Oriental motor



HM-60315-3

Stepping Motor *QSTEP*

AZ Series/

Motorized actuator equipped with AZ Series

DC power input

- FLEX Built-in controller type
- Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface
- Pulse input type

OPERATING MANUAL Driver Edition

C € [©

Т	ы	e 0	f c	on.	ton	+c
		മറ				

1	Introduction2	10	Guidance 33
2	Safety precautions5	11	Inspection and maintenance 44
3	Precautions for use7	12	Alarm (protective function) 45
4	Regulations and standards8	13	Troubleshooting46
5	Preparation9	14	To use the product in more
6	Installation12		convenient manners48
7	Connection14	15	Cables49
8	Explanation of I/O signals 26	16	Accessories54
9	Setting29		

Thank you for purchasing an Oriental Motor product.

This Manual describes product handling procedures and safety precautions.

[•] Please read it thoroughly to ensure safe operation.

[•] Always keep the manual where it is readily available.

Introduction

■ Before use

Only qualified personnel of electrical and mechanical engineering should work with the product. Use the product correctly after thoroughly reading the "2 Safety precautions" on p.5. In addition, be sure to observe the contents described in warning, caution, and note in this manual.

The product described in this manual is designed and manufactured to be incorporated in general industrial equipment. Do not use for any other purpose. Oriental Motor Co., Ltd. is not responsible for any compensation for damage caused through failure to observe this warning.



(memo) This manual, unless otherwise noted, explains using figures of the built-in controller type driver.

■ Related operating manuals

For operating manuals, contact your nearest Oriental Motor sales office or download from Oriental Motor Website Download Page.

Operating manual name	Included or not included with product
AZ Series/Motorized actuator equipped with AZ Series OPERATING MANUAL Driver Edition (this document)	Not included
AZ Series/Motorized actuator equipped with AZ Series OPERATING MANUAL Function Edition	Not included
APPENDIX UL Standards for AZ Series	Not included

■ General specifications

Degree of protection		IP10
	Ambient temperature	0 to +50 °C (+32 to +122 °F) (non-freezing)
Operation	Humidity	85 % or less (non-condensing)
environment	Altitude	Up to 1,000 m (3,300 ft.) above sea level
	Surrounding atmosphere	No corrosive gas, dust, water or oil
Storage	Ambient temperature	−25 to +70 °C (−13 to +158 °F) (non-freezing)
environment,	Humidity	85 % or less (non-condensing)
Shipping	Altitude	Up to 3,000 m (10,000 ft.) above sea level
environment	Surrounding atmosphere	No corrosive gas, dust, water or oil
Insulation resistance		$100~M\Omega$ or more when 500 VDC megger is applied between the following places:

■ RS-485 communication specification

Electrical characteristics	Compliant with EIA-485, straight cable Use a twist pair cable (TIA/EIA-568B CAT5e or higher is recommended) and keep the total wiring distance up to 50 m (164 ft.). *
Communication mode	Half-duplex communication Asynchronous mode (data: 8 bits, stop bit: 1 bit/2 bits, parity: none/even number/odd number)
Transmission rate	Selectable from 9,600 bps, 19,200 bps, 38,400 bps, 57,600 bps, 115,200 bps, and 230,400 bps
Protocol	Modbus RTU mode
Number of connectable units	Up to 31 units can be connected to one host controller.

^{*} If the motor cable or power supply cable generates an undesirable amount of noise depending on the wiring or configuration, shield the cable or install a ferrite core.

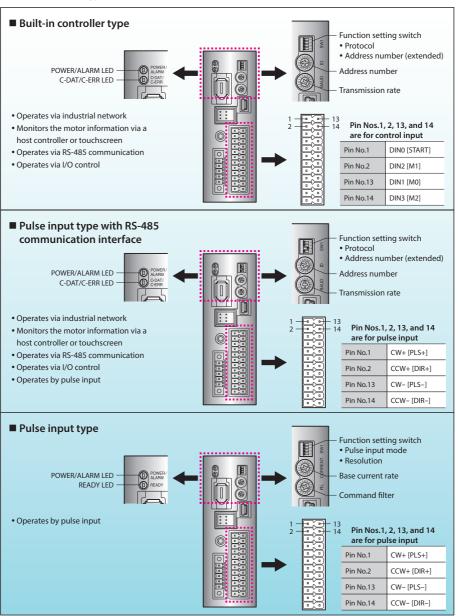
■ About terms and units

Terms and units to be used vary depending on a motor or motorized actuator. This manual explains by using the terms of the motor. When the motorized actuator is used, read this manual by replacing the terms.

	Motor	Motorized actuator	
	Torque	Thrust	
	Moment of inertia	Mass	
	Rotation	Movement	
Term	CW direction	Forward direction	
	CCW direction	Reverse direction	
	Rotation speed	Speed	
	Resolution	Minimum travel amount	
Unit	N⋅m	N	
	kHz/s	m/s ²	
	CW direction CCW direction Rotation speed Resolution N·m	Forward direction Reverse direction Speed Minimum travel amount N	

■ Types and overview of driver

There are three types of drivers in the **AZ** Series as shown below. I/O signals, setting items, and LEDs vary depending on the driver type.



2 Safety precautions

The precautions described below are intended to ensure the safe and correct use of the product, and to prevent the customer and others from exposure to the risk of injury. Use the product only after carefully reading and fully understanding these instructions.

Description of signs

≜WARNING	Handling the product without observing the instructions that accompany a "WARNING" symbol may result in serious injury or death.
∆CAUTION	Handling the product without observing the instructions that accompany a "CAUTION" symbol may result in injury or property damage.
Note	The items under this heading contain important handling instructions that the user should observe to ensure the safe use of the product.

Description of graphic symbols



Indicates "prohibited" actions that must not be performed.



Indicates "compulsory" actions that must be performed.

MARNING

- Do not use the driver in explosive or corrosive environments, in the presence of flammable gases, in
 places subjected to splashing water, or near combustibles. Doing so may result in fire, electric shock, or
 injury.
- Do not transport, install, connect, or inspect the driver while the power is supplied. Doing so may result in electric shock.



- Do not touch the driver while the power is supplied. Doing so may result in fire or electric shock.
- Do not forcibly bend, pull, or pinch the cable. Doing so may result in fire or electric shock.
- Do not remove the motor excitation during operation. Doing so may cause the motor to stop and lose the holding force, resulting in injury or damage to equipment.
- Do not disassemble or modify the driver. Doing so may result in injury or damage to equipment.
- Assign qualified personnel to the task of installing, wiring, operating/controlling, inspecting, and troubleshooting the driver. Failure to do so may result in fire, electric shock, injury, or damage to equipment.
- Take measures to keep the moving part in position if the product is used in vertical operations such as elevating equipment. Failure to do so may result in injury or damage to equipment.
- When an alarm is generated in the driver (any of the driver's protective functions is triggered), remove
 the cause before clearing the alarm (protective function). Continuing the operation without removing
 the cause of the problem may cause malfunction of the motor and the driver, leading to injury or
 damage to equipment.



- Install the driver inside an enclosure. Failure to do so may result in electric shock or injury.
- Always keep the power supply voltage of the driver within the specified range. Failure to do so may result in fire or electric shock.
- The driver is Class I equipment. When installing the driver, install it inside an enclosure so that it is out
 of the direct reach of users. Be sure to ground if users can touch it. Failure to do so may result in electric
 shock.
- Connect the product securely according to the wiring diagram. Failure to do so may result in fire or electric shock.
- Turn off the main power supply in the event of a power failure. Failure to do so may result in injury or damage to equipment.

ACAUTION

- Do not use the driver beyond its specifications. Doing so may result in electric shock, injury, or damage to equipment.
- Keep your fingers and objects out of the openings in the driver. Failure to do so may result in fire, electric shock, or injury.
- Do not touch the driver during operation or immediately after stopping. Doing so may result in a skin burn(s)



- Keep the area around the driver free of combustible materials. Failure to do so may result in fire or a skin burn(s).
- Do not forcibly bend or pull the cable that is connected to the driver. Doing so may result in damage.
- Do not touch the terminals while conducting the insulation resistance measurement or the dielectric strength test. Doing so may cause electric shock.
- Do not leave anything around the driver that would obstruct ventilation. Doing so may result in damage to equipment.
- Use a motor and a driver only in the specified combination. An incorrect combination may cause a fire.
- Take measures against static electricity when operating the switches of the driver. Failure to do so may result in the driver malfunction or damage to equipment.
- Provide an emergency stop device or emergency stop circuit external to the equipment so that the
 entire equipment will operate safely in the event of a system failure or malfunction. Failure to do so
 may result in injury.



- When moving the moving part manually, put the motor into a non-excitation state. Continuing the work while the motor is in an excitation state may result in injury.
- Immediately when a problem occurred, stop operation and turn off the main power supply. Failure to do so may result in fire, electric shock or injury.
- Before turning on the main power supply, turn all input signals to the driver to OFF. Failure to do so
 may result in injury or damage to equipment.
- For the main power supply, use a DC power supply with reinforced insulation on its primary and secondary sides. Failure to do so may result in electric shock.

3 Precautions for use

This chapter covers restrictions and requirements the user should consider when using the product.

- Be sure to use our cable to connect the motor and driver.
 Refer to p.49 for the model name of cables.
- When conducting the insulation resistance measurement or the dielectric strength test, be sure to separate the connection between the motor and the driver.
 - Conducting the insulation resistance measurement or dielectric strength test with the motor and driver connected may result in damage to the product.
- Saving data to the non-volatile memory

Do not turn off the main power supply while writing the data to the non-volatile memory, and also do not turn off for 5 seconds after the completion of writing the data. Doing so may abort writing the data and cause an EEPROM error alarm to generate. The non-volatile memory can be rewritten approximately 100,000 times.

• Note on connecting a main power supply whose positive terminal is grounded

The USB communication connector, CN4, CN6 (*) and CN7 (*) connector are not insulated. When grounding the positive terminal of the main power supply, do not connect any equipment (PC, etc.) whose negative terminal is grounded. Doing so may cause the driver and this equipment to short, damaging both. When connecting, do not ground equipment.

* Excluding the pulse input type.

Regulations and standards

EU Directives

■ CE Marking

This product is affixed the CE Marking under the EMC Directive.

Low Voltage Directive

The input power supply voltage of this product is 24 VDC/48 VDC. Therefore this product is not subject to the Low Voltage Directive, but install and connect it as follows.

- This product is designed and manufactured to be incorporated in equipment. Install the product inside an
- For the driver power supply, use a DC power supply with reinforced insulation on its primary and secondary sides.

