *$ |
| (HOME) Operating current for push-home-seeking | $1[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | $1,000[\mathrm{step}]$ |
| (HOME) Backward steps in push-home-seeking |  |  |

* When performing push-motion return-to-home operation, use the actuator with the operating current of the factory setting as much as possible. If the operating current smaller than the factory setting is set, the TLC output may be turned ON before push motion is complete, causing push-motion return-to-home operation to end at an unexpected position.


## 2-2 When the equipped motor is the PKP Series

## Setting of minimum travel amount

The minimum travel amount can be set based on a combination of the STEP switch and R2/R1 switch on the driver.
Factory setting 0.0125 mm (STEP switch: 0, R2/R1 switch: R2 side)
Note Do not change the switch while operating. This may cause the motorized actuator to misstep and stop.

Combination of switches and minimum travel (mm)

| Dial of STEP <br> switch | R2/R1 switch |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | R2 side | R1 side |
| 0 | 0.0125 | 0.005 |
| 1 | 0.00625 | 0.0025 |
| 2 | 0.003125 | 0.002 |
| 3 | 0.0025 | 0.00125 |
| 4 | 0.0015625 | 0.001 |
| 5 | 0.00125 | 0.000625 |
| 6 | 0.00078125 | 0.0005 |
| 7 | 0.0005 | 0.00025 |
| 8 | 0.000390625 | 0.0002 |
| 9 | 0.00025 | 0.000125 |
| A | 0.0001953125 | 0.0001 |
| B | 0.000125 | 0.0000625 |
| C | 0.0001 | 0.00005 |
| D | 0.00009765625 | 0.00004 |
| E | 0.00005 | 0.000025 |
| F | 0.000048828125 | 0.00002 |

memo - Values for the minimum travel amount are theoretical values.

- The set switches are enabled after the power is turned on again.


## 3 When using the DRS2 Series

## 3-1 When the equipped motor is the AZ Series

The motorized actuator equipped with the AZ Series can be used with the parameters at the time of shipment.
memo - Set the operating speed by checking the specification of the maximum speed.

- The maximum speed may decrease depending on the ambient temperature or the motor cable length.
- Non-guide type:

Be sure to set the home position before starting operation since it is not set at the time of shipment. [The home position (factory home position) for the guide type is set at the time of shipment.]

- When using in combination with the pulse input type driver:

Use the function setting switch No. 1 (resolution setting) with the factory setting as it is. If it is changed, the ABZO information does not apply and the actuator will operate at a certain resolution.

## How to read the table

Parameters that have set a value dedicated for the motorized actuator are described on p .15 and later. Setting the specified values enables operation that satisfies the specifications of the motorized actuator.
The minimum travel amount is set to " 0.001 mm " at the time of shipment. It makes easier to calculate the travel amount and others since the actuator moves 0.001 mm per one step.

| Item | Factory setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of travel amount: mm | Unit of travel amount: step |
| (JOG) Operating speed | $2[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $2[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| (JOG) Acceleration/deceleration | 0.4 [m/ $\mathrm{s}^{2}$ ] | 400 [kHz/s] |
| (JOG) Starting speed | 0.4 [mm/s] | 400 [Hz] |
|  | values are set in the moto uator at the time of shipme | Set the values in this column when setting in unit of step. |

## Mechanism limit

The home position for the guide type is set at the time of shipment. This is called "factory home position." The mechanism limit (mechanical end) is stored in the ABZO sensor (fixed value) for products that the factory home position is set. If the moving part reaches the mechanism limit during operation, an alarm of mechanical overtravel is generated. The position of the mechanism limit does not change even if the home position is set by the customer side.
To disable the mechanism limit, change the "Mechanism limit parameter setting" parameter to "1: Disable."
However, if the mechanism limit is disabled, the moving part may strike the mechanical end or the ball screw shaft may not move with being jammed in the nut part, causing damage to the product. Operate with enough care.

$\triangle$ CAUTION
When disabling the mechanism limit, be careful not to damage the product or equipment by thoroughly examining the operation data such as the travel amount (position) and the operating speed.
memo If the moving part reaches the mechanism limit on the negative direction and a state of generating the alarm of mechanical overtravel is continued, an alarm of overload may also be generated.

## DRSM42 $\square \square-\square \square 2$ (lead 2 mm)

## - Product specifications

| Item |  | Factory setting |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Lead |  | $2[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| Minimum travel amount *1 |  | $0.001[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| Mechanism limit <br> positive direction *2 | Guide type | $41[\mathrm{~mm}](41,000[$ step $])$ |
|  | Non-guide type | None |
| Mechanism limit <br> negative direction *2 | Guide type | $-1[\mathrm{~mm}](-1,000[$ step] $)$ |
|  | Non-guide type | None |

*1 The minimum travel amount is determined by the "Electronic gear" parameter and the ball screw lead.
*2 Distance from the factory home position.