EMC Directive

This product is conducted EMC testing under the conditions specified in "Example of motor and driver installation and wiring" on p.25. The conformance of your mechanical equipment with the EMC Directive will vary depending on such factors as the configuration, wiring, and layout for other control system devices and electrical parts used with this product. It therefore must be verified through conducting EMC measures in a state where all parts including this product have been installed in the equipment.

Applicable Standards

EMI	EN 55011 Group1 Class A EN 61000-6-4
EMS	EN 61000-6-2

This equipment is not intended for use in residential environments nor for use on a low-voltage public network supplied in residential premises, and it may not provide adequate protection to radio reception interference in such environments.

4-2 Republic of Korea, Radio Waves Act

This product is affixed the KC Mark under the Republic of Korea, Radio Waves Act.

4-3 **RoHS Directive**

The products do not contain the substances exceeding the restriction values of RoHS Directive (2011/65/EU).

5 Preparation

This chapter explains the items you should check, as well as the name and function of each part.

5-1 Checking the product

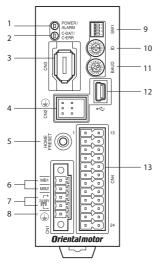
Verify that the items listed below are included. Report any missing or damaged items to the Oriental Motor sales office from which you purchased the product.

- CN1 connector (5 pins)...... 1 pc.
- CN4 connector (24 pins) 1 pc.
- Instructions and Precautions for Safe Use.......... 1 copy

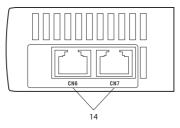
5-2 Names and functions of parts

Built-in controller type
 Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface

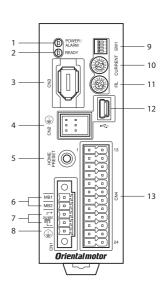
The figure shows the built-in controller type driver.



Upper side



Pulse input type



■ Connector, terminal

Names, indication, and functions for connectors and terminals are common to all drivers. The RS-485 communication connectors (CN6 and CN7) are not provided in the pulse input type drivers.

	Name	Display	Description
3	Encoder connector	CN3	Connects the encoder.
4 Motor connector CN2, (CN2,	Connects the motor. (A grounding wire of the motor is also included.)
6	Electromagnetic brake terminals (CN1)	MB1, MB2	Connects the lead wires from the electromagnetic brake. MB1: Electromagnetic brake– (Black) MB2: Electromagnetic brake+ (White)
7	Power supply input terminals (CN1)	+,-	Connects the main power supply. +: +24 VDC/48 VDC power supply input -: Power supply ground
8	Protective Earth Terminal (CN1)	(4)	Used for grounding via a grounding cable of AWG18 to 16 (0.75 to 1.25 mm²).
12	USB communication connector	•<	Connects the PC in which the support software MEXE02 has been installed. (USB2.0 mini-B port)
13	Input/output signals connector	CN4	Connects the input/output signals.
14	RS-485 communication connector	CN6, CN7	Connects the RS-485 communication cable.

■ LED, switch

Names, indication, and functions for LEDs and switches vary depending on the driver type. Check in the table below.

• Built-in controller type, Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface

Name		Display	Description
1	POWER/ALARM LED (Green/Red) POWER/ALARM		This LED is lit in green while the main power is input. If an alarm (protective function) generates, the LED will blink in red. If information generates, the LED will blink in red and green simultaneously. (Red and green colors may overlap and it may be visible to orange.)
2	2 C-DAT/C-ERR LED (Green/Red) C-DAT/C-ERR		This LED will blink or illuminate in green when the driver is communicating with the host controller properly via RS-485 communication. This LED will illuminate in red when a RS-485 communication error occurs with the host controller.
5	HOME PRESET switch	HOME PRESET	This switch is used to set the starting position (home) when performing positioning operation.
9	Function setting switch	SW1	Use this switch when controlling the system via RS-485 communication. No.1: Using this switch and the address number setting switch (ID), set the address number of RS-485 communication. Factory setting: OFF No.2: Sets the protocol of RS-485 communication. Factory setting Built-in controller type: OFF Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface: ON No.3, No.4: Sets the termination resistor (120 Ω) of RS-485 communication. Factory setting No.3 and No.4: Both OFF
10	Address number setting switch	ID	Use this switch when controlling the system via RS-485 communication. Use this switch and SW1-No.1 of the function setting switch, to set the address number of RS-485 communication. Factory setting Built-in controller type: 0 Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface: 1
11	Transmission rate setting switch	BAUD	Use this switch when controlling the system via RS-485 communication. Sets the transmission rate of RS-485 communication. Factory setting Built-in controller type: 7 Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface: 4

• Pulse input type

Name		Display	Description
1	POWER/ALARM LED	POWER/ALARM	This LED is lit in green while the main power is input. If an alarm (protective function) generates, the LED will blink in red.
'	(Green/Red)		If information generates, the LED will blink in red and green simultaneously. (Red and green colors may overlap and it may be visible to orange.)
2	READY LED (Green)	READY	This LED is lit while the READY output is ON. It is not lit when the READY output is OFF.
5	5 HOME PRESET Switch HOME PRESET		This switch is used to set the starting position (home) when performing positioning operation.
9	9 Function setting SW1		No.1: This switch is used to set the resolution per revolution of the motor output shaft. Factory setting: OFF (1,000 P/R) No.2: This switch is used to toggle between the 1-pulse input mode and 2-pulse input mode. The factory setting of the pulse-input mode depends on the destination country.
			No.3, No.4: Not used.
10	Current setting switch	CURRENT	This switch is used to set the base current rate for the operating current and standstill current. Factory setting: F
11	Command filter setting switch	FIL	This switch adjusts the motor response. Factory setting: 1

6 Installation

This chapter explains the installation location and installation method of the driver.

6-1 Installation location

The driver is designed and manufactured to be incorporated in equipment. Install it in a well-ventilated location that provides easy access for inspection.

The location must also satisfy the following conditions:

- Inside an enclosure that is installed indoors (provide vent holes)
- Operating ambient temperature 0 to +50 °C (+32 to +122 °F) (non-freezing)
- Operating ambient humidity 85 % or less (non-condensing)
 Area free of explosive atmosphere or toyic gas (such as sulfu-
- Area free of explosive atmosphere or toxic gas (such as sulfuric gas) or liquid
- · Area not exposed to direct sun
- · Area free of excessive amount of dust, iron particles or the like
- · Area not subject to splashing water (rain, water droplets), oil (oil droplets) or other liquids
- Area free of excessive salt
- Area not subject to continuous vibrations or excessive shocks
- Area free of excessive electromagnetic noise (from welders, power machinery, etc.)
- Area free of radioactive materials, magnetic fields or vacuum
- 1.000 m (3.300 ft.) or lower above sea level

6-2 Installation method

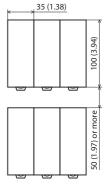
Mount the driver to a 35 mm (1.38 in.) width DIN rail.

When installing two or more drivers in parallel, it is possible to install them closely in the horizontal direction. Provide a minimum clearance of 50 mm (1.97 in.) in the vertical direction.

When installing three or more drivers closely, the heat generation of the inside drivers become high. Install the less frequently used drivers toward the inside. In this case, use the drivers in conditions where an ambient temperature is 0 to $+40^{\circ}\text{C}$ (+32 to $+104^{\circ}\text{F}$) and the standstill current is 50 % or less.

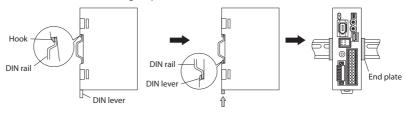


- Install the driver inside an enclosure whose pollution degree is 2 or better environment, or whose degree of protection is IP54
- Do not install any equipment that generates a large amount of heat or noise near the driver.
- Do not install the driver underneath the controller or other equipment vulnerable to heat.
- If the ambient temperature of the driver exceeds 50 °C (122 °F), reconsider the ventilation condition such as providing forced cooling by using fans or creating spaces between the drivers.
- Be sure to install the driver vertically (vertical position).



Unit: [mm (in.)]

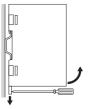
- 1. Pull down the DIN lever of the driver and lock it. Hang the hook at the rear to the DIN rail.
- 2. Hold the driver to the DIN rail, and push up the DIN lever to secure.
- 3. Secure both sides of the driver using end plates.



Removing from DIN rail

Pull the DIN lever down until it locks using a slotted screwdriver, and lift the bottom of the driver to remove it from the rail.

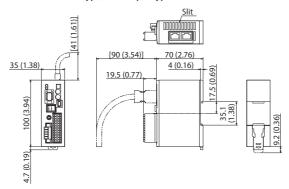
Use force of about 10 to 20 N (2.2 to 4.5 lb.) to pull the DIN lever to lock it. Excessive force may damage the DIN lever.



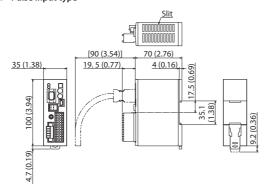
■ Dimension [unit: mm (in.)]

The dimension is common to all drivers. Mass: 0.15 kg (0.33 lb)

• Built-in controller type, Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface



Pulse input type



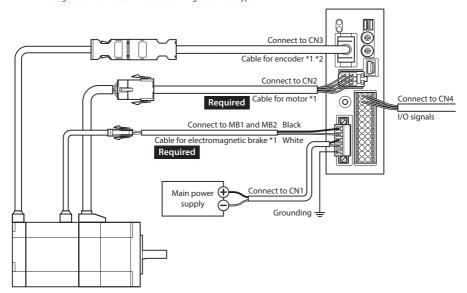
Connection

This chapter explains how to connect the motor, power supply and I/O signals to the driver, as well as grounding

NARNING For protection against electric shock, do not turn on the main power supply until the wiring is completed.

Connection example

The figure shows models for the electromagnetic brake type.



- *1 This cable is provided as our product. Purchase it separately.
- *2 Use the cable for encoder when the length of the encoder cable of motor is not enough.



- Connect the connectors securely. Insecure connections may cause malfunction or damage to the motor or driver.
- Do not wire the power supply cable of the driver in the same cable duct with other power lines or motor cables. Doing so may cause malfunction due to noise.
- The lead wires of the "cable for electromagnetic brake" have polarities, so connect them in the correct polarities. If the lead wires are connected with their polarities reversed, the electromagnetic brake will not operate properly.
- Keep 20 m (65.6 ft.) or less for the wiring distance between the motor and driver. To extend more than 20 m (65.6 ft.) may result in the driver heat generation or increase of the electrical noise emitted from the product.



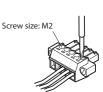
- When connecting/disconnecting the connector, turn off the main power supply and wait for the POWER/ALARM LED to turn off before doing so.
- When disconnecting the motor cable, pull out while pressing the latches on the connector.
- When installing the motor on a moving part, use our flexible cable having excellent flex resistance.