- Upper limit value of setting

Note If a value exceeding the upper limit value is set to start operation, an alarm of operation data error is generated. The upper limit value can also be checked using the unit information monitor (mechanism protection parameter) of the MEXEO2.

| Item | Factory setting |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of travel amount: mm | Unit of travel amount: step |
| Maximum starting speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum operating speed | $50[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $50[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum pushing speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum pushing return-to-home speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum push current | $55[\%]^{*}$ | $55[\%]^{*}$ |

* It is the upper limit value when push-motion return-to-home operation is performed. When push-motion operation is performed, check the upper limit value with the graph on p.27.
- Motor \& mechanism paramters

| Item | Factory setting |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of travel amount: mm | Unit of travel amount: step |
| Mechanism settings | Prioritize ABZO setting | Prioritize ABZO setting |
| Electronic gear A | 1 | 1 |
| Electronic gear B | 2 | 2 |
| Motor rotation direction | Positive side=Clockwise | Positive side=Clockwise |
| Mechanism lead pitch | 2 | 2 |
| Mechanism lead decimal digit setting | $\times 1[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | $\times 1[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| JOG/HOME/ZHOME operation setting | Prioritize ABZO setting | Prioritize ABZO setting |
| (JOG) Operating speed | $2[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $2[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| (JOG) Acceleration/deceleration | $0.4\left[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$ | $400[\mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{s}]$ |
| (JOG) Starting speed | $0.4[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $400[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |
| (JOG) Operating speed (high) | $10[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $10[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| (ZHOME) Operating speed | $10[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $10[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| (ZHOME) Acceleration/deceleration | $0.4\left[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$ | $400[\mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{s}]$ |
| (ZHOME) Starting speed | $0.4[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $400[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |
| (HOME) Home-seeking mode | Push | Push |
| (HOME) Starting direction | Negative direction | Negative direction |
| (HOME) Acceleration/deceleration | $0.4\left[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$ | $400[\mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{s}]$ |
| (HOME) Starting speed | $0.4[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $400[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |
| (HOME) Operating speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |


| Item | Factory setting |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of travel amount: mm | Unit of travel amount: step |
| (HOME) Last speed | $0.4[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $400[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |
| (HOME) Backward steps in 2 sensor home-seeking | $0.4[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | $400[\mathrm{step}]$ |
| (HOME) Operating amount in uni-directional <br> home-seeking | $0.4[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | 400 [step] |
| (HOME) Operating current for push-home-seeking | $55[\%] *$ | $55[\%] *$ |
| (HOME) Backward steps in push-home-seeking | $1[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | $1,000[\mathrm{step}]$ |

* When performing push-motion return-to-home operation, use the actuator with the operating current of the factory setting as much as possible. If the operating current smaller than the factory setting is set, the TLC output may be turned ON before push motion is complete, causing push-motion return-to-home operation to end at an unexpected position.


## ■ DRSM60 $\square \square-\square \square 4$ (lead 4 mm)

## - Product specifications

| Item | Factory setting |
| :--- | :---: |
| Lead | $4[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| Minimum travel amount *1 | $0.001[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| Mechanism limit positive direction *2 | None |
| Mechanism limit negative direction *2 | None |

*1 The minimum travel amount is determined by the "Electronic gear" parameter and the ball screw lead.
*2 Distance from the factory home position.

- Upper limit value of setting

Note If a value exceeding the upper limit value is set to start operation, an alarm of operation data error is generated. The upper limit value can also be checked using the unit information monitor (mechanism protection parameter) of the MEXE02.

| Item | Factory setting |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of travel amount: mm | Unit of travel amount: step |
| Maximum starting speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum operating speed | $50[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $50[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum pushing speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum pushing return-to-home speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum push current | $75[\%]^{*}$ | $75[\%] *$ |

* It is the upper limit value when push-motion return-to-home operation is performed. When push-motion operation is performed, check the upper limit value with the graph on p.27.
- Motor \& mechanism parameters

| Item | Factory setting |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of travel amount: mm | Unit of travel amount: step |
| Mechanism settings | Prioritize ABZO setting | Prioritize ABZO setting |
| Electronic gear A | 1 | 1 |
| Electronic gear B | 4 | 4 |
| Motor rotation direction | Positive side=Clockwise | Positive side=Clockwise |
| Mechanism lead pitch | 4 | 4 |
| Mechanism lead decimal digit setting | $\times 1[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | $\times 1[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| JOG/HOME/ZHOME operation setting | Prioritize ABZO setting | Prioritize ABZO setting |
| (JOG) Operating speed | $2[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $2[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| (JOG) Acceleration/deceleration | $0.4\left[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$ | $400[\mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{s}]$ |


| Item |  | Factory setting |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Unit of travel amount: step |  |
| (JOG) Starting speed | $0.8[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $800[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |  |
| (JOG) Operating speed (high) | $10[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $10[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |  |
| (ZHOME) Operating speed | $10[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $10[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |  |
| (ZHOME) Acceleration/deceleration | $0.4\left[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$ | $400[\mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{s}]$ |  |
| (ZHOME) Starting speed | $0.8[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $800[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |  |
| (HOME) Home-seeking mode | Push | Push |  |
| (HOME) Starting direction | Negative direction | Negative direction |  |
| (HOME) Acceleration/deceleration | $0.4\left[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$ | $400[\mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{s}]$ |  |
| (HOME) Starting speed | $0.8[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $800[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |  |
| (HOME) Operating speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |  |
| (HOME) Last speed | $0.8[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $800[\mathrm{~Hz}]$ |  |
| (HOME) Backward steps in 2 sensor home-seeking | $0.5[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | $500[\mathrm{step}]$ |  |
| (HOME) Operating amount in uni-directional | $0.5[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | $500[\mathrm{step}]$ |  |
| home-seeking | $75[\%] *$ | $75[\%] *$ |  |
| (HOME) Operating current for push-home-seeking | $1.6[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | $1,600[\mathrm{step}]$ |  |
| (HOME) Backward steps in push-home-seeking |  |  |  |

* When performing push-motion return-to-home operation, use the actuator with the operating current of the factory setting as much as possible. If the operating current smaller than the factory setting is set, the TLC output may be turned ON before push motion is complete, causing push-motion return-to-home operation to end at an unexpected position.


## DRSM42 $\square \square-\square \square 8$ (lead 8 mm)

## - Product specifications

| Item |  | Factory setting |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Lead | $8[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |  |
| Minimum travel amount *1 | $0.001[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |  |
| Mechanism limit <br> positive direction *2 | Guide type | $41[\mathrm{~mm}](41,000$ [step]) |
|  | Non-guide type | None |
| Mechanism limit <br> negative direction *2 | Guide type | $-1[\mathrm{~mm}](-1,000[$ step] $)$ |
|  | Non-guide type | None |

*1 The minimum travel amount is determined by the "Electronic gear" parameter and the ball screw lead.
*2 Distance from the factory home position.

- Upper limit value of setting

Note If a value exceeding the upper limit value is set to start operation, an alarm of operation data error is generated. The upper limit value can also be checked using the unit information monitor (mechanism protection parameter) of the MEXEO2.

| Item | Factory setting |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of travel amount: mm | Unit of travel amount: step |
| Maximum starting speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum operating speed | $200[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $200[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum pushing speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum pushing return-to-home speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | $6[\mathrm{kHz}]$ |
| Maximum push current | $65[\%] *$ | $65[\%] *$ |

[^1]- Motor \& mechanism parameters

| Item | Factory setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of travel amount: mm | Unit of travel amount: step |
| Mechanism settings | Prioritize ABZO setting | Prioritize ABZO setting |
| Electronic gear A | 1 | 1 |
| Electronic gear B | 8 | 8 |
| Motor rotation direction | Positive side=Clockwise | Positive side=Clockwise |
| Mechanism lead pitch | 8 | 8 |
| Mechanism lead decimal digit setting | $\times 1$ [mm] | $\times 1$ [mm] |
| JOG/HOME/ZHOME operation setting | Prioritize ABZO setting | Prioritize ABZO setting |
| (JOG) Operating speed | 2 [mm/s] | 2 [kHz] |
| (JOG) Acceleration/deceleration | $0.4\left[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$ | 400 [kHz/s] |
| (JOG) Starting speed | 0.4 [mm/s] | 400 [Hz] |
| (JOG) Operating speed (high) | 10 [mm/s] | 10 [kHz] |
| (ZHOME) Operating speed | $10[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | 10 [kHz] |
| (ZHOME) Acceleration/deceleration | $0.4\left[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$ | 400 [kHz/s] |
| (ZHOME) Starting speed | 0.4 [mm/s] | 400 [Hz] |
| (HOME) Home-seeking mode | Push | Push |
| (HOME) Starting direction | Negative direction | Negative direction |
| (HOME) Acceleration/deceleration | $0.4\left[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$ | 400 [kHz/s] |
| (HOME) Starting speed | 0.4 [mm/s] | 400 [Hz] |
| (HOME) Operating speed | $6[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | 6 [kHz] |
| (HOME) Last speed | $0.4[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ | 400 [Hz] |
| (HOME) Backward steps in 2 sensor home-seeking | 0.4 [mm] | 400 [step] |
| (HOME) Operating amount in uni-directional home-seeking | 0.4 [mm] | 400 [step] |
| (HOME) Operating current for push-home-seeking | 65 [\%] * | 65 [\%] * |
| (HOME) Backward steps in push-home-seeking | 1 [mm] | 1,000 [step] |

* When performing push-motion return-to-home operation, use the actuator with the operating current of the factory setting as much as possible. If the operating current smaller than the factory setting is set, the TLC output may be turned ON before push motion is complete, causing push-motion return-to-home operation to end at an unexpected position.