7-2 Connecting the main power supply and grounding

Power supply input terminals and a Protective Earth Terminal are provided in the CN1 connector. The applicable wire size varies between lead wires for a main power supply and Protective Earth. Be sure to use proper lead wires.

■ Wiring the CN1 connector

- Applicable lead wire For main power supply: AWG24 to 16 (0.2 to 1.25 mm²)
 For grounding: AWG18 to 16 (0.75 to 1.25 mm²)
- Stripping length of wire insulation: 7 mm (0.28 in.)
- 1. Strip the insulation cover of the lead wire.
- 2. Insert each lead wire into the CN1 connector and tighten the screw. Tightening torque: 0.22 to 0.25 N·m (31 to 35 oz-in)



■ Power supply current capacity

The current capacity of the main power supply varies depending on the product combined. Check the current capacity in reference to the equipped motor model name when using the **EAC** Series, **EAS** Series or **EZS** Series.

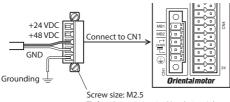
	Model name	Input power supply voltage	Main power supply current capacity		
Series			Without electromagnetic brake	With electromagnetic brake	
	AZM14		0.5 A or more		
	AZM15	241/26.50	0.6 A or more	=	
AZ Series	AZM24	24 VDC±5 %	1.6 A or more	=	
EAC Series	AZM26		1.6 A or more	=	
EAS Series	AZM46		1.72 A or more	1.8 A or more	
EZS Series	AZM48	24 VDC±5 % *	2.2 A or more	=	
	AZM66	48 VDC±5 %	3.55 A or more	3.8 A or more	
	AZM69		3.45 A or more	3.7 A or more	
	DGB85	24 VDC±5 % 48 VDC±5 %	1.72 A or more	=	
	DGB130		3.55 A or more	-	
DGII Series	DGM60	24 VDC±5 %	1.6 A or more	=	
	DGM85	24 VDC±5 % *	1.72 A or more	1.8 A or more	
	DGM130	48 VDC±5 %	3.55 A or more	3.8 A or more	
DR Series	DR20	24 VDC±5 %	0.4 A or more	=	
DK Series	DR28	24 VDC±5 %	1.4 A or more	-	
DDC2 Carries	DRSM42	24 VDC±5 % *	1.72 A or more	1.8 A or more	
DRS2 Series	DRSM60	48 VDC±5 %	2.45 A or more	2.7 A or more	
EH Series	EH4	24 VDC±5 %	1.6 A or more	=	
I Carrian	LM2	24 VDC±5 % *	3.55 A or more	3.8 A or more	
L Series	LM4	48 VDC±5 %	3.55 A or more	3.8 A or more	

 $^{^{*}}$ If the distance between the motor and driver is extended to 20 m (65.6 ft.), use a power supply of 24 VDC \pm 4 %.

■ How to ground

Do not share the grounding wire with a welder or any other power equipment.

When grounding the Protective Earth Terminal, use a round terminal and secure the grounding point near the driver.

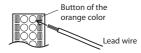


Tightening torque: 0.4 N·m (56 oz-in)

7-3 Connecting the I/O signals

■ Wiring the CN4 connector

- Applicable lead wire: AWG24 to 16 (0.2 to 1.25 mm²)
- Stripping length of wire insulation: 10 mm (0.39 in.)
- 1. Strip the insulation cover of the lead wire.
- 2. Insert the lead wire while pushing the button of the orange color with a slotted screwdriver.
- 3. After having inserted, release the button to secure the lead wire.





Be certain the I/O signal cable is as short as possible. The maximum input frequency will decrease as the cable length increases.

■ Pin assignment list

• Built-in controller type

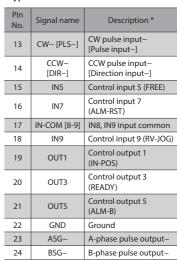
Pin No.	Signal name	Description *				Pin No.	Signal name	Description *				
1	IN0	Control input 0 (START)				13	IN1	Control input 1 (M0)				
2	IN2	Control input 2 (M1)		moom	- 13 <u>-</u>				-	14	IN3	Control input 3 (M2)
3	IN4	Control input 4 (ZHOME)	1 -			15	IN5	Control input 5 (FREE)				
4	IN6	Control input 6 (STOP)	-			16	IN7	Control input 7 (ALM-RST)				
5	IN-COM [0-7]	IN0 to IN7 input common				17	IN-COM [8-9]	IN8, IN9 input common				
6	IN8	Control input 8 (FW-JOG)				18	IN9	Control input 9 (RV-JOG)				
7	OUT0	Control output 0 (HOME-END)					19	OUT1	Control output 1 (IN-POS)			
8	OUT2	Control output 2 (PLS-RDY)				20	OUT3	Control output 3 (READY)				
9	OUT4	Control output 4 (MOVE)	12 –		- 24	21	OUT5	Control output 5 (ALM-B)				
10	OUT-COM	Output common				22	GND	Ground				
11	ASG+	A-phase pulse output+				23	ASG-	A-phase pulse output–				
12	BSG+	B-phase pulse output+			24	BSG-	B-phase pulse output-					
* (): Initial value								* (): Initial value				

^{* ():} Initial value

Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface, pulse input type

	Pin No.	Signal name	Description *	
	1	CW+ [PLS+]	CW pulse input+ [Pulse input+]	
	2	CCW+ [DIR+]	CCW pulse input+ [Direction input +]	
	3	IN4	Control input 4 (ZHOME)	1 — 📗 🔾 🗎 — 13
•	4	IN6	Control input 6 (STOP)	
Ī	5	IN-COM [4-7]	IN4 to IN7 input common	
	6	IN8	Control input 8 (FW-JOG)	
	7	OUT0	Control output 0 (HOME-END)	
	8	OUT2	Control output 2 (PLS-RDY)	12 — 24
	9	OUT4	Control output 4 (MOVE)	
	10	OUT-COM	Output common	
ĺ	11	ASG+	A-phase pulse output+	
•	12	BSG+	B-phase pulse output+	

^{* ():} Initial value

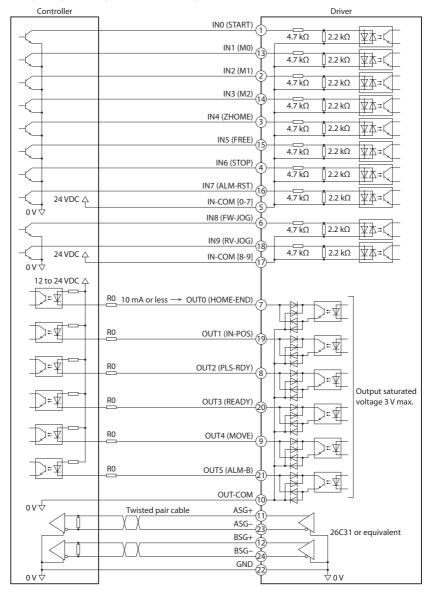


^{* ():} Initial value

7-4 Connection diagram

■ Connecting to a current sink output circuit

The figure below shows a connection example of the built-in controller type driver. In the case of the pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface and the pulse input type, the pin No.1, No.2, No.13, and No.14 are only available to the pulse input. Refer to p.19 for connection example.



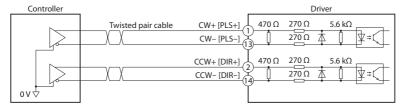


- Use input signals at 24 VDC.
- Use output signals at 12 to 24 VDC, 10 mA or less. If the current exceeds 10 mA, connect an
 external resistor R0 so that the current becomes 10 mA or less.
- The saturated voltage of the output signal is 3 VDC maximum.

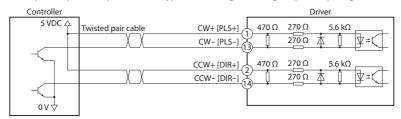
• Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface, pulse input type

The pin No.1, No.2, No.13, and No.14 are only available to the pulse input. Other functions cannot be assigned.

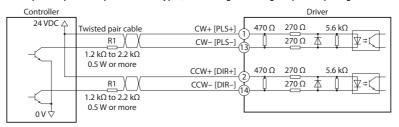
When pulse input is of line driver type



When pulse input is of open-collector type (When using the voltage of pulse input signals at 5 VDC)



When pulse input is of open-collector type (When using the voltage of pulse input signals at 24 VDC)

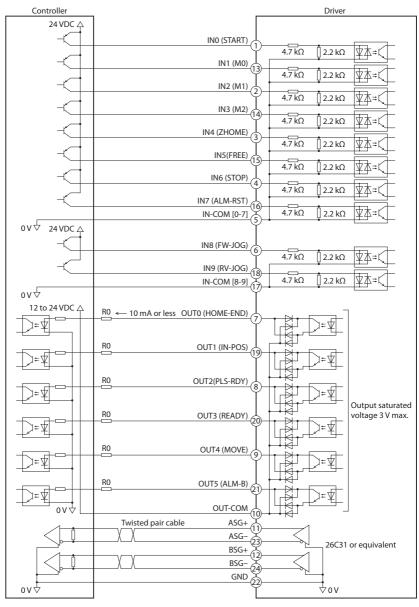




Use the CW [PLS] input and CCW [DIR] input at 5 VDC to 24 VDC. When using signals at 24 VDC, connect an external resistor R1 (1.2 k Ω to 2.2 k Ω , 0.5 W or more). When using signals at 5 VDC, apply the voltage directly.

■ Connecting to a current source output circuit

The figure below shows a connection example of the built-in controller type driver. In the case of the pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface and the pulse input type, the pin No.1, No.2, No.13, and No.14 are only available to the pulse input. Refer to p.21 for connection example.



* (): Initial value

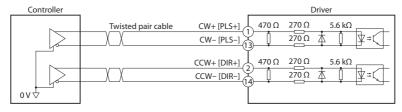


- Use input signals at 24 VDC.
- Use output signals at 12 to 24 VDC, 10 mA or less. If the current exceeds 10 mA, connect an
 external resistor R0 so that the current becomes 10 mA or less.
- The saturated voltage of the output signal is 3 VDC maximum.

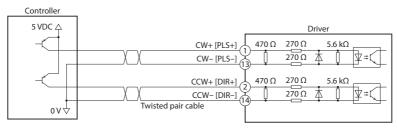
• Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface, pulse input type

The pin No.1, No.2, No.13, and No.14 are only available to the pulse input. Other functions cannot be assigned.

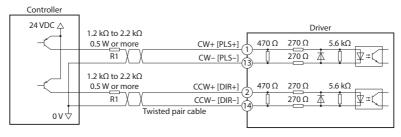
When pulse input is of line driver type



When pulse input is of open-collector type (When using the voltage of pulse input signals at 5 VDC)



When pulse input is of open-collector type (When using the voltage of pulse input signals at 24 VDC)





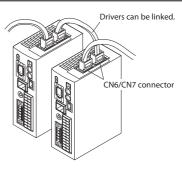
Use the CW [PLS] input and CCW [DIR] input at 5 VDC to 24 VDC. When using signals at 24 VDC, connect an external resistor R1 (1.2 k Ω to 2.2 k Ω , 0.5 W or more). When using signals at 5 VDC, apply the voltage directly.

7-5 Connecting the RS-485 communication cable

Connect this cable if you want to control your product via RS-485 communication. Connect the RS-485 communication cable to CN6 or CN7 on the driver. You can use the vacant connectors to connect a different driver.

A driver link cable is available as our product. Refer to p.53 for the model name.

A commercially-available LAN cable (straight cable) can also be used to link drivers.

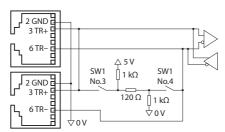


■ Pin assignment list

Pin No.	Signal name	Description		
1	N.C.	Not used		
2	GND	GND		
3	TR+	RS-485 communication signal (+)		
4	N.C.	- Not used		
5	N.C.	Not used		
6	TR-	RS-485 communication signal (–)		
7	N.C.	Netword		
8	N.C.	Not used		



■ Internal input circuit



7-6 Connecting the USB cable

Using a USB cable of the following specification, connect a PC in which the **MEXEO2** has been installed to the USB communication connector.

Specification	USB2.0 (Full Speed)		
Cable	Length: 3 m (9.8 ft.) or less Type: A to mini B		



- Connect the driver and PC directly using the USB cable.
- In large electrically noisy environments, use the USB cable with a ferrite core or install a ferrite core to the USB cable.

7-7 Noise elimination measures

There are two types of electrical noises: One is a noise to invade into the driver from the outside and cause the driver malfunction, and the other is a noise to emit from the driver and cause peripheral equipment malfunction. For the noise that is invaded from the outside, take measures to prevent the driver malfunction. It is needed to take adequate measures because signal lines are very likely to be affected by the noise. For the noise that is emitted from the driver, take measures to suppress it.

■ Measures against electrical noise

There are the following three methods mainly to take measures against the electrical noise.

Noise suppression

- When relays or electromagnetic switches are used together with the system, use noise filters and CR circuits to suppress surges generated by them.
- Use our connection cable when extending a wiring distance between the motor and driver. This is effective in suppressing the electrical noise emitted from the motor.
- Cover the driver by a metal plate such as aluminum. This is effective in shielding the electrical noise emitted from the driver.

Prevention of noise propagation

- Connect a noise filter on the input side of the DC power supply.
- Place the power lines, such as the motor and power supply cables, keeping a distance of 200 mm (7.87 in.) or more
 from the signal lines, and also do not bundle them or wire them in parallel. If the power cables and signal cables
 have to cross, cross them at a right angle.
- Use shielded twisted pair cables for power lines and signal lines.
- Keep cables as short as possible without coiling and bundling extra lengths.
- Grounding multiple points will increase effect to block electrical noise because impedance on the grounding
 points is decreased. However, ground them so that a potential difference does not occur among the grounding
 points. I/O signal cable including with a ground wire is also provided as our product. Refer to p.53 for the model
- To ground a shielded cable, use a metal cable clamp that will maintain contact with the entire circumference of the cable. Ground the cable clamp near the product.

hielded cable Cable clamp

Suppression of effect by noise propagation

- Loop the noise propagated cable around a ferrite core. Doing so will prevent the propagated noise invades into
 the driver or emits from the driver. The frequency band in which an effect by the ferrite core can be seen is
 generally 1 MHz or more. Check the frequency characteristics of the ferrite core used. When increasing the effect of
 noise attenuation by the ferrite core, loop the cable a lot.
- Change the transmission method of the pulse signal to the line driver type in order to prevent noise effects. When the pulse signal of the controller is the open collector type, use our pulse signal converter for noise immunity. Refer to p.54 for the model name.

■ Noise suppression product

Noise filter

 Connect the following noise filter (or equivalent) on the input side of the DC power supply. When a power supply transformer is used, be sure to connect a noise filter on the AC input side of the power supply transformer. Doing so will prevent the propagated noise through the power line. Install the noise filter as close to the input terminals of DC power supply as possible.

Manufacture	Model	
SOSHIN ELECTRIC CO., LTD.	HF2010A-UPF	
Schaffner EMC	FN2070-10-06	

- Use the AWG18 (0.75 mm²) or thicker wire for the input and output cables of the noise filter, and secure firmly
 using a cable clamp or others so that the cable does not come off the enclosure.
- Place the input cable as far apart as possible from the output cable, and do not wire the cables in parallel. If the
 input and output cable are placed at a close distance or if they are wired in parallel, the noise in the enclosure
 affects the power cable through stray capacitance, and the noise suppressing effect will reduce.
- Connect the ground terminal of the noise filter to the grounding point, using as thick and short a wire as possible.
- When connecting a noise filter inside an enclosure, wire the input cable of the noise filter as short as possible.
 Wiring in long distance may reduce the noise suppressing effect.

■ Our noise suppression products

Refer to p.53 and p.54 for the model name.

I/O signal cable

This cable is a shielded cable for good noise immunity to connect the driver and controller. The ground wires useful to grounding are provided at both ends of the cable. The EMC measures are conducted using our I/O signal cable.

Pulse signal converter for noise immunity

This product converts a pulse signal, which is output from the open collector output, to a pulse signal for good noise immunity by outputting the pulse signal again from the differential output.

Surge suppressor

This product is effective to suppress the surge which occurs in a relay contact part. Connect it when using a relay or electromagnetic switch. CR circuit for surge suppression and CR circuit module are provided.

7-8 Installing and wiring in compliance with EMC Directive

Effective measures must be taken against the EMI that the motor and driver may give to adjacent control-system equipment, as well as the EMS of the motor and driver itself, in order to prevent a serious functional impediment in the machinery. The use of the following installation and wiring methods will enable the motor and driver to be compliant with the EMC directive. Refer to p.8 for the applicable standards.

Oriental Motor conducts EMC measurements on its motors and drivers in accordance with "Example of motor and driver installation and wiring" on p.25. The user is responsible for ensuring the machine's compliance with the EMC Directive, based on the installation and wiring explained below.

Connecting the noise filter

In large electrically noisy environments, connect a noise filter. Refer to "Noise filter" on p.23 for details.

• Connecting the main power supply

For the main power supply, use a DC power supply that conforms to the EMC Directive. Use a shielded cable for the wiring, and keep it as short as possible.

Refer to "Prevention of noise propagation" on p.23 for grounding the shielded cable.

Connecting the motor cable

Use our connection cable when extending the wiring distance between the motor and driver.

Connecting the signal cable

Refer to "Prevention of noise propagation" on p.23.

How to ground

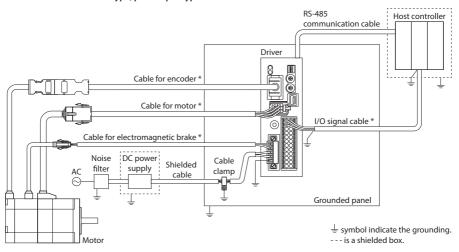
- The cable used to ground the motor, driver and noise filter must be as thick and short as possible so that no potential difference is generated.
- Choose a large, thick and uniformly conductive surface for the grounding point.
- Be sure to ground the Protective Earth Terminal of the motor and driver. Refer to p.16 for grounding method.

Example of motor and driver installation and wiring



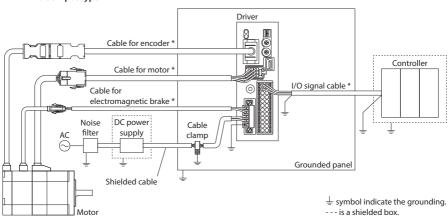
Note The driver uses parts that are sensitive to electrostatic charge. Take measures against static electricity since static electricity may cause the driver to malfunction or suffer damage.

Built-in controller type, pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface



* It is our cable.

Pulse input type



* It is our cable.

8 Explanation of I/O signals

8-1 Input signals

The following input signals of the driver are photocoupler inputs. The signal state represents the "ON: Carrying current" or "OFF: Not carrying current" state of the internal photocoupler rather than the voltage level of the signal.

■ CW [PLS] input, CCW [DIR] input

These signals are used when the motor is operated by inputting pulses.

These inputs serve as the CW and CCW inputs in the 2-pulse input mode, or PLS and DIR inputs in the 1-pulse input mode. Set the pulse input mode of the driver according to the pulse output mode of the controller (pulse generator) used with the driver. When inputting the pulse, check the PLS-RDY output is turned ON.



(memo)

When the motor is at standstill, be sure to keep the photocoupler in OFF state.

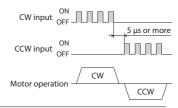
Maximum input pulse frequency

- When the controller is of line driver type: 1 MHz (duty cycle is 50 %)
- When the controller is of open-collector type: 250 kHz (duty cycle is 50 %)

• 2-pulse input mode

When the CW input is turned from OFF to ON, the motor will rotate by one step in CW direction.

When the CCW input is turned from OFF to ON, the motor will rotate by one step in CCW direction.

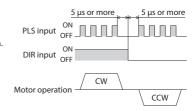


Note

Do not input the CW signal and CCW signal simultaneously. If the other signal is input while one of the signals is ON, the motor cannot operate normally.

1-pulse input mode

When the PLS input is turned from OFF to ON while the DIR input is ON, the motor will rotate by one step in CW direction. When the PLS input is turned from OFF to ON while the DIR input is OFF, the motor will rotate by one step in CCW direction.



■ START input

This signal is used to start positioning operation. It is not used when the motor is operated by inputting pulses. Select the operation data number and turn the START input ON to start positioning operation.

■ M0, M1, M2 input

Select a desired operation data number based on a combination of ON/OFF status of the M0 to M2 inputs.

M2	M1	MO
OFF	OFF	OFF
OFF	OFF	ON
OFF	ON	OFF
OFF	ON	ON
ON	OFF	OFF
ON	OFF	ON
ON	ON	OFF
ON	ON	ON
	OFF OFF ON ON	OFF OFF OFF ON OFF ON ON OFF ON OFF ON ON

■ ZHOME input

When the ZHOME input is turned ON, the motor will move to the home set by the HOME PRESET switch or **MEXEO2**. Since it does not require sensors, return-to-home is possible at high-speed.

■ FREE input

When the FREE input is turned ON, the motor current will be cut off. When an electromagnetic brake motor is used, the electromagnetic brake will be released. The motor output shaft can be rotated manually since the motor holding torque is lost.