## 4 When using the DRLII Series

## 4-1 Set the minimum travel amount

## Pulse input type

The minimum travel amount can be set based on a combination of the STEP switch and R2/R1 switch on the driver.
Factory setting STEP switch: 0
R2/R1 switch: R1 side

Note Do not change the switches while operating. This may cause the motorized cylinder to misstep and stop.
memo - Values for the minimum travel amount are theoretical values.

- The set switches are enabled after the power is turned on again.


## - For standard type motor

When R2/R1 switch is set to R1 side

| STEP switch | Minimum travel amount (mm) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DRLM20 | DRLM28 | DRLM42 |  | DRLM60 |
|  | Lead 1 mm | Lead 1 mm | Lead 2 mm | Lead 8 mm | Lead 4 mm |
| 0 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.004 | 0.016 | 0.008 |
| 1 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.008 | 0.004 |
| 2 | 0.0008 | 0.0008 | 0.0016 | 0.0064 | 0.0032 |
| 3 | 0.0005 | 0.0005 | 0.001 | 0.004 | 0.002 |
| 4 | 0.0004 | 0.0004 | 0.0008 | 0.0032 | 0.0016 |
| 5 | 0.00025 | 0.00025 | 0.0005 | 0.002 | 0.001 |
| 6 | 0.0002 | 0.0002 | 0.0004 | 0.0016 | 0.0008 |
| 7 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 | 0.0002 | 0.0008 | 0.0004 |
| 8 | 0.00008 | 0.00008 | 0.00016 | 0.00064 | 0.00032 |
| 9 | 0.00005 | 0.00005 | 0.0001 | 0.0004 | 0.0002 |
| A | 0.00004 | 0.00004 | 0.00008 | 0.00032 | 0.00016 |
| B | 0.000025 | 0.000025 | 0.00005 | 0.0002 | 0.0001 |
| C | 0.00002 | 0.00002 | 0.00004 | 0.00016 | 0.00008 |
| D | 0.000016 | 0.000016 | 0.000032 | 0.000128 | 0.000064 |
| E | 0.00001 | 0.00001 | 0.00002 | 0.00008 | 0.00004 |
| F | 0.000008 | 0.000008 | 0.000016 | 0.000064 | 0.000032 |

When $\mathrm{R} 2 / \mathrm{R} 1$ switch is set to R 2 side

| STEP <br> switch | Minimum travel amount (mm) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DRLM20 | DRLM28 | DRLM42 |  | DRLM60 |
|  | Lead 1 mm | Lead 1 mm | Lead 2 mm | Lead 8 mm | Lead 4 mm |
| 0 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.02 |
| 1 | 0.0025 | 0.0025 | 0.005 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 2 | 0.00125 | 0.00125 | 0.0025 | 0.01 | 0.005 |
| 3 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.008 | 0.004 |
| 4 | 0.000625 | 0.000625 | 0.00125 | 0.005 | 0.0025 |
| 5 | 0.0005 | 0.0005 | 0.001 | 0.004 | 0.002 |
| 6 | 0.0003125 | 0.0003125 | 0.000625 | 0.0025 | 0.00125 |
| 7 | 0.0002 | 0.0002 | 0.0004 | 0.0016 | 0.0008 |
| 8 | 0.00015625 | 0.00015625 | 0.0003125 | 0.00125 | 0.000625 |
| 9 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 | 0.0002 | 0.0008 | 0.0004 |
| A | 0.000078125 | 0.000078125 | 0.00015625 | 0.000625 | 0.0003125 |
| B | 0.00005 | 0.00005 | 0.0001 | 0.0004 | 0.0002 |
| C | 0.00004 | 0.00004 | 0.00008 | 0.00032 | 0.00016 |
| D | 0.0000390625 | 0.0000390625 | 0.000078125 | 0.0003125 | 0.00015625 |
| E | 0.00002 | 0.00002 | 0.00004 | 0.00016 | 0.00008 |
| F | 0.00001953125 | 0.00001953125 | 0.0000390625 | 0.00015625 | 0.000078125 |

- For high-resolution type motor

When R2/R1 switch is set to R1 side

| STEP <br> switch <br>   <br>  <br> $\|$$\mid c$ <br> DRLM28 | DRLM42 1 mm |  | Lead 2 mm |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.004 |
| 1 | 0.0005 | 0.001 | 0.002 |
| 2 | 0.0004 | 0.0008 | 0.0016 |
| 3 | 0.00025 | 0.0005 | 0.001 |
| 4 | 0.0002 | 0.0004 | 0.0008 |
| 5 | 0.000125 | 0.00025 | 0.0005 |
| 6 | 0.0001 | 0.0002 | 0.0004 |
| 7 | 0.00005 | 0.0001 | 0.0002 |
| 8 | 0.00004 | 0.00008 | 0.00016 |
| 9 | 0.000025 | 0.00005 | 0.0001 |
| A | 0.00002 | 0.00004 | 0.00008 |
| B | 0.0000125 | 0.000025 | 0.00005 |
| C | 0.00001 | 0.00002 | 0.00004 |
| D | 0.000008 | 0.000016 | 0.000032 |
| E | 0.000005 | 0.00001 | 0.00002 |
| F | 0.000004 | 0.000008 | 0.000016 |