Do not turn the FREE input ON when driving a vertical load. Since the motor loses its holding torque, the load may drop.

■ STOP input

When the STOP input is turned ON, the motor will stop. When resuming the operation, input the operation start signal or pulse to the driver after turning the STOP input OFF.



When the motor was stopped by the STOP input, be sure to turn the pulse input OFF. If the STOP input is turned OFF while inputting pulses, the motor may suddenly start rotating.



If the STOP input is turned ON while the motor is operated by inputting pulses, the driver is not allowed to receive the pulse input.

■ ALM-RST input

If the ALM-RST input is turned from OFF to ON while an alarm is generated, the alarm will be reset. (The alarm will be reset at the ON edge of the ALM-RST input.) Before resetting an alarm, be sure to remove the cause of the alarm to ensure safety. Note that some alarms cannot be reset with the ALM-RST input.



When the motor is operated by inputting pulses, turn the pulse input OFF before resetting the alarm.

■ FW-JOG input, RV-JOG input

These signals are used to start JOG operation.

The motor continuously operates in the forward direction when turning the FW-JOG input ON, and the motor continuously operates in the reverse direction when turning the RV-JOG input ON. If the signal having inputted is turned OFF, the motor will stop.

8-2 Output signals

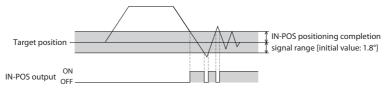
The driver outputs signals in the photocoupler/open-collector output mode or line driver output mode. The signal state represents the "ON: Carrying current" or "OFF: Not carrying current" state of the internal photocoupler rather than the voltage level of the signal.

■ HOME-END output

When the home is set or when high-speed return-to-home operation is complete, the HOME-END output turns ON.

■ IN-POS output

After completion of positioning operation, when the motor was converged in a position of the "IN-POS positioning completion signal range" parameter against the command position, the IN-POS output is turned ON.



■ PLS-RDY output

This signal is used when the motor is operated by inputting pulses.

When the driver is ready to execute operation by inputting pulses, the PLS-RDY output turns ON. Input the pulse to the driver after the PLS-RDY output was turned ON.

■ READY output

When the driver is ready to execute operation, the READY output turns ON. Input the operation start signal to the driver after the READY output was turned ON.

■ MOVE output

The MOVE output turns ON while the motor is operating.

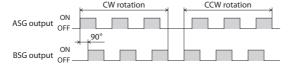
ALM-B output

When an alarm generates, the ALM-B output will turn OFF, and the motor will stop. At the same time, the POWER/ ALARM LED on the driver will blink in red. The ALM-B output is normally closed.

■ ASG output, BSG output

The ASG output is used to output pulses according to motor operation. The motor position can be monitored by counting the ASG output pulses. The number of output pulses per motor revolution varies depending on the resolution effective when turning the main power supply on.

The BSG output has a 90° phase difference with respect to the ASG output. The motor rotation direction can be determined by detecting the BSG output level at the rise of the ASG output.





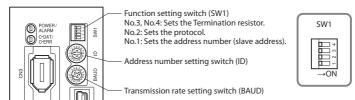
- The ASG output and BSG output are subject to a maximum delay of 0.1 ms with respect to motor
 operation. Use these outputs to check the position at which the motor is stopped.
- Connect a termination resistor of 100 Ω or more between the driver and the input of the line receiver.

9 Setting

This chapter explains how to set the motor and driver functions.

9-1 Setting of the built-in controller type and pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface

The figure shows the built-in controller type driver.



memo

Be sure to turn off the main power supply before setting the function setting switch (SW1). The new setting of the SW1 will become effective after main power supply is turned on again.

About resolution

The initial value of resolution of the driver is 1,000 P/R. The initial value of resolution may vary depending on the product connected. Check with the operating manual of the motor or motorized actuator used.

Address number (slave address)

Set the address number (slave address) using the address number setting switch (ID) and SW1-No.1 of the function setting switch. Make sure each address number (slave address) you set for each driver is unique.

Factory setting Built-in controller type; ID: 0, SW1-No.1: OFF
Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface; ID: 1, SW1-No.1: OFF

ID	SW1-No.1	Address number (slave address)	ID	SW1-No.1	Address number (slave address)
0		0 *	0		16
1		1	1		17
2		2	2		18
3		3	3		19
4		4	4		20
- 5		5	5		21
6		6	6		22
7	OFF	7	7	ON	23
8		8	8	ON	24
9		9	9		25
А		10	А		26
В		11	В		27
С		12	С		28
D		13	D		29
Е		14	Е		30
F		15	F		31

^{*} In the case of Modbus protocol, the address number (slave address) 0 is reserved for broadcasting, so do not use this address.

■ Protocol

Set the protocol of RS-485 communication using the SW1-No.2 of the function setting switch.

Factory setting Built-in controller type; OFF

Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface; ON

SW1-No.2	Protocol		
ON	Modbus RTU mode		
OFF	Connecting with network converter		

■ Transmission rate

Set the transmission rate using transmission rate setting switch (BAUD).

The transmission rate to be set should be the same as the transmission rate of the host controller.

Factory setting Built-in controller type; 7

Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface; 4

BAUD	Transmission rate (bps)
0	9,600
1	19,200
2	38,400
3	57,600
4	115,200
5	230,400
6	Not used.
7	Network converter
8 to F	Not used.

(memo)

Do not set BAUD to positions 6 and 8 to F.

■ Termination resistor

Set a termination resistor to the driver located farthest away (positioned at the end) from the host controller or network converter.

Turn the termination resistor setting switch (SW1-No.3 and No.4) ON to set the termination resistor for RS-485 communication (120 Ω).

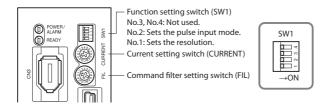
Factory setting OFF for both No.3 and No.4 (termination resistor disabled)

SW1-No.3, No.4	Termination resistor (120 Ω)		
Both are OFF	Disabled		
Both are ON	Enabled		



If only one of the two of No.3 and No.4 is turned ON, a communication error may occur.

9-2 Setting of the pulse input type



(memo)

Be sure to turn off the main power supply before setting the function setting switch (SW1). The new setting of the SW1 will become effective after main power supply is turned on again.

■ Resolution

Set a resolution per revolution of the motor output shaft using the SW1-No.1 of the function setting switch.

OFF: 1,000 P/R (factory setting)

ON: 10,000 P/R

■ Pulse input mode

Set a pulse input mode of the driver according to the pulse output mode of the controller (pulse generator) used with the driver. Set a desired mode using the SW1-No.2 of the function setting switch. The factory setting of the pulse input mode depends on the destination country.

OFF: 2-pulse input mode ON: 1-pulse input mode

■ Base current rate

Set the base current rate (%) for the operating current and standstill current using the current setting switch (CURRENT). If the load is small and there is an ample allowance for torque, motor temperature rise can be suppressed by setting a lower base current rate.

The actual operating current and standstill current are as follows.

- Operating current: Maximum output current × Base current rate
- Standstill current: Maximum output current \times Base current rate \times 0.5

The dial settings and corresponding base current rates are listed below.

Dial setting	Base current rate (%)
0	6.3
1	12.5
2	18.8
3	25.0
4	31.3
5	37.5
6	43.8
7	50.0

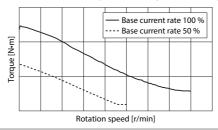
Dial setting	Base current rate (%)
8	56.3
9	62.5
А	68.8
В	75.0
С	81.3
D	87.5
Е	93.8
F	100 (factory setting)



Excessively low operating current or standstill current may cause a problem in starting the motor or holding the load in position. Set a suitable current for your application.



The motor torque is proportional to the current. If the CURRENT switch is set to "7" (50 %) while the operating torque is set to 100 % (maximum output current), only 50 % of the torque is output.



■ Command filter

The motor response to input pulses can be adjusted using the command filter setting switch (FIL).

When setting a higher value for the command filter, lower vibration at low speed operation or smoother operation at starting/stopping of the motor can be achieved. However, if this setting is too high, synchronization performance is decreased. Set a suitable value based on the load or application.

The dial settings and corresponding command filter time constant are listed below.

Dial setting	Command filter time constant (ms)
0	0
1	1 (factory setting)
2	2
3	3
4	5
5	7
6	10
7	20

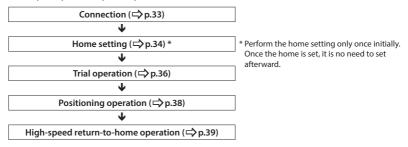
Dial setting	Command filter time constant (ms)
8	30
9	50
Α	70
В	100
C	120
D	150
Е	170
F	200

10 Guidance

If you are new to the AZ Series, read this section to understand the operating methods along with the operation flow.

■ How to read the guidance

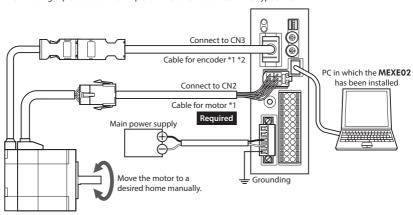
This chapter explains the operation procedure as follows.



10-1 Connection

Wire the driver by reference to the figure.

The following explanation is an example for when the built-in controller type driver.



- *1 This cable is provided as our product. Purchase it separately.
- *2 Use the cable for encoder when the length of the encoder cable of motor is not enough.

10-2 Home setting

The home has not set at the time of shipment. Before starting operation, be sure to set the home. Perform the home setting only once initially. Once the home is set, the driver keeps the home information even if the main power supply is shut down.

There are the following two methods for how to set the home. Set the home using either of the methods.

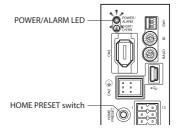
- Set the home using the HOME PRESET switch.
- Set the home using the MEXEO2.



- The home is written to the non-volatile memory. The non-volatile memory can be rewritten
 approximately 100,000 times.
- The home for motorized actuators has been set at the time of shipment. Set the home only when
 you want to change it.

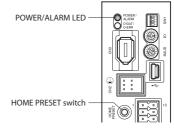
■ Set the home using the HOME PRESET switch

- 1. Move the motor output shaft to a desired home manually.
- 2. Turn on the main power supply.
- Check the main power supply was turned ON, keep pressing the HOME PRESET switch for one second. Red color and green color on the POWER/ALARM LED blinks simultaneously. (Red and green colors may overlap and it may be visible to orange.)



 Release a hand off within three seconds after the POWER/ ALARM LED started blinking, and press the HOME PRESET switch again within three seconds after releasing the hand off.

After both red color and green color on the POWER/ALARM LED are lit, only green color continues to be lit.