When $\mathrm{R} 2 / \mathrm{R} 1$ switch is set to R 2 side

| STEP <br> switch | Minimum travel amount (mm) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DRLM28 | DRLM42 | DRLM60 |
|  | Lead 1 mm | Lead 2 mm | Lead 4 mm |
| 0 | 0.0025 | 0.005 | 0.01 |
| 1 | 0.00125 | 0.0025 | 0.005 |
| 2 | 0.000625 | 0.00125 | 0.0025 |
| 3 | 0.0005 | 0.001 | 0.002 |
| 4 | 0.0003125 | 0.000625 | 0.00125 |
| 5 | 0.00025 | 0.0005 | 0.001 |
| 6 | 0.00015625 | 0.0003125 | 0.000625 |
| 7 | 0.0001 | 0.0002 | 0.0004 |
| 8 | 0.000078125 | 0.00015625 | 0.0003125 |
| 9 | 0.00005 | 0.0001 | 0.0002 |
| A | 0.0000390625 | 0.000078125 | 0.00015625 |
| B | 0.000025 | 0.00005 | 0.0001 |
| C | 0.00002 | 0.00004 | 0.00008 |
| D | 0.00001953125 | 0.0000390625 | 0.000078125 |
| E | 0.00001 | 0.00002 | 0.00004 |
| F | 0.000009765625 | 0.00001953125 | 0.0000390625 |

## - RS-485 communication type

The minimum travel amount can be set with the "Base resolution setting" parameter and "Resolution" parameter.
Initial value "Base resolution setting" parameter:-1 (Depending on the driver product name) "Resolution" parameter: 1
memo - Values for the minimum travel amount are theoretical values.

- Set"-1: Depending on the driver product name" or "1:500 P/R" to the "Base resolution setting" parameter. Do not set "0."
- For standard type motor

| "Resolution" parameter |  | Minimum travel amount (mm) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | DRLM20 | DRLM28 | DRLM42 |  | DRLM60 |
| RS-485 communication | MEXE02 | Lead 1 mm | Lead 1 mm | Lead 2 mm | Lead 8 mm | Lead 4 mm |
| 0 | 200 [P/R]/500 [P/R] | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.004 | 0.016 | 0.008 |
| 1 | 400 [P/R]/1,000 [P/R] | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.008 | 0.004 |
| 2 | $800[P / R] / 1,250[P / R]$ | 0.0008 | 0.0008 | 0.0016 | 0.0064 | 0.0032 |
| 3 | 1,000 [P/R]/2,000 [P/R] | 0.0005 | 0.0005 | 0.001 | 0.004 | 0.002 |
| 4 | 1,600 [P/R]/2,500 [P/R] | 0.0004 | 0.0004 | 0.0008 | 0.0032 | 0.0016 |
| 5 | 2,000 [P/R]/4,000 [P/R] | 0.00025 | 0.00025 | 0.0005 | 0.002 | 0.001 |
| 6 | 3,200 [P/R]/5,000 [P/R] | 0.0002 | 0.0002 | 0.0004 | 0.0016 | 0.0008 |
| 7 | 5,000 [P/R]/10,000 [P/R] | 0.0001 | 0.0001 | 0.0002 | 0.0008 | 0.0004 |
| 8 | 6,400 [P/R]/12,500 [P/R] | 0.00008 | 0.00008 | 0.00016 | 0.00064 | 0.00032 |
| 9 | 10,000 [P/R]/20,000 [P/R] | 0.00005 | 0.00005 | 0.0001 | 0.0004 | 0.0002 |
| 10 | 12,800 [P/R]/25,000 [P/R] | 0.00004 | 0.00004 | 0.00008 | 0.00032 | 0.00016 |
| 11 | 20,000 [P/R]/40,000 [P/R] | 0.000025 | 0.000025 | 0.00005 | 0.0002 | 0.0001 |
| 12 | 25,000 [P/R]/50,000 [P/R] | 0.00002 | 0.00002 | 0.00004 | 0.00016 | 0.00008 |
| 13 | 25,600 [P/R]/62,500 [P/R] | 0.000016 | 0.000016 | 0.000032 | 0.000128 | 0.000064 |
| 14 | 50,000 [P/R]/100,000 [P/R] | 0.00001 | 0.00001 | 0.00002 | 0.00008 | 0.00004 |
| 15 | 51,200 [P/R]/125,000 [P/R] | 0.000008 | 0.000008 | 0.000016 | 0.000064 | 0.000032 |

- For high-resolution type motor

| "Resolution" parameter |  | Minimum travel amount (mm) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | DRLM28 |  | DRLM42 | DRLM60 |
| 0 | $200[P / R] / 500[P / R]$ | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.004 |
| 1 | $400[P / R] / 1,000[P / R]$ | 0.0005 | 0.001 | 0.002 |
| 2 | $800[P / R] / 1,250[P / R]$ | 0.0004 | 0.0008 | 0.0016 |
| 3 | $1,000[P / R] / 2,000[P / R]$ | 0.00025 | 0.0005 | 0.001 |
| 4 | $1,600[P / R] / 2,500[P / R]$ | 0.0002 | 0.0004 | 0.0008 |
| 5 | $2,000[P / R] / 4,000[P / R]$ | 0.000125 | 0.00025 | 0.0005 |
| 6 | $3,200[P / R] / 5,000[P / R]$ | 0.0001 | 0.0002 | 0.0004 |
| 7 | $5,000[P / R] / 10,000[P / R]$ | 0.00005 | 0.0001 | 0.0002 |
| 8 | $6,400[P / R] / 12,500[P / R]$ | 0.00004 | 0.00008 | 0.00016 |
| 9 | $10,000[P / R] / 20,000[P / R]$ | 0.000025 | 0.00005 | 0.0001 |
| 10 | $12,800[P / R] / 25,000[P / R]$ | 0.00002 | 0.00004 | 0.00008 |
| 11 | $20,000[P / R] / 40,000[P / R]$ | 0.0000125 | 0.000025 | 0.00005 |
| 12 | $25,000[P / R] / 50,000[P / R]$ | 0.00001 | 0.00002 | 0.00004 |
| 13 | $25,600[P / R] / 62,500[P / R]$ | 0.000008 | 0.000016 | 0.000032 |
| 14 | $50,000[P / R] / 100,000[P / R]$ | 0.000005 | 0.00001 | 0.00002 |
| 15 | $51,200[P / R] / 125,000[P / R]$ | 0.000004 | 0.000008 | 0.000016 |

## Built-in controller type

The minimum travel amount can be set with the "Motor step angle" parameter.
memo Values for the minimum travel amount are theoretical values.

- For standard type motor

| "Motor step angle" <br> parameter | Minimum travel amount (mm) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | DRLM20 | DRLM28 | DRLM42 |  | DRLM60 |  |
| OPX-2A | MEXE02 | Lead 1 mm | Lead 1 mm | Lead 2 mm | Lead 8 mm | Lead 4 mm |
| 0 | 1 div. | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.004 | 0.016 | 0.008 |
| 1 | 2 div. | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.008 | 0.004 |
| 2 | 2.5 div. | 0.0008 | 0.0008 | 0.0016 | 0.0064 | 0.0032 |
| 3 | 4 div. | 0.0005 | 0.0005 | 0.001 | 0.004 | 0.002 |
| 4 | 5 div. | 0.0004 | 0.0004 | 0.0008 | 0.0032 | 0.0016 |
| 5 | 8 div. | 0.00025 | 0.00025 | 0.0005 | 0.002 | 0.001 |
| 6 | 10 div. | 0.0002 | 0.0002 | 0.0004 | 0.0016 | 0.0008 |
| 7 | 20 div. | 0.0001 | 0.0001 | 0.0002 | 0.0008 | 0.0004 |
| 8 | 25 div. | 0.00008 | 0.00008 | 0.00016 | 0.00064 | 0.00032 |
| 9 | 40 div. | 0.00005 | 0.00005 | 0.0001 | 0.0004 | 0.0002 |
| 10 | 50 div. | 0.00004 | 0.00004 | 0.00008 | 0.00032 | 0.00016 |
| 11 | 80 div. | 0.000025 | 0.000025 | 0.00005 | 0.0002 | 0.0001 |
| 12 | 100 div. | 0.00002 | 0.00002 | 0.00004 | 0.00016 | 0.00008 |
| 13 | 125 div. | 0.000016 | 0.000016 | 0.000032 | 0.000128 | 0.000064 |
| 14 | 200 div. | 0.00001 | 0.00001 | 0.00002 | 0.00008 | 0.00004 |
| 15 | 250 div. | 0.000008 | 0.000008 | 0.000016 | 0.000064 | 0.000032 |