5. The home is set.



About an operation of the procedure 4, be sure to release a hand off after the POWER/ALARM LED started blinking, and perform within three seconds. If three seconds were passed, the POWER/ALARM LED will return to the state being lit in green. In this case, perform from the procedure 3 again.

■ Set the home using the MEXE02

- 1. Turn on the main power supply.
- 2. Start a PC, and continuously start the MEXEO2.
- Click the [Teaching, remote operation] icon in the toolbar or click the [Teaching, remote operation] short-cut button.

The teaching, remote operation window appears.







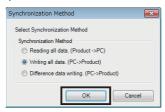
0

Teaching, remote operation

4. Click "Start the teaching remote operation."
The pop-up window (Warning) appears, and click [Yes].



Since the window which uses to synchronize the MEXEO2 data and the driver data appears, select the synchronization method and click [OK].



Teaching, remote operation is enabled, and red color and green color on the POWER/ALARM LED blink simultaneously. (Red and green colors may overlap and it may be visible to orange.)

6. Adjust the motor position using the JOG operation switches.



Description of JOG operation switches

Switch	Description
*	Performs continuous operation in the negative direction at the operating speed set in the "(JOG) Operating speed (high)" parameter.
	Performs continuous operation in the negative direction at the operating speed set in the "(JOG) Operating speed" parameter.
-	Performs positioning operation in the negative direction for the travel amount set in the "minimum travel amount" of the JOG operation switches.
	Stops the operation immediately.
+	Performs positioning operation in the positive direction for the travel amount set in the "minimum travel amount" of the JOG operation switches.
	Performs continuous operation in the positive direction at the operating speed set in the "(JOG) Operating speed" parameter.
*	Performs continuous operation in the positive direction at the operating speed set in the "(JOG) Operating speed (high)" parameter.

When adjusting the motor position manually, click [FREE: ON] first, and click [Yes] on the pop-up window (Warning).

The holding power of the motor output shaft is lost, and the output shaft can be turned by hand. After adjustment, click [FREE: OFF], and put the motor into an excitation state.



8. After setting the motor home, click [Position Preset], and click [Yes] on the pop-up window (Warning). The home is set and written to the driver.



10-3 Trial operation

This section explains an example to perform trial operation using the MEXEO2.

Note Before operating the motor, check the condition of the surrounding area to ensure safety.

 Click the [Teaching, remote operation] icon in the toolbar or click the [Teaching, remote operation] short-cut button.

The teaching, remote operation window appears.



2. Click "Start the teaching remote operation."
The pop-up window (Warning) appears, and click [Yes].



Teaching, remote operation is enabled, and red color and green color on the POWER/ALARM LED blink simultaneously. (Red and green colors may overlap and it may be visible to orange.)

3. Click the JOG operation switches to perform test operation of the motor.



Description of JOG operation switches

Switch	Description
*	Performs continuous operation in the negative direction at the operating speed set in the "(JOG) Operating speed (high)" parameter.
	Performs continuous operation in the negative direction at the operating speed set in the "(JOG) Operating speed" parameter.
	Performs positioning operation in the negative direction for the travel amount set in the "minimum travel amount" of the JOG operation switches.
	Stops the operation immediately.
+	Performs positioning operation in the positive direction for the travel amount set in the "minimum travel amount" of the JOG operation switches.
	Performs continuous operation in the positive direction at the operating speed set in the "(JOG) Operating speed" parameter.
*	Performs continuous operation in the positive direction at the operating speed set in the "(JOG) Operating speed (high)" parameter.

If the motor does not operate even when clicking the JOG operation switches, check the following points.

- · Are the main power supply, motor, and MEXE02 connected properly?
- · Is an alarm present?

• When changing the operating condition of JOG operation

 Click on "Motor & Mechanism (Coordinates/JOG/Home Operation)" under "Parameter," in the left side of the screen. The "Motor & mechanism" parameter window appears.



- 2. Set the "JOG/HOME/ZHOME operation setting" parameter to "Manual setting."
- 3. The operating condition can be changed using following five parameters.



4. After changing the operating condition, click the [Writing data] icon in the toolbar to download to the driver.



10-4 Positioning operation

This section explains an example to perform positioning operation using the **MEXEO2**. When using the pulse input type, set operation data to the host controller to perform operation.



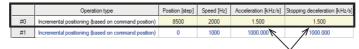
Before operating the motor, check the condition of the surrounding area to ensure safety.

STEP 1 Set the operation data using the MEXE02

Using the MEXEO2, set the operation data of No.0 as follows.



Operation data setting screen



Input in increments of 0.001 kHz/s.

STEP 2 Operate the motor

 Click the [Teaching, remote operation] icon in the toolbar or click the [Teaching, remote operation] short-cut button.

The teaching, remote operation window appears.



or

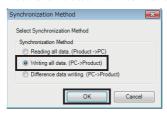


2. Click "Start the teaching remote operation."
The pop-up window (Warning) appears, and click [Yes].



Teaching, remote operation is enabled, and red color and green color on the POWER/ALARM LED blink simultaneously. (Red and green colors may overlap and it may be visible to orange.)

Write the edited data to the driver. Click "Writing all data. (PC -> Product)," and click [OK]. The contents of the data No.0 will be written to the driver.



4. Click [Start positioning operation].
The pop-up window (Warning) appears, and click [Yes].



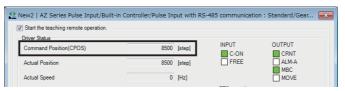
The motor performs positioning operation.

10-5 High-speed return-to-home operation

Using high-speed return-to-home operation (ZHOME) can return the motor position to the home easily.

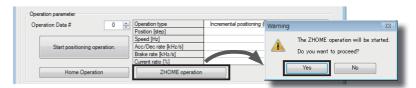
STEP 1 Check the present position

Check the "Command position" in the teaching, remote operation window.

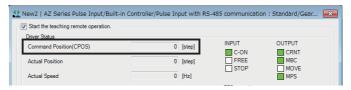


STEP 2 Execute high-speed return-to-home operation

Click [ZHOME operation.]
 The pop-up window (Warning) appears, and click [Yes].
 The motor will start high-speed return-to-home operation.



2. After the motor returns to the home, check that the "Command position" is 0.



- When changing the operating condition of high-speed return-to-home operation
 - Click on "Motor & Mechanism(Coordinates/JOG/Home Operation)" under "Parameter," in the left side of the screen. The "Motor & mechanism" parameter window appears.



- 2. Set the "JOG/HOME/ZHOME operation setting" parameter to "Manual setting."
- 3. The operating condition can be changed using following three parameters.



4. After changing the operating condition, click the [Writing data] icon in the toolbar to download to the driver.



STEP 3 End the teaching, remote operation

To end the teaching, remote operation, unselect "Start the teaching remote operation."



10-6 Timing chart

This section shows ON/OFF timings for input signals and output signals. For details, check with the **AZ** Series OPERATING MANUAL Function Edition.

■ Positioning operation

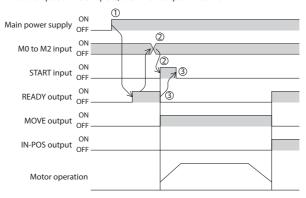
Built-in controller type

Positioning operation can be performed with selecting the operation data.

- Turn on the main power supply. The READY output turns ON.
- 2. Check the READY output is turned ON and turn the START input ON by selecting the operation data number with the M0 to M2 inputs.

The motor will start positioning operation.

3. Check the READY output has been turned OFF and turn the START input OFF. When the operation is complete, the READY output will turn ON.



Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface, pulse input type

Positioning operation is performed by inputting pulses.

- Turn on the main power supply.
 The READY output and PLS-RDY output turn ON.
- Check the PLS-RDY output has been turned ON and input pulses.
 The motor will start positioning operation.
 When the pulse is stopped inputting and the operation is complete, the READY output will turn ON.

(1) ON Main power supply OFF (2) ON Pulse input OFF ON **READY output** OFF 2 ON PLS-RDY output ON MOVE output OFF ON IN-POS output OFF Motor operation

• When using in the 1-pulse input mode.

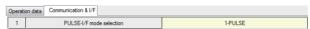
Perform the following settings beforehand when using in the 1-pulse input mode.

Pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface;

 Click on "Communication I/F function" under "Parameter," in the left side of the screen. The "Communication I/F function" parameter window appears.



2. Set the "PULSE-I/F mode selection" parameter to "1-PULSE."



3. After changing the operating condition, click the [Writing data] icon in the toolbar to download to the driver.



Turn on the main power supply of the driver again.
 The changed parameter is applied.

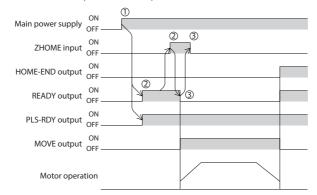
Pulse input type;

- 1. Set the SW1-No.2 to ON.
- 2. Turn on the main power supply of the driver again. The changed setting is enabled.

■ High-speed return-to-home operation (ZHOME operation)

High-speed return-to-home operation is used to return to the home that is set by the **MEXEO2** or HOME PRESET switch.

- Turn on the main power supply.
 The READY output and PLS-RDY output turn ON.
- Check the READY output has been turned ON and turn the ZHOME input ON. The READY output will turn OFF, and the motor will start high-speed return-to-home operation.
- Check the READY output has been turned OFF and turn the ZHOME input OFF. When the home is detected, the operation will be stopped. The HOME-END output and READY output will turn ON.



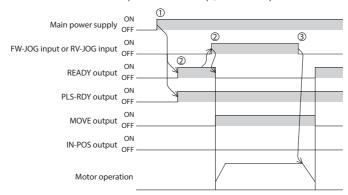
■ JOG operation

Constant speed operation can be performed with JOG operation. The motor operates continuously while the FW-JOG input or RV-JOG input is being ON.

- Turn on the main power supply.
 The READY output and PLS-RDY output turn ON.
- Check the READY output has been turned ON and turn the FW-JOG input or RV-JOG input ON. The motor will start operation.

When the FW-JOG input is turned ON, the motor rotates in the forward direction, and when the RV-JOG input is turned ON, the motor rotates in the reverse direction.

Turn the input signal OFF.The motor will decelerate to a stop. When the motor stops, the READY output will turn ON.



11 Inspection and maintenance

11-1 Inspection

It is recommended that periodic inspections be conducted for the items listed below after each operation of the motor. If an abnormal condition is noted, discontinue any use and contact your nearest Oriental Motor sales office.

■ Inspection item

- Check if the openings in the driver are clogged.
- Check if the mounting place of the driver is loose.
- Check if any of the connection parts of the driver is loose.
- Check if dust and others attach on the driver.
- · Check if the driver has unusual smells or appearance defects.