- For high-resolution type motor

| "Motor step angle" <br> parameter | Minimum travel amount (mm) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | DRLM28 | DRLM42 | DRLM60 |  |
| OPX-2A | MEXE02 | Lead 1 mm | Lead 2 mm | Lead 4 mm |
| 0 | 1 div. | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.004 |
| 1 | 2 div. | 0.0005 | 0.001 | 0.002 |
| 2 | 2.5 div. | 0.0004 | 0.0008 | 0.0016 |
| 3 | 4 div. | 0.00025 | 0.0005 | 0.001 |
| 4 | 5 div. | 0.0002 | 0.0004 | 0.0008 |
| 5 | 8 div. | 0.000125 | 0.00025 | 0.0005 |
| 6 | 10 div. | 0.0001 | 0.0002 | 0.0004 |
| 7 | 20 div. | 0.00005 | 0.0001 | 0.0002 |
| 8 | 25 div. | 0.00004 | 0.00008 | 0.00016 |
| 9 | 40 div. | 0.000025 | 0.00005 | 0.0001 |
| 10 | 50 div. | 0.00002 | 0.00004 | 0.00008 |
| 11 | 80 div. | 0.0000125 | 0.000025 | 0.00005 |
| 12 | 100 div. | 0.00001 | 0.00002 | 0.00004 |
| 13 | 125 div. | 0.000008 | 0.000016 | 0.000032 |
| 14 | 200 div. | 0.000005 | 0.00001 | 0.00002 |
| 15 | 250 div. | 0.000004 | 0.000008 | 0.000016 |

## 5 Operation (Actuators equipped with the AZ Series only)

This chapter describes precautions when an actuator equipped with the AZ Series is operated.
Refer to the AZ Series OPERATING MANUAL Function Edition for descriptions about operations.
5-1 Push-motion return-to-home operation

- Perform push-motion return-to-home operation in the specification range of the dynamic permissible moment. Failure to do so may result in injury or damage to equipment. Check on the Oriental Motor Website for the dynamic permissible moment.
- If push-motion return-to-home operation is performed in the direction opposite the motor side, provide an external mechanism where the moving part can press within the moving range. Pressing in excess of the moving range may result in injury or damage to equipment.

When operating in a vertical direction, perform push-motion return-to-home operation to the downward direction. The home position may vary if you perform it to the upward direction.

## Actuator movement

When push-motion return-to-home operation is started, the ball screw shaft moves in the motor side. The set collar (stopper) presses against the pilot section to turn the TLC output ON, and the ball screw shaft reverses the traveling direction and stops after moved according to the value set in the "(HOME) Backward steps after first entry in push-home-seeking" parameter. (factory setting: 0)
The ball screw shaft reverses the traveling direction again, and the set color (stopper) presses against the pilot section to turn the TLC output ON. Then, it reverses the traveling direction once again and stops after moved according to the value set in the "(HOME) Backward steps in push-home-seeking" parameter.
After that, it moves according to the value set in the "(HOME) Position offset" and stops. (factory setting: 0)

1. Push-motion return-to-home operation starts.

2. It reverses again. The set collar (stopper) presses against the pilot section, and the TLC output is turned ON.

3. The set color (stopper) presses against the pilot section, and the TLC output is turned ON.

4. It reverses and stops after moving according to the value set in the "(HOME) Backward steps in push-home-seeking."

5. The ball screw shaft reverses and stops after moved according to the value set in the "(HOME) Backward steps after first entry in push-home-seeking." (factory setting: 0)

6. Again, it moves according to the value set in the "(HOME) Position offset" and stops. (factory setting: 0)


## ■ Operating speed

Set the operating speed of push－motion return－to－home operation to be equal to or less than the value shown in the table．

| Series | Upper limit of push－motion <br> return－to－home speed |
| :---: | :---: |
| DR | $6 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| DRS2 | $6 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ |

## Push force

The push force of push－motion return－to－home operation is proportional to the current value．An appropriate current value is set for each actuator at the time of shipment．When changing the push force，set a value with the＂（HOME） Operating current for push－home－seeking＂parameter not to exceed the upper limit value．

Note If a value exceeding the upper limit value is set to start operation，an alarm of operation data error is generated．The upper limit value can also be checked using the unit information monitor （mechanism protection parameter）of the MEXEO2．

## 5－2 Push－motion operation

The push force of push－motion operation can be set in the＂Operating current＂of the operation data．
Note－Do not perform push－motion operation with the DR20■1 and DR28 $\square 1$（ball screw lead 1 mm ） equipped with the $\mathbf{A Z}$ Series．The TLC output may be turned ON before push－motion operation is complete．（Push－motion return－to－home operation can be performed．）
－Set the push force in order not to exceed the maximum push force．Performing push－motion operation with the current exceeding the maximum push force may cause damage to equipment or deterioration of specifications．
－Perform push－motion operation on an extension of the ball screw shaft．Performing push－motion operation at positions deviating from the extension of the ball screw shaft may cause damage to the product．


## Maximum push force

Set the push force of push－motion operation to be equal to or less than the value shown in the table．

| Series | Model | Maximum push force |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DR | DR28 $\square \mathbf{2 . 5}$ | 50 N |
| DRS2 | DRSM42■ロ－ロロ2 | 400 N |
|  | DRSM60ロロ－ロロ4 | 500 N |
|  | DRSM42ロロ－ロロ8 | 100 N |