The driver uses semiconductor components. Static electricity may damage the semiconductor components of the driver, so be extremely careful when handling them.

11-2 Warranty

Check on the Oriental Motor Website or General Catalog for the product warranty.

11-3 Disposal

Dispose the product correctly in accordance with laws and regulations, or instructions of local governments.

12 Alarm (protective function)

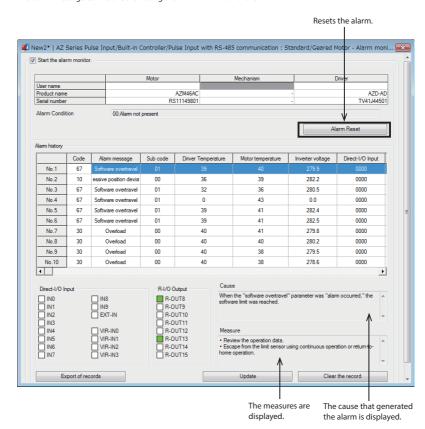
When an alarm generates, the ALM-B output will turn OFF and POWER/ALARM LED will blink in red. Before resetting an alarm, always remove the cause of the alarm and ensure safety. If the motor cannot be operated properly after resetting the alarm, the driver may have been damaged. For details about alarms, refer to the AZ Series OPERATING MANUAL Function Edition.

■ Reset alarm

- Turn on the main power supply of the driver again.
- Click [Alarm Reset] on the MEXE02.

■ Example of the alarm monitor screen of the MEXE02

The alarm message can be checked using the "Alarm monitor" of the **MEXEO2**.



13 Troubleshooting

During motor operation, the motor or driver may fail to function properly due to an improper setting or wiring. When the motor cannot be operated correctly, refer to the contents provided in this section and take appropriate action. If the problem persists, contact your nearest Oriental Motor sales office.

This chapter describes problems that may occur in operation other than the initial settings.

Refer to the OPERATING MANUAL AZ Series Function Edition for these contents.

Phenomenon	Possible cause	Remedial action
The motor is not excited. The motor output shaft can	Connection error in the motor cable.	Check the connections between the driver and motor.
be moved by hand.	The FREE input is being ON.	Turn the FREE input OFF.
The motor has a holding torque even if it is put into a non-excitation state.	Effect of dynamic brake.	If the motor is put into a non-excitation state using the C-ON input or the STOP-COFF input, the motor windings is brought into a state of being short-circuited inside the driver, generating a larger holding torque than when no current is supplied (dynamic brake). To release the dynamic brake, shut off the main power supply or turn the FREE input ON.
	An electromagnetic brake motor is used and the electromagnetic brake is in the holding state.	Check the connections between electromagnetic brake and driver.
	The STOP input is being ON.	Turn the STOP input OFF.
The motor does not operate.	The position (distance) is not set in the operation data while positioning operation.	Check the operation data.
	The FW-JOG input and RV-JOG input are turned ON simultaneously in the JOG operation.	After turning both the FW-JOG input and RV-JOG input OFF, turn either one of them ON.
The motor does not rotate although the READY LED is lit. (only for pulse-input type)	Signals are not connected properly. Multiple signals have been input simultaneously.	Wire signals correctly. Check if the signal line is disconnected. Check if the wrong signal is input.
The motor rotates in the direction opposite to the specified direction.	The "Motor rotation direction" parameter is set wrong.	Check the setting of the "Motor rotation direction" parameter.
The gear output shaft rotates in the direction opposite to the motor.	A gear that rotates in the direction opposite to the motor output shaft is used.	With TS geared type, the gear output shaft rotates in the direction opposite to the motor when the gear ratio is 20 or 30. With Harmonic geared type, the gear output shaft
	Connection error in the motor or power supply.	always rotates in the direction opposite to the motor. Check the connections between the driver, motor and main power supply.
Motor operation is unstable.	The base current rate setting is too low.	Built-in controller type or the pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface; Check the setting of the "Base current" parameter. If the current is too low, the motor torque will also be too low and operation will be unstable.
		Pulse input type; Check the setting of the CURRENT switch. If the current is too low, the motor torque will also be too low and operation will be unstable.

Phenomenon	Possible cause	Remedial action
Motor vibration is too great.	Load is too small.	Built-in controller type, pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface; Lower the current using the "Base current" parameter. Vibration will increase if the motor's output torque is too large for the load. Pulse input type; Lower the current using the CURRENT switch. Vibration will increase if the motor's output torque is too large for the load.
The electromagnetic brake does not release.	The main power supply is not supplied to the electromagnetic brake.	Check the connection of the electromagnetic brake.



- (memo) Check the alarm message using the MEXE02 when the alarm generates.
 - I/O signals can be monitored using the **MEXEO2**. Use to check the wiring condition of the I/O

14 To use the product in more convenient manners

Using the **MEXEO2**, you can set the operation data or change I/O signals that assign to the CN4 connector. Also, you can monitor the operating status or perform test operation.

Refer to the AZ Series OPERATING MANUAL Function Edition for details about operation.

Like to set the resolution based on the function

Like to change the I/O assignment

Like to utilize the sequence function

Like to utilize convenient functions for maintenance

Like to check operation by the waveform monitor

Like to change the alarm conditions

Like to perform push-motion operation

Like to operate via industrial network *

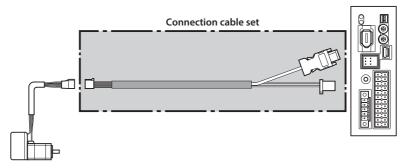
^{*} Excluding the pulse input type.

15 Cables

15-1 Connection cables

■ Connection cable sets/Flexible connection cable sets (for AZM14, AZM15, AZM24, AZM26)

This is a cable needed when a motor and driver are connected.



memo) When installing the motor on a moving part, use a flexible cable having excellent flex resistance.

• Connection cable sets

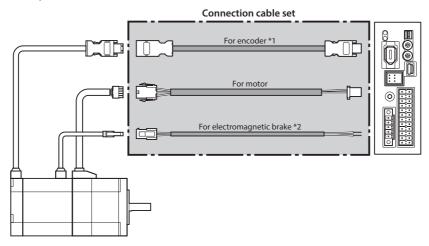
Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC005VZ2F2	0.5 (1.6)
CC010VZ2F2	1 (3.3)
CC015VZ2F2	1.5 (4.9)
CC020VZ2F2	2 (6.6)
CC025VZ2F2	2.5 (8.2)
CC030VZ2F2	3 (9.8)
CC040VZ2F2	4 (13.1)
CC050VZ2F2	5 (16.4)
CC070VZ2F2	7 (23.0)
CC100VZ2F2	10 (32.8)
CC150VZ2F2	15 (49.2)
CC200VZ2F2	20 (65.6)

• Flexible connection cable sets

Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC005VZ2R2	0.5 (1.6)
CC010VZ2R2	1 (3.3)
CC015VZ2R2	1.5 (4.9)
CC020VZ2R2	2 (6.6)
CC025VZ2R2	2.5 (8.2)
CC030VZ2R2	3 (9.8)
CC040VZ2R2	4 (13.1)
CC050VZ2R2	5 (16.4)
CC070VZ2R2	7 (23.0)
CC100VZ2R2	10 (32.8)
CC150VZ2R2	15 (49.2)
CC200VZ2R2	20 (65.6)

Connection cable sets/Flexible connection cable sets (for AZM46, AZM48, AZM66, AZM69)

This is a cable set needed when a motor and driver are connected. It is a set of two cables for the motor and encoder. For the cable set of electromagnetic brake motors, a set of three cables for the motor, encoder and electromagnetic brake is provided.



- *1 Use the cable for encoder when the length of the encoder cable of motor is not enough.
- *2 Only when the motor is of electromagnetic brake type.

When installing the motor on a moving part, use a flexible cable having excellent flex resistance.

Connection cable sets

For motor/encoder

Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC005VZF2	0.5 (1.6)
CC010VZF2	1 (3.3)
CC015VZF2	1.5 (4.9)
CC020VZF2	2 (6.6)
CC025VZF2	2.5 (8.2)
CC030VZF2	3 (9.8)
CC040VZF2	4 (13.1)
CC050VZF2	5 (16.4)
CC070VZF2	7 (23.0)
CC100VZF2	10 (32.8)
CC150VZF2	15 (49.2)
CC200VZF2	20 (65.6)

For motor/encoder/electromagnetic brake

Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC005VZFB2	0.5 (1.6)
CC010VZFB2	1 (3.3)
CC015VZFB2	1.5 (4.9)
CC020VZFB2	2 (6.6)
CC025VZFB2	2.5 (8.2)
CC030VZFB2	3 (9.8)
CC040VZFB2	4 (13.1)
CC050VZFB2	5 (16.4)
CC070VZFB2	7 (23.0)
CC100VZFB2	10 (32.8)
CC150VZFB2	15 (49.2)
CC200VZFB2	20 (65.6)

• Flexible connection cable sets

For motor/encoder

Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC050VZR2	0.5 (1.6)
CC010VZR2	1 (3.3)
CC015VZR2	1.5 (4.9)
CC020VZR2	2 (6.6)
CC025VZR2	2.5 (8.2)
CC030VZR2	3 (9.8)
CC040VZR2	4 (13.1)
CC050VZR2	5 (16.4)
CC070VZR2	7 (23.0)
CC100VZR2	10 (32.8)
CC150VZR2	15 (49.2)
CC200VZR2	20 (65.6)