## Operating speed

Set the operating speed of push－motion operation to be equal to or less than the value shown in the table．

| Series | Upper limit of push－motion speed |
| :---: | :---: |
| DR | $6 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| DRS2 | $6 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ |

memo If push－motion operation is performed to both ends of the moving range at a speed exceeding the upper limit value of push－motion operation，the ball screw shaft may not move with being jammed in the nut part．In this case，operate at the recommended starting speed in the opposite side and return the ball screw shaft．After that，check whether the ball screw shaft and the load are not damaged．
Recommended starting speed

| Series | Model | Recommended starting speed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DR | DR28 $\square \mathbf{1}$ | $0.2 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | DR28 $\square \mathbf{2 . 5}$ | $0.5 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| DRS2 | DRSM42ロロ－ロロ2 | $0.4 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | DRSM60ロロ－ロロ4 | $0.8 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | DRSM42ロロ－ロロ8 | $1.6 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ |

## Relationship between the push force and current

Reference values of the push force and current are shown next．Check the actual push force using the product．
memo The relationship between the push force and current varies depending on the following conditions． Check the actual push force using the product．
－Installation condition of the actuator（horizontal direction installation，vertical direction installation）
－Customer＇s load condition such as jig
－Cable length
－Ambient temperature

Measurement result of the push force when the motorized actuator is operated in the horizontal direction（average value）




- Unauthorized reproduction or copying of all or part of this Manual is prohibited. If a new copy is required to replace an original manual that has been damaged or lost, please contact your nearest Oriental Motor sales office.
- Oriental Motor shall not be liable whatsoever for any problems relating to industrial property rights arising from use of any information, circuit, equipment or device provided or referenced in this manual.
- Characteristics, specifications and dimensions are subject to change without notice.
- While we make every effort to offer accurate information in the manual, we welcome your input. Should you find unclear descriptions, errors or omissions, please contact your nearest Oriental Motor sales office.
- Orientalmotor and ABZO sensor are registered trademarks or trademarks of Oriental Motor Co., Ltd., in Japan and other countries.
Other product names and company names mentioned in this manual may be registered trademarks or trademarks of their respective companies and are hereby acknowledged. The third-party products mentioned in this manual are recommended products, and references to their names shall not be construed as any form of performance guarantee. Oriental Motor is not liable whatsoever for the performance of these third-party products.
© Copyright ORIENTAL MOTOR CO., LTD. 2019
Published in November 2021
- Please contact your nearest Oriental Motor office for further information.

ORIENTAL MOTOR U.S.A. CORP.
Technical Support Tel:800-468-3982
8:30am EST to 5:00pm PST (M-F)
www.orientalmotor.com
ORIENTAL MOTOR (EUROPA) GmbH Schiessstraße 44, 40549 Düsseldorf, Germany Technical Support Tel:00 800/22 556622 www.orientalmotor.de

ORIENTAL MOTOR (UK) LTD.
Unit 5 Faraday Office Park, Rankine Road, Basingstoke, Hampshire RG24 8QB UK Tel:+44-1256347090 www.oriental-motor.co.uk
ORIENTAL MOTOR (FRANCE) SARL
Tel: $: 33-147869750$
www.orientalmotor.fr
ORIENTAL MOTOR ITALIA s.r.I.
Tel:+39-02-93906347
www.orientalmotor.it

ORIENTAL MOTOR ASIA PACIFIC PTE. LTD. Singapore
Tel:1800-842-0280
www.orientalmotor.com.sg
ORIENTAL MOTOR (MALAYSIA) SDN. BHD.
Tel:1800-806-161
www.orientalmotor.com.my
ORIENTAL MOTOR (THAILAND) CO., LTD.
Tel:1800-888-881
www.orientalmotor.co.th
ORIENTAL MOTOR (INDIA) PVT. LTD.
Tel:1800-120-1995 (For English)
1800-121-4149 (For Hindi)
www.orientalmotor.co.in
TAIWAN ORIENTAL MOTOR CO., LTD.
Tel:0800-060708
www.orientalmotor.com.tw
SHANGHAI ORIENTAL MOTOR CO., LTD.
Tel:400-820-6516
www.orientalmotor.com.cn

INA ORIENTAL MOTOR CO., LTD
Korea
Tel:080-777-2042
WWW.inaom.co.kr
ORIENTAL MOTOR CO., LTD.
4-8-1 Higashiueno, Taito-ku, Tokyo
110-8536 Japan
Tel:+81-3-6744-0361
www.orientalmotor.co.jp


[^0]:    Thank you for purchasing an Oriental Motor product.
    This Manual describes product handling procedures and safety precautions.

    - Please read it thoroughly to ensure safe operation.
    - Always keep the manual where it is readily available.

[^1]:    * It is the upper limit value when push-motion return-to-home operation is performed. When push-motion operation is performed, check the upper limit value with the graph on p.27.