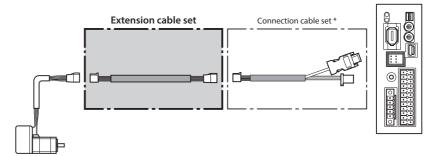
For motor/encoder/electromagnetic brake

Model Length [m (ft.)] CC050VZRB2 0.5 (1.6) CC010VZRB2 1 (3.3) CC015VZRB2 1.5 (4.9) CC020VZRB2 2 (6.6) CC025VZRB2 2.5 (8.2) CC030VZRB2 3 (9.8) CC040VZRB2 4 (13.1) CC050VZRB2 5 (16.4) CC070VZRB2 7 (23.0) CC100VZRB2 10 (32.8) CC150VZRB2 15 (49.2) CC200VZRB2 20 (65.6)		
CC010VZRB2 1 (3.3) CC015VZRB2 1.5 (4.9) CC020VZRB2 2 (6.6) CC025VZRB2 2.5 (8.2) CC030VZRB2 3 (9.8) CC040VZRB2 4 (13.1) CC050VZRB2 5 (16.4) CC070VZRB2 7 (23.0) CC100VZRB2 10 (32.8) CC150VZRB2 15 (49.2)	Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC015VZRB2 1.5 (4.9) CC020VZRB2 2 (6.6) CC025VZRB2 2.5 (8.2) CC030VZRB2 3 (9.8) CC040VZRB2 4 (13.1) CC050VZRB2 5 (16.4) CC070VZRB2 7 (23.0) CC100VZRB2 10 (32.8) CC150VZRB2 15 (49.2)	CC050VZRB2	0.5 (1.6)
CC020VZRB2 2 (6.6) CC025VZRB2 2.5 (8.2) CC030VZRB2 3 (9.8) CC040VZRB2 4 (13.1) CC050VZRB2 5 (16.4) CC070VZRB2 7 (23.0) CC100VZRB2 10 (32.8) CC150VZRB2 15 (49.2)	CC010VZRB2	1 (3.3)
CC025VZRB2 2.5 (8.2) CC030VZRB2 3 (9.8) CC040VZRB2 4 (13.1) CC050VZRB2 5 (16.4) CC070VZRB2 7 (23.0) CC100VZRB2 10 (32.8) CC150VZRB2 15 (49.2)	CC015VZRB2	1.5 (4.9)
CC030VZRB2 3 (9.8) CC040VZRB2 4 (13.1) CC050VZRB2 5 (16.4) CC070VZRB2 7 (23.0) CC100VZRB2 10 (32.8) CC150VZRB2 15 (49.2)	CC020VZRB2	2 (6.6)
CC040VZRB2 4 (13.1) CC050VZRB2 5 (16.4) CC070VZRB2 7 (23.0) CC100VZRB2 10 (32.8) CC150VZRB2 15 (49.2)	CC025VZRB2	2.5 (8.2)
CC050VZRB2 5 (16.4) CC070VZRB2 7 (23.0) CC100VZRB2 10 (32.8) CC150VZRB2 15 (49.2)	CC030VZRB2	3 (9.8)
CC070VZRB2 7 (23.0) CC100VZRB2 10 (32.8) CC150VZRB2 15 (49.2)	CC040VZRB2	4 (13.1)
CC100VZRB2 10 (32.8) CC150VZRB2 15 (49.2)	CC050VZRB2	5 (16.4)
CC150VZRB2 15 (49.2)	CC070VZRB2	7 (23.0)
	CC100VZRB2	10 (32.8)
CC200VZRB2 20 (65.6)	CC150VZRB2	15 (49.2)
	CC200VZRB2	20 (65.6)

■ Extension cable sets/Flexible extension cable sets (for AZM14, AZM15, AZM24, AZM26)

This is a cable needed when a motor and driver are relayed.

Use when extending the distance a motor and a driver or when the length of the connection cable used is not enough.



* Use the connection cable set used.



- When installing the motor on a moving part, use a flexible cable having excellent flex resistance.
- When extending the wiring length by connecting an extension cable to the connection cable, keep the total cable length to 20 m (65.6 ft.) or less.

Extension cable sets

Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC010VZ2FT	1 (3.3)
CC020VZ2FT	2 (6.6)
CC030VZ2FT	3 (9.8)
CC050VZ2FT	5 (16.4)
CC070VZ2FT	7 (23.0)
CC100VZ2FT	10 (32.8)
CC150VZ2FT	15 (49.2)

• Flexible extension cable sets

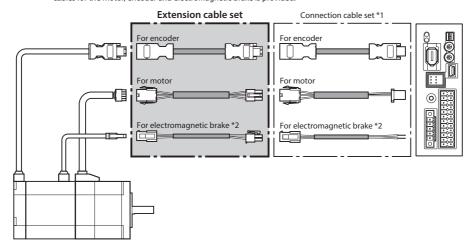
Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC010VZ2RT	1 (3.3)
CC020VZ2RT	2 (6.6)
CC030VZ2RT	3 (9.8)
CC050VZ2RT	5 (16.4)
CC070VZ2RT	7 (23.0)
CC100VZ2RT	10 (32.8)
CC150VZ2RT	15 (49.2)

Extension cable sets/Flexible extension cable sets (for AZM46, AZM48, AZM66, AZM69)

This is a cable set needed when a motor and driver are relayed.

Use when extending the distance a motor and a driver or when the length of the connection cable used is not enough.

It is a set of two cables for the motor and encoder. For the cable set of electromagnetic brake motors, a set of three cables for the motor, encoder and electromagnetic brake is provided.



- *1 Use the connection cable set used.
- *2 Only when the motor is of electromagnetic brake type.



When installing the motor on a moving part, use a flexible cable having excellent flex resistance.
 When extending the wiring length by connecting an extension cable to the connection cable, keep the total cable length to 20 m (65.6 ft.) or less.

Extension cable sets

For motor/encoder

Model	Length [m (ft.)]
CC010VZFT	1 (3.3)
CC020VZFT	2 (6.6)
CC030VZFT	3 (9.8)
CC050VZFT	5 (16.4)
CC070VZFT	7 (23.0)
CC100VZFT	10 (32.8)
CC150VZFT	15 (49.2)

For motor/encoder/electromagnetic brake

Model	Length [m (ft.)]	
CC010VZFBT	1 (3.3)	
CC020VZFBT	2 (6.6)	
CC030VZFBT	3 (9.8)	
CC050VZFBT	5 (16.4)	
CC070VZFBT	7 (23.0)	
CC100VZFBT	10 (32.8)	
CC150VZFBT	15 (49.2)	

• Flexible extension cable sets

For motor/encoder

Model	Length [m (ft.)]	
CC010VZRT	1 (3.3)	
CC020VZRT	2 (6.6)	
CC030VZRT	3 (9.8)	
CC050VZRT	5 (16.4)	
CC070VZRT	7 (23.0)	
CC100VZRT	10 (32.8)	
CC150VZRT	15 (49.2)	

For motor/encoder/electromagnetic brake

Model	Length [m (ft.)]	
CC010VZRBT	1 (3.3)	
CC020VZRBT	2 (6.6)	
CC030VZRBT	3 (9.8)	
CC050VZRBT	5 (16.4)	
CC070VZRBT	7 (23.0)	
CC100VZRBT	10 (32.8)	
CC150VZRBT	15 (49.2)	

15-2 I/O signal cables

■ Connector assembly types

This cable is a shielded cable for good noise immunity in order to connect the I/O signals of the controller to the driver. The ground wires useful to grounding are provided at both ends of the cable. A connector is assembled at the driver side.

Model	Length [m (ft.)]	Number of poles
CC24D005C-1	0.5 (1.6)	
CC24D010C-1	1 (3.3)	24
CC24D020C-1	2 (6.6)	

15-3 RS-485 communication cable

This cable is necessary when connecting two or more drivers of the built-in controller type or the pulse input type with RS-485 communication interface.

It can connect between drivers by connecting to the CN6 and CN7 connectors. Also, it can be used when connecting the driver and the network converter.

Model: CC001-RS4 [0.1 m (0.3 ft.)]

16 Accessories

16-1 Pulse signal converter for noise immunity

This product converts a pulse signal, which is output from the open collector output, to a pulse signal for good noise immunity by outputting the pulse signal again from the differential output.

Model: VCS06

16-2 Relay contact protection parts/circuits

■ CR circuit for surge suppression

This product is effective to suppress the serge which occurs in a relay contact part. Use it to protect the contacts of the relay or switch.

Model: EPCR1201-2

■ CR circuit module

This product is effective to suppress the surge which occurs in a relay contact part. Use this product to protect the contacts of the relay or switch.

Four pieces of CR circuit for surge suppression are mounted on the compact circuit, and this product can be installed to the DIN rail. This product can make the wiring easily and securely since it also supports terminal block connection.

Model: VCS02

- Unauthorized reproduction or copying of all or part of this Operating Manual is prohibited.
 If a new copy is required to replace an original manual that has been damaged or lost, please contact your nearest Oriental Motor sales office.
- Oriental Motor shall not be liable whatsoever for any problems relating to industrial property rights arising from use of any
 information, circuit, equipment or device provided or referenced in this manual.
- Characteristics, specifications and dimensions are subject to change without notice.
- While we make every effort to offer accurate information in the manual, we welcome your input. Should you find unclear
 descriptions, errors or omissions, please contact your nearest Oriental Motor sales office.
- **Oriental motor**, **QSTEP**, **GREO** and ABZO sensor are registered trademarks or trademarks of Oriental Motor Co., Ltd., in Japan and other countries.

Modbus is a registered trademark of the Schneider Automation Inc.

Other product names and company names mentioned in this manual may be registered trademarks or trademarks of their respective companies and are hereby acknowledged. The third-party products mentioned in this manual are recommended products, and references to their names shall not be construed as any form of performance guarantee. Oriental Motor is not liable whatsoever for the performance of these third-party products.

© Copyright ORIENTAL MOTOR CO., LTD. 2016

Published in November 2020

 $\bullet \ {\sf Please} \ {\sf contact} \ {\sf your} \ {\sf nearest} \ {\sf Oriental} \ {\sf Motor} \ {\sf office} \ {\sf for} \ {\sf further} \ {\sf information}.$

ORIENTAL MOTOR U.S.A. CORP. Technical Support Tel:800-468-3982 8:30am EST to 5:00pm PST (M-F)

ORIENTAL MOTOR (EUROPA) GmbH Schiessstraße 44, 40549 Düsseldorf, Germany Technical Support Tel:00 800/22 55 66 22 www.orientalmotor.de

ORIENTAL MOTOR (UK) LTD. Tel:+44-1256347090 www.oriental-motor.co.uk

ORIENTAL MOTOR (FRANCE) SARL Tel:+33-1 47 86 97 50 www.orientalmotor.fr

ORIENTAL MOTOR ITALIA s.r.l. Tel:+39-02-93906347 www.orientalmotor.it ORIENTAL MOTOR ASIA PACIFIC PTE. LTD. Singapore Tel:1800-842-0280 www.orientalmotor.com.sq

ORIENTAL MOTOR (MALAYSIA) SDN. BHD. Tel:1800-806-161 www.orientalmotor.com.my

ORIENTAL MOTOR (THAILAND) CO., LTD. Tel:1800-888-881 www.orientalmotor.co.th

ORIENTAL MOTOR (INDIA) PVT. LTD. Tel:1800-120-1995 (For English) 1800-121-4149 (For Hindi) www.orientalmotor.co.in

TAIWAN ORIENTAL MOTOR CO., LTD. Tel:0800-060708 www.orientalmotor.com.tw

SHANGHAI ORIENTAL MOTOR CO., LTD. Tel:400-820-6516 www.orientalmotor.com.cn

INA ORIENTAL MOTOR CO., LTD. Korea Tel:080-777-2042 www.inaom.co.kr

ORIENTAL MOTOR CO., LTD. 4-8-1 Higashiueno, Taito-ku, Tokyo 110-8536 Japan Tel:+81-3-6744-0361 www.orientalmotor.co.jp